#### City of Wichita, Kansas

Incorporated 1870
City of 1st Class 1886
Council-Manager Form of
Government Adopted 1917

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003



#### **CITY COUNCIL**

Carlos Mayans, Mayor
Carl Brewer, Vice Mayor (I)
Sue Schlapp, Council Member (II)
Phil Lambke, Council Member (III)
Paul Gray, Council Member (IV)
Bob Martz, Council Member (V)
Sharon Fearey, Council Member (VI)

# Acting City Manager Cathy Holdeman

#### **Department of Finance**

Kelly Carpenter, Acting Director of Finance Tom Smith, Acting Assistant Director of Finance

> Prepared by Controller's Office Department of Finance

#### Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended December 31, 2003

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## — INTRODUCTORY SECTION —



Department of Finance Controller's Office City Hall – Twelfth Floor 455 North Main Wichita, Kansas 67202

April 23, 2003

The Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Wichita, Kansas

Dear Mayor, Council and Manager:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Wichita for the year ended December 31, 2003, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City and its component units. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Kansas Statutes require an annual audit of all funds of the City by independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 are free of material misstatement. The firm of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik L.C. has included their opinions in the report. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principals (GAAP).

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State Statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures from

federal awards, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the single audit section of this report. The audit for the year ended December 31, 2003, disclosed no reportable conditions, material weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

Generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Wichita is the largest city in Kansas, population 346,505, and is the county seat of Sedgwick County. The City is located in south central Kansas, 161 miles southeast of the nation's geographic center and 124 miles from the North American geodetic center. The City's incorporated area is 152 square miles.

In 1917, the City became one of the first municipalities in the United States to adopt the Commission-Manager (also known as the Council-Manager) form of government. In 1987, the form of government was modified to a Council-Manager form with City Council members nominated by district and elected at large. One member of the Council was appointed annually to serve as Mayor. In 1989, the form of government was again modified to a Mayor-Council-Manager form with a Mayor elected at large and other City Council members elected by district. The City Council was expanded from five to seven members, including the Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible to them for the management of all City employees and administration of all City affairs.

The City of Wichita and its component units provide a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, parks and recreation programs, libraries, art museum, public housing, public health and social services, infrastructure improvements, bus transportation, airports, water and sewer utilities, planning and zoning, cemetery maintenance, internal support services, and general administration.

The budget process is a marketplace where past practices, present needs and future strategic objectives from all departments are brought together. The City of Wichita actually produces three operating budgets: 1) revising of the current year budget; 2) proposing and adopting a budget for the next year, which will become the Adopted Budget upon Council approval; and 3) projecting a budget for the year following, which becomes the basis for the proposed budget next year. Each year the departments are required to submit requests for appropriation by April to the Budget Office in the Department of Finance.

The Finance staff reviews the requests and prepares a budget analysis and recommendations to the City Manager. Department directors present their requests directly to the City Manager and respond to recommendations of the Finance Department. The City Manager reviews the budget requests and recommendations to develop a proposed budget, presenting a recommended budget to the City Council for review in July. In past years including fiscal year 2003, the department requests and recommendations of the Finance staff were presented to a budget review committee consisting of senior staff selected by the City Manager. The budget review committee made recommendations to the City Manager prior to developing the proposed budget and making recommendations to the City Council.

Beginning in 2004 and the development of the 2005 budget, department directors are presenting an overview to the City Council so the City Council may be better informed in its direction to the City Manager and Finance staff concerning priorities and desired objectives of the budget. The City Manager reviews the budget requests and recommendations to develop a proposed budget, presenting a recommended budget to the City Council for review in July. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than August 25.

The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated

amount) is established at an individual fund level, but is monitored by function and activity within an individual fund. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, however, lawful encumbrances are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. As demonstrated by statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, the comparison is presented on page A-23 as part of the basic financial statements, as well as a more detailed presentation beginning on page B-16. For governmental funds, other than the general fund with appropriated annual budgets, the comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report which starts on B-1.

#### ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND FORECAST<sup>1</sup>

Wichita did not enter the latest recession as soon as the national economy, and it will not see recovery as fast as the national economy either. The unemployment rate rose in 2003 to 7.1 percent, above 6.3 percent in 2002. The Wichita State University Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) projects additional job losses in 2004 and sustainable economic recovery in the Wichita area beginning in late 2004 or early 2005. The recovery is likely to be long and slow. Locally, signs of recovery are visible in robust levels of housing sales, rising consumer expectations and new employers entering the market.

The Grubb & Ellis/WSU Index of Consumer Expectations has improved significantly since bottoming out in February 2003. Consumers are generally positive about their own personal finances, but continue to worry about overall economic conditions. The major concerns are expectations of rising prices, rising interest rates and continued employment. Consumer expectations are not projected to demonstrate a sustained positive trend until the Wichita economy begins creating jobs in significant numbers.

Though the economy appears to be gaining momentum, that is not translating into hiring. Across industries, the double impact of moving production overseas and sustained productivity increases has held down hiring. Despite signs of economic recovery, job losses in Wichita persist.

The continued weakness in the labor market is the major drag on Wichita's economic growth. It has been 20 years since Wichita has experienced two consecutive years of net job losses. During 1982 and 1983 Wichita lost nearly 17,000 jobs. Job losses in the 24 months ending December 31, 2003 total 15,400. The additional job losses expected in 2004 make this Wichita's longest labor market downturn in 30 years.

#### Manufacturing

Manufacturing accounted for 20.7 percent of all jobs in the Wichita MSA in 2003, compared with 23.9 percent of all jobs in 2002. Payroll earnings for the industry totaled \$3.153 billion in 2003 with an average earnings per job of \$49,228. The sharp decrease in orders for new airplanes, as a result of both a slowing economy and 9/11, lead to layoffs and furloughs in the manufacturing sector dominated by aircraft production. Production levels of both commercial aircraft and general aviation products in Wichita continued to decline in 2003. Boeing reported aircraft deliveries declined 26 percent in 2003 compared to 2002 and Wichtia's three general aviation manufacturers, Cessna Aircraft Company, Bombardier Learject Inc. and Raytheon Aircraft Company combined, reported a decrease of 10.6 percent in deliveries over 2002.

Despite the current difficulties, there are positive signs for the aircraft industry. All of Wichita's aircraft manufacturers continue to aggressively pursue development of new airplane products and related service. Boeing's most recent forecast calls for continued growth in airline travel over the next 20 years, in spite of the "extreme cycle" triggered by 9/11. The Kansas Legislature approved a bill that will allow the state to provide

<sup>1</sup> The economic analysis has been provided by the Center for Economic Development and Business Research, Wichita State University.

Boing Wichita up to \$500 million in bonds for its bid to work on the company's newest jetliner, the 7E7. The 7E7 work could create 4,000 jobs at the company's Wichita plant.

Thayer Aerpspace was awarded a multi-year contract by Gulfstream with a potential value of more than \$250 million. Product Manufacturing Corp., an aerospace subcontractor, is planning to double its building size and add about 20 employees to its staff during the next several years.

Manufacturing lob losses outside aviation were also occurring in 2003. Tweco Producs Inc. was bought by Thermdyne Holding Corp., which plans to close the Wichita facility, affecting more than 160 employees in Wichita. However, like in the aviation sector, there is good news as well. Premier Blending, a formulator and manufacturer of dry blended foods, will expand its Wichita plant having acquired the mixing business of Cereal Food Processors in another location.

Though it appears the worst of the layoffs are over, additional job losses are expected in 2004 among the aircraft manufacturers and their suppliers. Total employment in the manufacturing sector is expected to decrease by 3.4 percent for a net loss of 2,000 in 2004.

#### Retail Trade

Taxable retail sales totaled \$6.658 billion in the Wichita metropolitan statistical area (MSA) in 2003. Retail sales decreased by about \$80.8 million or 1.2 percent in 2003 compared to 2002. The State increased its sales tax rate from 4.9 percent to 5.3 percent effective July 1, 2002 netting an overall increase in 2003 in state tax collections. Locally however, the sales tax rate did not increase and the reduction in sales translated into a reduction in local revenue.

Notwithstanding the tough sales environment, national and local retailers continue to enter and expand in the Wichita market including Colorado-based Ultimate Electronics, Window World Inc., and GameStop. Walgreen Drug Store is constructing its 15th Wichita location. Shakeouts among retailers of all sizes continue in 2004, with larger retailers possibly more able to sustain continued lack of growth in revenues than smaller retailers.

The decline in total sales mask some underlying trends in the retail market; specifically auto sales in 2003 were up \$36.5 million or 4.2 percent compared to 2002. Non-auto sales declined 2 percent or \$117.3 million in 2003 for an overall decline in retail sales of 1.2 percent.

The outlook for retail sales in 2004 is for flat to modest growth at best. Consumer confidence is rising and interest rates and prices remain low. Consumer disposable income has improved with federal tax cuts and cash-outs from mortgage refinancing. Wichita's weak labor market continues to dampen local consumer spending.

#### Construction and Housing

The construction industry accounts for 5.4 percent of all wage and salary employment in the Wichita MSA in 2003 compared to 5.6 percent in 2002. Employment in the industry peaked at 14,800 employees in the Wichita MSA in 2003. Total payroll for the industry was \$463.4 million with an average earnings per job of \$32,344.

Despite some job losses, the construction industry is one of the few economic engines that demonstated signs of growth over the past year. Buoyed by historically low interest rates, the values of inflation-adjusted new residential construction permits increased 4.6 percent in 2003 and the value of inflation-adjusted new non-residential construction permits increased 2.8 percent. Public construction has provided significant support in recent years. The value of permits for additions, remodels and repairs increased 42.6 percent in 2003, largely as a result of the school district's five-year, \$284.5 million bond building program which began in 2001.

The rate of new construction activity is slowing. Additionally, with the five-year school construction period nearly over, and no other large public construction projects in the immediate future, the construction industry may face challenges in the near term. The CEDBR is forecasting construction employment to decline by 2.1 percent in 2004 for a net job loss of 300 jobs.

New and existing home sales continued at a brisk pace in 2003, up 5 percent from 2002. Housing's boom has been unexpected but welcome, given the weakness in other sectors of the economy. However, even with low mortgage rates, refinancing activity has slowed as interest rates have inched up from record-setting lows. The impact of the spent-up demand has started to take hold.

#### Leisure, Hospitality and Tourism

Most people do not think of Wichita as a major tourist destination. Yet, an estimated 3.4 million visitors came to the area in 2003 spending \$355.7 million. Most of Wichita's visitors are regional tourists traveling less than 200 miles. However, Wichita does host national events bringing visitiors from across the nation. The 2004 Women's International Bowling Congress has more than 42,000 registered bowlers and the 2001 American Bowling Congress men's tournament is expected to attract 150,000 visitors.

The Wichita area is continuously improving its cultural and recreational attractions. The Wichita Art Museum reopened in June 2003, after a two-year \$10.5 million expansion and renovation. The Sedgwick County Zoo is expanding its exhibits and the Greater Wichita YMCA is building its 7th branch. Special ethnic, sports and holiday events take place year-round, culminating in the area-wide nine-day River Festival in May. In the fall 2003, the city hosted the second annual two-day Aviation Festival.

The restaurant sector, like the retail sector, had both success and losses in 2003 and early 2004. Spaghetti Works closed in January 2004 and its four-story building in downtown Wichita is for sale. Amarillo Mesquite Grill Inc. closed its west Wichita location while Starbucks Coffee Co. expanded, opening its fourth location in January 2004 and the fifth scheduled to open soon. Toronto-based Mega Wraps has opened two restaurants in the Wichita area, and Chipolte Mexican Grill opened its second location in early 2004. The Fox and Hound Smokehouse & Tavern, owned by Wichita-based Total Entertainment Restaurant Corp, opened in March of 2004. The Wichita-based Lone Star Steakhouse & Saloon Inc. announced plans to purchase the Texas Land & Cattle Steak House chain.

Following the national slowdown in travel, the hotel occupancy rate in Wichita rebounded in 2003 to 63.8 percent, an increase of 3.9 percent compared to 2002.

#### **Professional and Services**

One significant source of employment growth for the professional and business services sector during the 1990s was the outsourcing of non-production jobs by the aircraft manufacturing sector, achieving employment growth even during the 1991 recession. A steady growth was not repeated during the current economic downturn. The professional and business services sector has been flat or declining in employment, with only limited oursourcing of jobs coming from the manufacturing sector to offset the impact of an overall stagnant economy. Without oursourcing to provide a steady influx of jobs, much of the professional and business services sector is now dependant on the health of the overall economy for its growth.

In 2004, professional and business services are forecasted to increase by 150 jobs or 0.6 percent as the local economy starts to experience some economic improvement.

#### **Transportation**

Wichita Mid-Continent Airport, the largest airport in Kansas, is a combination commercial air carrier and general aviation complex, providing accommodations for all aircraft. The number of airline passengers through Wichita's airport during 2003 totaled 1.4 million (inbound and outbound), up 6.9 percent from 2002. Low-cost carriers AirTran eastbound, Frontier JetExpress westbound, and Allegiant Air to Las Vegas have boosted Mid-Continent traffic. Frontier JetExpress recently exited the market and a westbound low-cost replacement is being sought.

#### **Utilities**

In July, the Kansas Corporation Commission approved a restructuring plan for Westar Energy Inc., the state's largest electric utility serving about 640,000 customers. Terms of the restructuring included reducing the company's debt and returning the company to a pure electric utility. The company completed a divestiture of its

Protection One Europe security operations and reduced its share in Oneok Inc., a natural gas utility.

In August 2003, the Kansas Corporation Commission approved a rate increase for Oneok Inc.'s Overland Parkbased Kansas Gas Service Co. that provides natural gas service to Wichita and Sedgwick County. As part of the agreement, the Kansas Gas Service Co agreed not to seek another rate increase before May 2006.

With business and revenues growing, the transportation, warehousing and utilities sectors combined are expected to add 150 jobs or increase by two percent in 2004.

#### Education and Welfare

Wichita is home to a number of new specialty for-profit hospitals, which either opened or started construction in the past year.

- The Kansas Spine Hospital opened in December 2003.
- Medical Development Solutions has signed a real estate purchase agreement for land to build an ambulatory surgical center in the Wilson Estates Medical Park.
- Mid-America Sports Medicine and Orthopedic Clinic has announced that it will build an office at Wilson Estates
   Medical Park.

Changes are also underway at the area's full-service hospitals.

- Via Christi Regional Medical Center announced plans to close its Riverside campus' 22-bed skilled nursing unit. The closure of the nursing unit will mean the elimination of 12 jobs.
- Via Christi Regional Medical Center-St., Joseph closed its 20-bed skilled nursing unit in June 2003.
- Construction of a \$70 million critical care tower at Wesley Medical Center was months ahead of schedule and opened in January 2004.

With continued grown in demand and despite strugges to make a profit, employment is expected to grow by 500 jobs or 1.3 percent in the health sector during 2004. Employment would likely increase more if skilled labor were available to hire.

#### CITY BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL PLAN

#### **Business Plan**

The City's budget outlines a plan for the provision of programs and services. The downturn in the local economy and losses in State financial aid has reduced general revenues and forced some retrenchment in planned enhancements in some services.

Nevertheless, even in the face of lower revenues, the City has proceeded with priority elements of its business plan, including:

- Two new Police beats with community policing components in each beat are being added to address law enforcement service needs in a geographically larger city.
- Six fire stations were constructed, relocating fire personnel and apparatus within the community to meet changing needs for emergency fire and medical response services with an additional five stations planned in future years.
- Operating budgets were provided for the two new regional branch libraries that consolidate and improve library services in the northern and southern areas of Wichita.
- Construction of a major expansion of the Wichita Art Museum was completed for opening in June 2003.
- Efforts are continuing to expand both the water and sanitary sewer system capacities to meet projected needs over the next fifty years, including expansion of the water supply and completion of treatment facility construction.
- Major freeway construction continues and is underway concurrently on east and west segments of US-54 highway that bisects Wichita, as well as continued planning for elevation of rail trackage that run northsouth through the city.

- Efforts are continuing to expand both the water and sanitary sewer system capacities to meet projected needs over the next fifty years, including expansion of the water supply and completion of treatment facility construction.
- Major freeway construction continues and is underway concurrently on east and west segments of US-54 highway that bisects Wichita, as well as continued planning for elevation of rail trackage that run northsouth through the city.
- Enhancement of the City's technology services is continuing with extension of a wide-area network connecting all major City facilities and installation of a new computer system serving Police and Court functions was completed.
- Investment in parks, athletic complexes and the arts programs continues to ensure ample leisure opportunites.

#### Long-Term Financial Planning

The City takes prudent actions to manage its finances long-term. With the knowledge that an economic downturn was likely, the City took action to lower costs beginning in fiscal 2001, so that cash reserves were increased as a cushion against expected losses in 2002 and 2003. This positive change in cash reserve has allowed continuation of essential services with no tax increase during a period of revenue shortfall. As a result, the 2004 budget did not require a mill levy increase, though actual levies fluctuated slightly with changes in assessed valuation.

The City routinely prepares a five-year financial plan as a preliminary to the annual budget process. The City then issues a two-year operating budget to identify trends that may extend beyond the statutorially mandated one-year budget. Additionally, the City prepares a ten-year capital budget and plan to better allow for the extended timeframe required for completion of capital projects, including coordination with grant and other funding requirements.

Of particular note, in 2002 the City undertook to change the structure of debt financing of two components of its capital programs. In light of the long-term capital requirements of the Water and Sewer utilities and a fifty year useful life of infrastructure investments for water supply and sewage treatment, the City undertook some limited twenty-five year debt financing to introduce more intergenerational equity and lower projected rate increases on the near term. This was a modest departure from past practice of twenty-year utility debt financing. The 2003 Water and Sewer Revenue bond issue reflects the longer debt structure. A similar analysis on the financing of freeway construction from a dedicated local sales tax resulted in extending debt term from ten to fifteen years so that more freeway construction could proceed earlier and capturing grant funding support. The 2003 bond issue also reflects the extended debt structure.

#### Cash Management

Under a comprehensive, written investment policy, the City continues to manage a pooled funds investment program for all cash not otherwise restricted. The banking services agreement for maintenance of the City's checking account is with Commerce Bank. The agreement allows for a perfected automatic repurchase agreement for the City's overnight cash in its checking account, at a rate equal to the preceding day's federal funds rate. The program allows the City to invest its cash in secured investments for larger amounts, for longer terms, with fewer total investment transactions and for generally higher yields on City investments.

The City's pooled investments, with an amortized cost of \$287,413,434 had a market value of \$287,955,618 at December 31, 2003. The weighted average maturity of the portfolio was 200 days. The weighted average yield to maturity of 1.749 percent for the pooled investment portfolio compares favorably with the benchmark 91-day Treasury Bill yield of 0.92 percent.

#### Risk Management

The City's insurance, self-insurance, and safety programs are funded and administered through the Risk Management office. Funds for these programs are provided through allocations to all covered operations based

upon their exposure and loss experience. The funds are maintained in a risk management reserve fund as authorized in Kansas Statutes. In addition, the City, Airport Authority, Art Museum, and Wichita Public Building Commission maintain insurance policies and bonds as detailed in the Additional Information Section of this report.

#### Pension Administration

The reporting entity contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans and a single-employer defined contribution plan, covering all full-time employees. The defined benefit plans include the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WER) with an asset-liability funding ratio of 115.4% and the Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System (P&F) with an asset-liability funding ratio of 106.8% (both as of 12-31-03). A single-employer defined contribution plan consists of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3. In 2003, the City contributed 4.7 percent of salaries for employees under the Wichita Employees' Retirement System and 10.9 percent of salaries for employees in the Police and Fire Retirement System. A separate comprehensive annual financial report is issued for the City's pension funds and systems.

#### CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wichita, Kansas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The 2002 award represents the 30th consecutive year that the City of Wichita's comprehensive annual financial report earned the recognition.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical and single audit. The 2003 report also includes a supplementary section for the benefit of Water and Sewer revenue bondholders. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the report of the independent auditors, combined financial statements and related footnote disclosures, combining statements by fund type and individual fund, and additional information pertaining to the reporting entity. The statistical section includes financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The single audit section includes independent auditor reports on internal control and compliance with requirements of major federal programs.

## CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR THE PENSION TRUST FUNDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wichita, Kansas for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002 for the Pension Trust Funds of the City of Wichita. As for the primary government's financial report, in order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The 2002 award represents the 4th consecutive year that the City of Wichita's comprehensive annual financial report for pension funds earned the recognition.

In order to receive the award, a government must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications medium. The award is the budgetary counterpart to the Certificate of Achievement and is valid for one year only.

#### CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE FOR INVESTMENT POLICY

The Association of Public Treasurers, United States and Canada, awarded a Certificate of Excellence for the City's Investment Policy in 2002. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Excellence, a government must prepare and publish an investment policy that meets the standards established by the Association.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Controller's Office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the office who assisted and contributed to its preparation. The City Manager and elected members of the City governing body continue their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a professional, responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Kelly Carpenter

Acting Director of Finance

Lely Carpenter

Tom Smith

Acting Assistant Director of Finance

and Inchillan

Carol McMillan Controller

ix

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

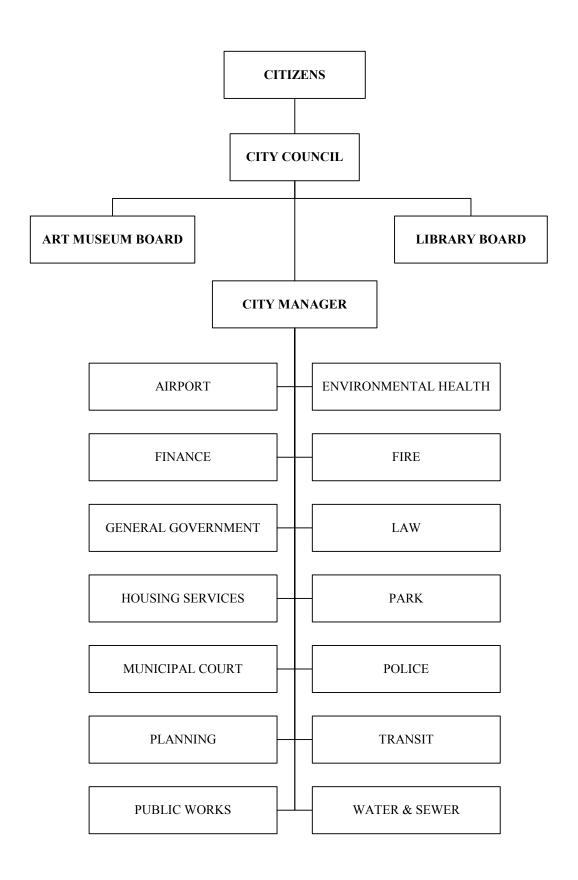
# City of Wichita, Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

**Executive Director** 



#### **CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS**

Carlos Mayans	Mayor	268-4331
Carl Brewer	Vice Mayor (I)	268-4331
Sue Schlapp	Council Member (II)	268-4331
Phil Lambke	Council Member (III)	268-4331
Paul Gray	Council Member (IV)	268-4331
Bob Martz	Council Member (V)	268-4331
Sharon Fearey	Council Member (VI)	268-4331

#### **CITY OFFICES**

City Manager	268-4351	Cathy Holdeman, Acting City Manager
General Government	268-4351	Cathy Holdeman, Acting City Manager
Airport	946-4700	Bailis Bell, Director of Airports
Art Museum	268-4977	Charles Steiner, Director of Art Museum
Central Inspection	268-4460	Kurt Schroeder, Superintendent
Finance	268-4300	Kelly Carpenter, Acting Director of Finance
Fire	268-4451	Kay Johnson, Director of Environmental Health
Housing Services	268-4687	Mary Vaughn, Director of Housing Services
Law	268-4681	Gary Rebenstorf, Director of Law & City Attorney
Library	261-8500	Cynthia Berner-Harris, Director of Libraries
Municipal Court	268-4611	Kay Gales, Court Administrator
Park	268-4361	Doug Kupper, Director of Parks and Recreation
Personnel	268-4531	Lori Wilkerson, Acting Personnel Director
Planning	268-4421	John Schlegel, Director of Planning
Police	268-4158	Norman Williams, Chief of Police
Public Works	268-4497	Chris Carrier, Acting Director of Public Works
Transit	265-1450	Jay Banasiak, General Manager
Water and Sewer	268-4504	David Warren, Director of Water and Sewer

## — FINANCIAL SECTION —

Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita Kansas 67202-4868

Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Wichita, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wichita, Kansas (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2004 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in connection with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, Water and Sewer Section, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by OMB Circular A-133, and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges required by the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a

required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Water and Sewer Section, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information in the introductory and statistical sections has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on such information.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

March 26, 2004 Wichita, Kansas

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Wichita's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The management discussion and analysis is presented in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City of Wichita's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- ⇒ The City's net assets increased \$50.5 million during the fiscal year ending 2003. (Page A-13).
- ⇒ The cost of governmental activity was \$302.5 million. The amount paid by taxpayers through property taxes and sales tax was \$115.0 million or 38 percent (Page A-14 through A-15).
- ⇒ The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported \$67,717 in revenue and other financing resources in excess of expenditures and other uses. (Page A-20).
- ⇒ The State of Kansas eliminated demand transfers to cities beginning in late 2002 with 2003 as the first full year impact of the revenue reduction. The City has sized its operations to reflect changes in available resources.
- ⇒ The City continues to maintain a positive bond rating and a progressive capital improvement program.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The City of Wichita's financial statements have four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements and, 4) a water and sewer section to provide specific information for water and sewer revenue bond holders. The supplementary information is provided in addition to the basic financial statements.

Traditionally the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized by fund type on a current financial resource basis. The current financial resource model has been modified and included in the City's financial statements to present two kinds of statements, each providing a different snapshot of the City's finances. The reporting focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements, which were first presented in the 2002 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements, which have been provided in the past and are included in this report, focus on the individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets will help answer the question "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?"

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets (current year's revenues and expenses) are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental activities: police, fire, public works, parks and cultural activities, environmental health and general administration. Fees, property taxes, other local taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities Business-type activities include the City's water, sewer, airport and transportation activities. A fee is charged to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of services provided by business-type activities.
- Component unit The Wichita Public Building Commission is presented as a component unit of the City of Wichita.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Wichita, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Wichita can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus on the government-wide statements, additional information is provided following the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- The City of Wichita maintains 26 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Federal/State Assistance Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Street Improvement Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 22 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements found beginning on page B-1.
- The City of Wichita adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund on page A-23 to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget. A more detailed budgetary statement is also provided beginning on page B-16 with the supplementary budgetary governmental fund statements.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer, Airport, Golf, Storm Water, and Transit operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Internal Service funds account for the City's fleet, technology, office supplies, and self-insurance programs. Because internal services primarily benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the assets and activities of the internal service funds have predominately been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds report the same types of information as the government-wide financial statements, however in greater detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Sewer and Airport funds all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in

the Internal Service Fund section beginning on page D1. The proprietary fund financial statements (enterprise and internal service funds) can be found on pages C-1 through D-13 of this report.

- Fiduciary funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans and for other accounts that because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the specified purpose. It is the responsibility of the City to ensure that the assets reported in fudiciary funds and accounts be used for the intended purposes only. All of the fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. Activities conducted in a fudiciary capacity are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City is prohibitied from using fiduciary assets to finance its operations. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages E-1 through E-4 of this report.
- Notes to the financial statements The notes provide information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page A-36 through A-74 of this report.
- Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information is located on the following pages of this report: Pension Funding Progress on page A-75, and Budgetary Comparison on pages B-16 through B-42, C-5 through C-7.
- Water and Sewer Section Specific informational needs of the Water and Sewer Revenue Bondholders are presented in the Water and Sewer Section beginning on page J-1.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF CITY AS A WHOLE

**Net assets.** In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is presenting comparative government-wide information for the prior period for the primary government and its component unit.

City of Wichita, Kansas Net Assets As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

(in millions of dollars)

Table 1

										To	tal	
	Gov	Governmental Activities			Bu	siness-typ	oe Acti	vities	Primary Government			
	200	03	2	2002		003	2	002	2003			2002
Current and other assets	\$	447.8	\$	401.7	\$	196.7	\$	157.7	\$	644.5	\$	559.4
Capital assets		805.3		723.6		843.6		800.3		1,648.9		1,523.9
Total assets	1	,253.1		1,125.3		1,040.3		958.0		2,293.4		2,083.3
Long-term liabilities		372.0		313.8		338.5		224.3		710.5		538.1
Other liabilities		222.2		184.1		25.8		76.7		248.0		260.8
Total liabilities		594.2		497.9		364.3		301.0		958.5		798.9
Net assets:												
Capital assets, net of debt		414.2		386.1		574.7		593.6		988.8		979.7
Restricted		229.8		201.3		75.1		30.3		304.9		231.6
Unrestricted		15.0		40.0		26.2		33.1		41.2		73.1
Total net assets	\$	658.9	\$	627.4	\$	676.0	\$	657.0	\$	1,334.9	\$	1,284.4

The net assets of the primary government increased \$50.5 million during the fiscal year ending 2003, including a prior period adjustment for the Sewer Utility. Over 74 percent of the City's net assets reflect investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens;

Table 1 (continued)

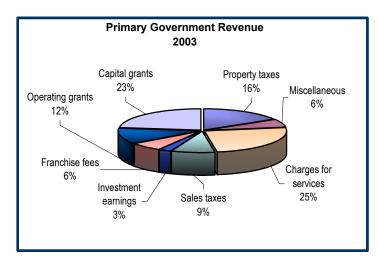
# City of Wichita, Kansas Net Assets As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002) (in millions of dollars)

Wichita Public Building Commission											
	2	2003	2	002							
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	36.4	\$	41.4 -							
Total assets		36.4		41.4							
Long-term liabilities		32.1		32.7							
Other liabilities		4.3		8.7							
Total liabilities		36.4		41.4							
Net assets:											
Capital assets, net of debt		-		-							
Restricted		-		-							
Unrestricted											
Total net assets	\$		\$								

consequently the capital assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of these assets (22 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be spent. The unrestricted portion of the net assets is \$47.9 million (4 percent).

The unrestricted portion of the Business-type assets is \$32.9 million. The net assets (restricted and unrestricted) cannot be used to make up for any net asset deficit in governmental activities (current or projected). The City can only use these net assets to finance the continuing operations of the Water, Sewer, Airport, Golf, Storm Water, and Transit activities.

The City's total revenues (including capital and operating grants) totaled \$456.8 million in 2003, \$28.4 million more than in 2002.



While operating grants declined by \$4.5 million dollars (8 percent) capital grants funding major highway projects increased \$39 million dollars. With the exception of highway grants, capital grants declined overall by \$6 million.

Operating grants and charges for services (fee based) funded 42 percent of the governmental and business-type activities in 2003, a decrease from 50 percent in 2002. Property and sales tax contribute 25 percent of the revenue and the remaining portion is generated from investment earnings, franchise fees, or miscellaneous income.

**Primary Government Expenses** 2003 Health & welfare Highways & 10% Public safety streets 22% 23% Culture & General recreation government 7% 8% Other Other business governmental type type Sewer Water Airport 5% 5% 7% 7% 6%

The City's expenses totaled \$401.1 million. Combined expenses of the business-type activities represent 25 percent of the total expenses. Water and Sewer expenses are approximately seven percent each of total expenditures with Airport representing the next largest business-type activity at six percent of total City expenditures.

Traditionally public safety expenses represent the largest expenses of the governmental activities. In fiscal year 2003, increased major street and highway projects caused street and highway expenses to reach 23 percent of total expenses, surpassing public safety at 22 percent. Health and welfare, largely

funded through operating grants, represents ten percent of total expenses with culture and recreation at seven percent and general government representing eight percent of total City expenditures.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the governmental activities are derived from several major sources such as charges for services, taxes, and operating or capital grants. Operating and capital grants include revenues dedicated for special assessment projects, curb-to-curb maintenance (gas tax) as well as health and welfare projects. Table 2 on the following page provides a tabular comparison between the governmental revenues and expenses of fiscal years 2002 and 2003. Both revenues and expenses in fiscal 2003 increased over those in 2002

The increase in net governmental assets is primarily the result of capital grants received for street and highway improvements. Contributions from special assessments on properties directly benefiting from street projects contributed \$25.9 million or 6 percent of total City revenue.

The cost of governmental activity was \$302.5 million overall. The amount paid by taxpayers through City sales and property taxes totaled \$115.0 million or 38 percent compared to 44 percent in 2002. Notably general governmental revenues have remained relatively stable, however fiscal 2003 was the first full year in which the City did not receive demand transfers from the State, a loss of approximately \$5.5 million dollars annually. The City adjusted services and expenditures to accommodate the loss of state shared revenue.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The Water and Sewer Utilities are the largest business-type activity funds of the City of Wichita. Capital improvements (sewage treatment plants and relocation of facilities) have required significant outlays causing increased pressures on rates. Water and Sewer rate increases were three percent in each of the last three years with an additional 4 percent increase in 2003 for taste and odor treatment specifically. Fiscal year 2004 also has a three percent increase budgeted with a similar increase for 2005 projected. To ensure that the current utility customers are not bearing a disparate share of the costs associated with financing major capital improvements that will serve customers for many years to come, bonds were issued for a period of 20 and 25 years variously based on the nature and structure of the project.

Airport, the next largest business-type activity, enhanced security with the addition of 15 security officers and additional contracted employees in 2002. AirTran Airways continues as the City's eastbound low-cost carrier, while Allegiant Air provides low-cost services directly to Las Vegas. Westbound Frontier Jet Express has recently exited the market. The City is currently seeking a new westbound low-cost carrier to maintain the increased passenger traffic at the Airport as well as lower airfare resulting from competition. Mid-Continent Airport was recognized in 2003 as one of the fastest growing airports in the nation, with a record number of passengers using the airport.

Transit operations are funded from fares, General Fund subsidies and state and federal grants. The Transit fleet consists of 51 buses, 39 of which were purchased with federal and state grant funds since 2001. The Transit fleet also contains 15 para-transit vans, replaced on a rotating basis with federal and state grant funds. A new transit operations center was placed in service in 1999, with computerized scheduling for paratransit service implemented in 2002, and electonic fareboxes in 2003. With federal and state grant funds having remained stable, the Transit operation is well positioned for the future.

The City operates five golf courses with an estimated 200,000 rounds of golf played annually. The Cities newest golf course, Auburn Hills, has been in operation for two years and is ranked as one of the top ten public courses in Kansas. Operational restructuring has been implemented at several of the courses to maintain a quality attraction with a fee structure that encourages golfing as a leisure activity.

The \$24.1 million increase in net assets in business-type activities is, at the Airport, largely derived from capital grants and improvements funded from passenger facitility charges, while the increase in net assets in the Water and Sewer Utilities is largely derived from special assessment revenue on improvements.

# City of Wichita Changes in Net Assets As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002) (in millions of dollars)

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities		Primary nment
•	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 30.9	\$ 30.6	\$ 83.3	\$ 84.8	\$ 114.2	\$ 115.4
Operating grants and contributions	50.7	54.0	3.1	4.3	53.8	58.3
Capital grants and contributions	78.1	39.2	27.6	33.8	105.7	73.0
General revenues						
Property taxes	75.3	71.5	-	-	75.3	71.5
Sales taxes	39.7	41.0	-	-	39.7	41.0
Franchise fees	29.3	28.8	-	-	29.3	28.8
Other taxes	15.5	15.4	-	-	15.5	15.4
Investment earnings	5.5	8.6	6.3	5.7	11.8	14.3
Miscellaneous	11.4	10.4	0.1	0.3	11.5	10.7
Total revenues	336.4	299.5	120.4	128.9	456.8	428.4
Expenses						
General government	30.9	30.8	-	-	30.9	30.8
Public safety	88.4	84.8	-	-	88.4	84.8
Highways and streets	94.3	50.1	-	-	94.3	50.1
Sanitation	4.9	5.2	-	-	4.9	5.2
Health and welfare	38.8	37.4	-	-	38.8	37.4
Culture and recreation	29.2	30.4	-	-	29.2	30.4
Interest on long-term debt	16.0	15.9	-	-	16.0	15.9
Water	-	-	29.7	26.9	29.7	26.9
Sewer	-	-	26.1	21.9	26.1	21.9
Storm Water	-	-	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0
Golf	-	-	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.9
Airport	-	-	24.6	23.8	24.6	23.8
Transit	-	-	10.0	9.8	10.0	9.8
Total expenses	302.5	254.6	98.6	90.3	401.1	344.9
Excess before special items and						
transfers	33.9	44.9	21.8	38.6	55.7	83.5
Special item - loss on sales of assets	-	(1.9)	-	-	-	(1.9)
Transfers	(2.3)	(3.7)	2.3	3.7		
Increase in net assets	\$ 31.6	\$ 39.3	\$ 24.1	\$ 42.3	\$ 55.7	\$ 81.6

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The governmental funds reported a combined fund balance at year end of \$97.3 million, an increase of \$4.9 million over 2002. The most notable change was a \$6.2 million increase in the Debt Service Fund which carried a higher cash balance than at the close of the prior year. The Debt Service Fund cash, though unreserved, is designated for future debt service payments.

Included in the governmental funds are the capital projects funds. The City is continuing the expansion of Kellogg – the primary east/west connector through the City, has completed and reopened the Art Museum after a \$4.4 million remodel and expansion, and has completed the Old Town Cinema construction project. Numerous other economic development projects are ongoing through both public and private/public partnerships, including the Kansas Sports Hall of Fame (in progress), the Museum of Ancient Treasures (completed), and the streetscape refurbishment of the historic Delano district.

The General Fund is the major operating and taxing fund for the City of Wichita. At the close of 2003, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$20.7 million compared to \$21.1 million at the close of 2002. The designated portion, \$12.2 million, is for operating contingencies in the upcoming year.

The fund balance for the General Fund remained at \$23.4 million during the year. Highlights of major revenue sources are:

- ➤ Property taxes increased \$2.2 million as a result of increased property valuations. The City has held a long standing policy of maintaining a flat mill levy, currently at 31.9 mills.
- The City's portion of the local sales tax declined by more than half a million. Lower retail sales contributed to an overall lower collection in Sedgwick County. The sales tax revenue is also impacted by the distribution formula which increases the distribution to municipalities that increase their mill levy.
- Franchise fees had declined in 2002 due to a reduction in electric rates and the growth in wireless technology which reduced the need to run land lines through City rights-of-ways, and thus, reduced franchise fees. While that growth in wireless technology continues, higher natural gas prices resulted in modest growth in franchise fee revenue in 2003 compared to 2002.
- The decline in intergovernmental revenue reflects the elimination of state demand transfers. The State of Kansas implemented the change in late 2002. The impact in the first full year without demand transfers was a reduction in intergovernmental revenue of \$5.0 million.
- Market conditions continue to generate minimal interest earnings. Earnings on investments of \$2.8 million in 2003 are comparable to earnings in 2002.

General Fund expenses, excluding transfers, totaled \$140.7 million, \$644,213 below 2002. On a budgetary basis, General Fund expenditures were \$23.6 million below the original budget. Throughout most of 2002 and continuing throughout 2003, the City carefully evaluated position vacancies and deferred filling non-essential vacancies as a result of prevailing economic conditions. Discretionary expenses were carefully reviewed and identified for deferral or deletion in response to the revenue shortfall and the elimination of state revenue sharing funds. As a result, the General Fund was able to maintain a strong cash position and is positioned well to continue essential services.

Net transfers from the General Fund were also trimmed from a net outflow of \$8.2 million to a net outflow of \$6.0 million. Subsidies to other funds for services and transfers for discretionary programs were reevaluated and re-prioritized yielding a \$2.2 million reduction in the outflow of resources.

The Debt Service Fund carried a fund balance of \$26.3 million at year end, up from \$20.1 million in 2002. All of the fund balance is reserved for the payment of debt service. The target fund balance for the Debt Service Fund is \$3 million. Funds in excess of this target will be incorporated into the 2005-2014 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) for use in expanding the first two years of the program.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenue and other financing sources did not meet the expectations of either the original or final budgets. Table 3 illustrates that revenue was \$10.9 million, or seven percent below the original revenue budget. Internally the City revised its revenue estimates to presume that \$7.9 million of the projected revenue would not be received. The budgetary presentation on page A-23 shows this revised budget adjustment.

The most significant change from original budget to actual revenue is the loss in intergovernmental revenue of \$5.0 million. The State's decision to eliminate demand transfers to municipalities came after the adoption and certification of the 2004 budget. Franchise fees, though slightly higher than in 2002, were \$2.0 million less than originally anticipated. Local sales tax revenue also was \$1.3 million lower than originally projected. Overall, revenues were less than projected in both the original and final budget.

Expenditures and other uses of funds, shown in Table 3, were restrained in light of the significant reduction in transfers from the State of Kansas and the general economic conditions. Actual expenditures and transfers out were less than both the original and final budget, yet exceeded actual revenue to draw down the fund balance by \$356,618.

Annually, the adopted budget is revised as approved by Council. Customarily, the revised budget does not increase as the City seeks cost savings and opportunities for improvements across the City. Highlights in budgetary changes are as follows:

- The budget includes funding for two new police beats to rebalance and redistribute the Police call loads.
- > The budget includes 20 additional fire staff to augment apparatus staffing and provide additional resources in under served areas.
- Budget reductions were made in all tax-supported operations in the General Fund which included the elimination of 56 staff positions.
- Operating funds are included for two new regional libraries.

# City of Wichita, Kansas General Fund Summary As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002) (in millions of dollars)

Table 3

Adopted 2003 Revised 2003 2003 Actual 2002 Actual Budget **Amounts** Amounts **Budget** Revenues 77.5 75.5 \$ 75.0 \$ 73 4 Taxes \$ \$ Franchise fees 28.8 31.3 29.8 29.3 Program revenues 19.9 20.7 19.5 18.8 Intergovernmental revenue 20.9 16.0 15.9 20.9 Other revenue and transfers 11.5 11.2 10.5 7.8 Reduced revenue projection 7.9 Total revenues and transfers 161.1 161.1 150.2 149.7 Expenditures and transfers General government 20.4 21.5 18.8 20.6 Appropriated reserve 14.6 18.9 Public safety 81.8 79.1 78.0 76.1 Highways and streets 19.3 18.4 17.9 18.3 Sanitation 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.1 Health and welfare 2.7 3.8 3.6 2.4 Culture and recreations 23.7 22.1 20.9 22.0 Transfers 10.7 10.5 9.6 9.3 175.5 \$ 175.5 \$ 150.5 \$ 152.0 Total expenses and transfers \$ Fund balance \$ 8.8 \$ 6.7 \$ 20.8 \$ 21.2

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2003, the City of Wichita had invested \$1,649.0 billion (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including water and sewer facilities, police and fire equipment, buildings, parks, airfields, roads, bridges, and land (Table 4). Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$125.1 million during 2003 with 65 percent of the increase in governmental activities. Land and construction in progress in governmental activities increased \$51.7 million, largely land acquisitions for expansion of Kellogg and the accompanying Kellogg extension projects. Governmental assets placed into service and being depreciated totaled \$30.0 million.

Capital assets in business-type activities increased \$43.4 million in 2003, \$13.8 million or 32 percent of which is land (\$4.0 million) and construction in progress (\$9.8 million). The Airport and Water and Sewer Utilities account for the increases in construction in progress. The bulk of the assets placed into service are attributable to the system expansion and improvements in the Water and Sewer Utilities. Additional information can be found in Note 6 to the Financial Statements.

Major capital asset additions include:

- □ Near completion are infrastructure improvements (\$8.7 million) to facilitate a 450,000 square foot Cessna Citation Service Center which will result in approximately 800 new jobs and bring Cessna Citation owners and their flight crews to Wichita, also boosting tourism.
- □ Renovation of Central Riverside Park (\$5.0 million) in addition to improvements to athletic complexes (\$2.7 million).
- □ The Gilbert & Mosley groundwater remediation and Water Center was completed (\$11.3 million).
- □ The fire station relocation project continues to construct a total of ten new stations, relocating eight existing stations for a net addition of two fire stations between 2000 and 2009. Six facilities have been constructed and the relocation completed for a capital expenditure of \$6.3 million. The relocation project is aimed at minimizing response time and long-term maximization of resources.
- □ The Old Town Cinema Redevelopment Project was constructed for a cost of \$9.3 million in public funds and over \$15 million in private funds in 2002. The surrounding plaza has also been under development and will soon be complemented with the relocation of City Arts, a City owned and operated art teaching center and gallery (\$3.5 million).

# City of Wichita, Kansas Capital Assets Net of Depreciation As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

Table 4

(in millions of dollars)

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government					
		2003		2002		2003		2002		2003	_	2002	Percent Change		
Land	\$	211.1	\$	182.1	\$	26.9	\$	22.9	\$	238.0	\$	205.0	16.1%		
Airfield		-		-		43.5		48.3		43.5		48.3	-9.9%		
Buildings & improvemen	ts	122.6		117.2		602.5		569.1		725.1		686.3	5.7%		
Equipment		24.1		16.4		42.3		41.3		66.4		57.7	15.1%		
Infrastructure		243.3		226.4		-		-		243.3		226.4	7.5%		
Construction in progress		204.2		181.5		128.5		118.7		332.7		300.2	10.8%		
Total	\$	805.3	\$	723.6	\$	843.7	\$	800.3	\$	1,649.0	\$	1,523.9	8.2%		

**Long-term Debt.** The City finances capital projects with a variety of tools: general obligation bonds/notes, revenue bonds, grants, and cash. The most significant of the financing tools is general obligation bonds based on the full faith and credit of the City. Projects that rely most heavily upon property taxes for repayment of general obligation bonds are arterial streets, bridges, storm water, parks, transit, core area projects, and public buildings. Other capital costs are funded through various enterprise, internal service and special revenue funds. The City adopts a ten year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). Two years (2004 and 2005) are a capital budget for purposes of project initiation and the remaining period is a planning tool. The City of Wichita maintains an "Aa2" rating from Moody's and "AA" from Standard and Poors. The Water and Sewer Utilities maintain a rating of "A1" from Moody's and "AAA" insured.

At year-end the City had \$744.2 million in bonds outstanding, illustrated in Table 5, and \$73.3 million in temporary notes outstanding. Debt outstanding for the City of Wichita increased by \$159.5 million due primarily to a sales tax issue in the amount of \$48.8 million refunding and improvement bonds for highway projects, and Water and Sewer Utility revenue bonds in the amount of \$120.4 million which provided permanent financing for the utilities' capital program. Bonds were also issued for the neighborhood improvement districts (special assessments), groundwater contamination cleanup and general improvements.

Total new debt was \$256.2 million with total retirements of \$96.7 million. Temporary notes decreased \$21.3 million in 2003, replaced with permanent financing. More detail is located in the Notes to the Financial Statements and in the Additional Information and Statistical sections of this financial report.

#### City of Wichita, Kansas General Obligation and Revenue Bonds As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

(with comparative totals for December 31, 200 (in millions of dollars)

	Go	vernment	ivities	Bu	siness-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total				
	2	2003		2002		2003		2002	2003		2002	
Ad valorem property taxes	\$	78.7	\$	72.0	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78.7	\$	72.0
Special assessments		160.9		148.5		-		-		160.9		148.5
Tax Increment		18.5		19.9		-		-		18.5		19.9
Transient guest tax		10.5		12.5		-		-		10.5		12.5
Local sales tax		92.7		56.0		-		-		92.7		56.0
G.O. and Revenue		-		-		349.4		238.3		349.4		238.3
Wichita Public Building Commission						33.5		37.5		33.5		37.5
Total	\$	361.3	\$	308.9	\$	382.9	\$	275.8	\$	744.2	\$	584.7

Kansas State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonds a City can issue to 30 percent of the equalized tangible valuation. The current limitation for the City is \$843.5 million, significantly higher (\$463.3 million) than the general obligation outstanding debt. Additional information can be found in Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The continued weakness in the manufacturing labor market continues to hamper Wichita's economic growth. Some encouraging economic signs in early 2004 are strong housing sales, small numbers of labor recalls in manufacturing, the relocation of one of the Wichita-based Koch Industries Invista business centers in Wichita with a projection of 200 jobs expected to pay \$100,000 on average, and rising consumer expectations. The Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) at Wichita State University is projecting a slow economic recovery in late 2004 and early 2005.

Total wage and salary employment declined 2.6 percent in 2003 compared to 2002, for a net loss of 7,200 jobs. During 2003, the number of initial claims filed for unemployment insurance rose 21.7 percent in the Wichita metro area. The unemployment rate increased from 6.3 percent in 2002 to 7.1 percent in 2003. The CEDBR is forecasting a net loss of 1,200 in 2004 jobs or a decline of 0.4 percent while projecting an increase in personal income of 3.7 percent during that same time period.

The State of Kansas will continue to eliminate demand transfers from cities during 2004 and the recovery of the local economy is expected to be slow and steady. The City of Wichita is partnering with the private sector to replace jobs lost to international outsourcing, capitalizing on the strengths of the City and region, such as the existing labor market, professional and business services, education, healthcare and tourism. Although many people do not associate tourism with Wichita, an estimated 3.4 million visitors came to the area in 2003 spending approximately \$355.7 million. In 2004, the Women's International Bowling Congress will bring an estimated 42,000 bowlers and 150,000 visitors with it. Spurring economic development and maintaining infrastructure and essential services are all factors considered in preparing the City's budget for 2005 and revising the 2004 budget.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Wichita's finances for individuals with an interest in the City's finances. Additional information is provided within the Notes to the Financial Statements, beginning on page A-36. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 455 North Main, City of Wichita, Kansas, Wichita, KS 67202.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2003

			Prim	ary Government		Component Unit		
	_		_			_	Wichita	
	C	Sovernmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total	Public Building Commission		
		Activities		Activities	 Total		OHIHISSIOH	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	187,697,340	\$	16,146,885	\$ 203,844,225	\$	-	
Investments		1,400,950		-	1,400,950		-	
Receivables (net)		253,115,446		7,815,229	260,930,675		-	
Internal balances		(364,589)		364,589	-		-	
Prepaid items		78,566		52,081	130,647		-	
Inventories		437,837		1,544,761	1,982,598		-	
Due to other agencies		2,422,120		2,801,740	5,223,860		-	
Notes receivable		3,035,846		-	3,035,846		-	
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		86,178,111	86,178,111		1,918,271	
Investments		-		-	-		-	
Receivables		-		370,814	370,814		508,137	
Net investment in direct financing leases		-		77,569,852	77,569,852		33,947,733	
Other assets		_		3,832,097	3,832,097		-	
Capital assets:				-,,	-,,			
Land and construction in progress		415,241,452		155,482,781	570,724,233		_	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		390,041,897		688,191,768	1,078,233,665		_	
Total capital assets	-	805,283,349		843,674,549	 1,648,957,898		_	
. Star Sapital assess		000,200,010		0.0,0,0.0	.,0.0,001,000			
Total assets		1,253,106,865		1,040,350,708	 2,293,457,573		36,374,141	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		11,072,907		2,721,657	13,794,564		-	
Accrued interest payable		4,119,760		3,843,330	7,963,090		508,137	
Temporary notes payable		50,115,148		225,900	50,341,048		-	
Deposits		1,856,724		1,793,054	3,649,778		-	
Deferred revenue		81,589,017		-	81,589,017		-	
Due to other agencies		195,600		-	195,600		1,918,271	
Noncurrent liabilities, including claims payable:		•			•		, ,	
Due within one year		73,222,759		17,246,692	90,469,451		1,430,000	
Due in more than one year		371,963,690		338,520,871	710,484,561		32,075,000	
Other liabilities		-		-	-		442,733	
					 		,	
Total liabilities		594,135,605		364,351,504	 958,487,109		36,374,141	
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		414,205,744		574,685,044	988,890,788		_	
Restricted for:		,,,		,,.	,,			
Capital projects		23,340,520		6,770,988	30,111,508		_	
Highways and streets		12,557,596		-	12,557,596		_	
Debt service		180,799,147		2,978,169	183,777,316		_	
Revenue bond reserves		-		65,389,333	65,389,333		_	
Perpetual care		813,468		00,000,000	813,468		-	
Other purposes		12,240,282		-	12,240,282		-	
Unrestricted		15,014,503		26,175,670	41,190,173		_	
		10,017,000		20,110,010	 11,100,110			
Total net assets	\$	658,971,260	\$	675,999,204	\$ 1,334,970,464	\$		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2003

		Program Revenues						
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants	
Functions/Programs	 							
Primary government:								
General government	\$ 30,887,567	\$	14,281,713	\$	839,738	\$	31,597	
Public safety	88,369,214		5,206,757		2,157,612		-	
Highways and streets	94,347,860		4,602,477		14,959,230		78,028,429	
Sanitation	4,908,374		425,075		-		-	
Health and welfare	38,789,591		1,437,828		30,833,565		-	
Culture and recreation	29,205,330		5,008,923		1,880,490		-	
Interest on long-term debt	16,037,477		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities	302,545,413		30,962,773		50,670,635		78,060,026	
Business-type activities:								
Water	29,658,375		31,980,317		-		7,748,138	
Sewer	26,132,841		25,714,023		_		6,913,045	
Storm Water	4.216.788		5.325.696		_		4,166,783	
Golf Course System	4,048,691		3,479,199		590,751		-	
Airport	24,605,748		15,153,394		-		6,743,425	
Transit	9,958,858		1,618,627		2,547,646		2,050,254	
Total business-type activities	98,621,301		83,271,256		3,138,397		27,621,645	
Total primary government	\$ 401,166,714	\$	114,234,029	\$	53,809,032	\$	105,681,671	
Component unit:								
Wichita Public Building Commission	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	_	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise fees

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues, special items and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year as previously reported Prior period adjustment

Net assets, beginning of year as restated

Net assets, end of year

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (	(Expense)	Revenue	and Changes	s in	Net Assets

		Prir	nary Government			Compo	nent Unit	
Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Wichita Public Building Commission		
\$	(15,734,519) (81,004,845) 3,242,276 (4,483,299) (6,518,198) (22,315,917) (16,037,477) (142,851,979)	\$	- - - - - -	\$	(15,734,519) (81,004,845) 3,242,276 (4,483,299) (6,518,198) (22,315,917) (16,037,477) (142,851,979)	\$		
	- - - - - -	_	10,070,080 6,494,227 5,275,691 21,259 (2,708,929) (3,742,331) 15,409,997		10,070,080 6,494,227 5,275,691 21,259 (2,708,929) (3,742,331) 15,409,997		- - - - -	
	(142,851,979)		15,409,997		(127,441,982)		-	
	<u>-</u>						-	
	75,300,153 39,735,404 29,259,353 15,543,505 5,471,740 11,403,509 (2,301,774)		6,258,369 144,499 2,301,774		75,300,153 39,735,404 29,259,353 15,543,505 11,730,109 11,548,008		- - - - -	
	174,411,890 31,559,911		8,704,642 24,114,639		183,116,532 55,674,550		<u>-</u> -	
	627,411,349		657,029,984 (5,145,419) 651,884,565		1,284,441,333 (5,145,419) 1,279,295,914		- - -	
\$	658,971,260	\$	675,999,204	\$	1,334,970,464	\$	-	

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2003

	General Fund		Federal/State Assistance Fund		Debt Service Fund		
ASSETS	•		_	4 00 4 500	•	00 000 444	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,067,059	\$	4,234,593	\$	26,286,111	
Investments		-		900,000		-	
Receivables, net:		E4 400 040				00 000 400	
Property taxes		51,438,040		-		23,680,480	
Due from other agencies		-		1,311,620		-	
Special assessments		740 707				160,865,000	
Accounts		740,787		3,594,713		-	
Interest		-		6,183		-	
Due from other funds		50,000		1,048,926		657,000	
Prepaid items		-		77,885		-	
Notes receivable		-		1,978,176		-	
Inventories		<u> </u>		71,375			
Total assets	\$	82,295,886	\$	13,223,471	\$	211,488,591	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	6,816,350	\$	743,167	\$	-	
Accrued interest payable		-		_		-	
Temporary notes payable		-		-		-	
Deposits		529,302		138,610		-	
Due to other agencies		-		195,600		-	
Due to other funds		11,346		1,048,926		-	
Deferred revenue	_	51,486,880		5,294,657		185,202,480	
Total liabilities		58,843,878		7,420,960		185,202,480	
Fund balances (deficits):							
Reserved for:							
Inventories		-		71,375		-	
Encumbrances		2,682,940		1,343,513		-	
Prepaid items		-		77,885		-	
Unreserved:							
Designated		12,242,494		_		26,286,111	
Undesignated		8,526,574		4,309,738		-	
Undesignated, reported in Special Revenue Funds		-		· · ·		-	
Undesignated, reported in Capital Projects Funds		-		_		_	
Undesignated, reported in Permanent Fund		-				_	
Total fund balances (deficits)		23,452,008		5,802,511		26,286,111	
Total fullu palatices (deficits)		23,432,008		0,002,011		20,200,111	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	82,295,886	\$	13,223,471	\$	211,488,591	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Street Improvement Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds			
\$ 17,897,013	\$	67,260,626 253,966	\$	145,745,402 1,153,966			
- - - 9,945,814		1,110,500 - 1,955,564		75,118,520 2,422,120 160,865,000 16,236,878			
-		2,777 16,420,308 -		8,960 18,176,234 77,885			
 		1,057,670 	_	3,035,846 71,375			
\$ 27,842,827	\$	88,061,411	\$	422,912,186			
\$ 997,689 113,518 28,851,930	\$	1,639,609 111,040 21,263,218 94,612	\$	10,196,815 224,558 50,115,148 762,524			
- - -		20,627,308		195,600 21,687,580 242,454,017			
29,963,137		44,205,787		325,636,242			
84,350,814 -		- 13,192,460 -		71,375 101,569,727 77,885			
-		-		38,528,605 12,836,312			
(86,471,124) -		49,042,384 (19,192,688) 813,468		49,042,384 (105,663,812) 813,468			
(2,120,310)		43,855,624		97,275,944			
\$ 27,842,827	\$	88,061,411	\$	422,912,186			

# City of Wichita, Kansas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2003

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance governmental funds	\$ 97,275,944	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	000 070 070	
Cost	986,670,378	704.050.000
Accumulated Depreciation	(191,818,312)	794,852,066
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	200,536,234	
Special Assessment Bonds Payable	160,865,000	
Premium on Bonds Payable	3,972,419	
Accrued Interest Payable on the Bonds	3,895,202	
Section 108 Loan	2,735,000	
Bond anticipation notes	22,968,952	
Accreted interest	2,456,762	
Compensated Absences	7,038,537	
Liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs	27,050,200	(431,518,306)
Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the entity-wide statements as soon as the related improvement has been completed.	,	160,865,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		37,496,556
addivided in the diatement of net addets.		01,400,000
Total net assets governmental activities	\$ 658,971,260	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

		General Fund		ederal/State Assistance Fund		Debt Service Fund
REVENUES	_	== 100 010	•		•	00 477 505
Taxes	\$	55,106,918	\$	-	\$	26,177,595
Special assessments		31,597		-		25,042,498
Franchise fees		29,259,353		-		-
Local sales tax		19,867,702		-		-
Intergovernmental		15,937,542		30,691,981		-
Licenses and permits		1,743,499		-		-
Fines and penalties		8,453,523		-		-
Rentals		2,277,308		-		-
Interest earnings		2,859,295		143,856		698,547
Charges for services and sales		6,953,578		- 400 007		-
Other		4,379,400		2,430,927		372,376
Total revenues		146,869,715		33,266,764		52,291,016
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		18,718,563		353,315		-
Public safety		77,989,340		2,535,610		-
Highways and streets		17,329,099		396,921		-
Sanitation		2,016,096		-		-
Health and welfare		3,574,435		29,921,077		-
Culture and recreation		21,103,589		510,807		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		-		40,436,278
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		14,772,999
Capital outlay						
Total expenditures		140,731,122		33,717,730		55,209,277
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		6,138,593		(450,966)		(2,918,261)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term capital debt		-		-		-
Proceeds from refunding bonds		-		-		18,230,000
Premiums on bonds sold		-		-		4,045,112
Payments on refunded bonds		-		-		(21,880,000)
Transfers from other funds		3,189,193		185,000		10,832,846
Transfers to other funds		(9,260,069)		(96,266)		(2,102,804)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,070,876)		88,734		9,125,154
Net change in fund balances		67,717		(362,232)		6,206,893
Fund balances - beginning		23,384,291		6,164,743		20,079,218
		20,001,201		5, . 5 1,1 15		_0,0.0,_10
Fund balances - ending	\$	23,452,008	\$	5,802,511	\$	26,286,111

Street	Other	Total
Improvement	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ 9,559,145	\$ 90,843,658
508,009	293,282	25,875,386
-	-	29,259,353
-	19,867,702	39,735,404
39,783,518	4,078,942	90,491,983
-	3,870,876	5,614,375
-	-	8,453,523
-	1,897,933	4,175,241
462,643	889,042	5,053,383
-	2,887,957	9,841,535
1,034,565	7,123,274	15,340,542
41,788,735	50,468,153	324,684,383
	6 270 752	25 242 620
-	6,270,752	25,342,630
-	6,217,063	86,742,013
-	1 574 450	17,726,020
-	1,574,450	3,590,546
-	4,604,631	38,100,143
-	4,372,142	25,986,538
8,534,532	6,236,454	55,207,264
588,541	319,605	15,681,145
111,808,938	59,524,155	171,333,093
120,932,011	89,119,252	439,709,392
(79,143,276)	(38,651,099)	(115,025,009)
76,042,987	43,263,587	119,306,574
-	-	18,230,000
-	-	4,045,112
-	-	(21,880,000)
6,512,815	23,925,294	44,645,148
, , , <u>-</u>	(32,985,086)	(44,444,225)
82,555,802	34,203,795	119,902,609
3,412,526	(4,447,304)	4,877,600
(5,532,836)	48,302,928	92,398,344
\$ (2,120,310)	\$ 43,855,624	\$ 97,275,944

# City of Wichita, Kansas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds		\$ 4,877,600
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays expense	(15,043,469) 102,843,649	87,800,180
In the statement of activities, the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only any proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of capital assets sold.		(5,090,272)
In the statement of activates, transfers of capital assets from governmental activities to business type activities are reported as transfers, whereas in the governmental fundathere is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources.	5,	(618,042)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		(137,532,314)
Bond premium proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, bu premiums on sales do not increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	t	(4,045,112)
The amortization of bond premiums decrease the long term liabilities in the statement of net assets but do not provide current financial resources to governmental funds.		72,693
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.  General obligation bonds  Special assessment bonds	32,256,277 29,865,000	
Bond anticipation notes Section 108 loan	14,770,986 195,000	77,087,263
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		39,332
In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the		
amounts actually paid). The compensated absences earned that exceed benefits paid is shown as an expense on the statement of activities.		(160,237)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(1,673,016)
Special assessments are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are properly recognized as revenue in the statement of activities as soon as the related improvement has been completed.		12,325,000
In the statement of activities, costs estimated to be incurred for closure and post-closur care of the landfill are recorded as incurred. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (or paid). The change in estimated costs incurred in excess of the amounts paid is	e	
shown as an expense on the statement of activities.		(1,127,500)
In the statement of activities, interest is accreted on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is accreted when interest payments are due.		(395,664)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 31,559,911

# GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 56,316,670	\$ 54,994,680	\$ 55,106,918	\$ 112,238	
Special assessments	17,440	21,350	31,597	10,247	
Franchise fees	31,308,880	29,760,570	29,259,353	(501,217)	
Local sales tax	21,165,190	20,476,050	19,867,702	(608,348)	
Intergovernmental	20,905,050	16,048,200	15,937,542	(110,658)	
Licenses and permits	1,678,160	1,847,630	1,743,499	(104,131)	
Fines and penalties	9,176,940	9,302,150	8,453,523	(848,627)	
Rentals	2,539,600	2,488,870	2,277,308	(211,562)	
Interest earnings	3,565,350	2,777,990	2,859,295	81,305	
Charges for services and sales	6,534,130	7,052,750	6,953,578	(99,172)	
Other	4,910,840	5,231,510	4,495,833	(735,677)	
Revised budget adjustment		7,972,310		(7,972,310)	
Total revenues	158,118,250	157,974,060	146,986,148	(10,987,912)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	25 050 425	40 405 605	40.770.004	04 040 044	
General government	35,050,135	40,425,625	18,776,984	21,648,641	
Public safety	81,830,160	79,169,970	78,048,950	1,121,020	
Highways and streets	19,323,450	18,413,950	17,910,844	503,106	
Sanitation	2,326,880	2,106,570	1,993,295	113,275	
Health and welfare	2,664,450	3,767,650	3,577,327	190,323	
Culture and recreation	23,676,180	22,067,540	20,964,490	1,103,050	
Total expenditures	164,871,255	165,951,305	141,271,890	24,679,415	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(6,753,005)	(7,977,245)	5,714,258	13,691,503	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from other funds	3,004,340	3,148,530	3,189,193	40,663	
Transfers to other funds	(10,717,480)	(9,637,430)	(9,260,069)	377,361	
Transfer to other funde	(10,717,100)	(0,007,100)	(0,200,000)	011,001	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,713,140)	(6,488,900)	(6,070,876)	418,024	
Net change in fund balances	(14,466,145)	(14,466,145)	(356,618)	14,109,527	
Fund balance - beginning	23,245,577	21,125,686	21,125,686		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 8,779,432	\$ 6,659,541	\$ 20,769,068	\$ 14,109,527	

### BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2003

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Airport Authority		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,758,040	\$ 2,767,241	\$ 5,258,787		
Investments	-	-	-		
Receivables, net	5,712,951	1,222,228	557,586		
Due from other funds	-	-	-		
Due from other agencies	-	-	2,160,016		
Inventories	1,223,624	-	-		
Prepaid items	1,508		50,573		
Total current assets	10,696,123	3,989,469	8,026,962		
Restricted assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	47,268,441	32,143,436	6,766,234		
Receivables	-	-	370,814		
Net investment in direct financing leases	-	-	77,569,852		
Total restricted assets	47,268,441	32,143,436	84,706,900		
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	8,244,990	2,669,580	11,730,700		
Airfield	-	-	107,663,708		
Buildings	56,805,386	74,504,619	37,557,945		
Improvements other than buildings	315,534,542	206,889,017	23,317,675		
Machinery, equipment and other assets	33,226,722	17,594,292	15,356,422		
Construction in progress	44,028,976	58,455,345	20,310,459		
Less accumulated depreciation	(113,632,001)	(61,846,442)	(121,080,011)		
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	344,208,615	298,266,411	94,856,898		
Other assets	1,892,484	1,906,715	32,898		
Total noncurrent assets	393,369,540	332,316,562	179,596,696		
Total assets	\$ 404,065,663	\$ 336,306,031	\$ 187,623,658		

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds		G	overnmental Activities	
En	Other terprise Funds	Totals	Int	ernal Service Funds
\$	4,362,817	\$ 16,146,885	\$	41,951,938 246,984
	322,464	7,815,229		886,088
	11,346	11,346		3,500,000
	641,724	2,801,740		-
	321,137	1,544,761		366,462
	-	52,081		681
	5,659,488	 28,372,042		46,952,153
	-	86,178,111		-
	-	370,814		-
		77,569,852		-
	-	164,118,777		-
	4,298,770	26,944,040		71,340
	-	107,663,708		-
	13,828,636	182,696,586		3,293,131
	81,687,409	627,428,643		-
	21,015,942	87,193,378		39,573,935
	5,743,960	128,538,740		-
	(20,232,092)	 (316,790,546)		(32,507,123)
	106,342,625	 843,674,549		10,431,283
	-	 3,832,097		
	106,342,625	 1,011,625,423		10,431,283
\$	112,002,113	\$ 1,039,997,465	\$	57,383,436

(Continued)

### BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2003

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds				
	War Util		Sewer Utility		Airport Authority
LIABILITIES	·		•		_
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,	109,271	\$ 472,600	) \$	452,818
Accrued interest payable	;	250,158		-	79,658
Temporary notes payable		-		-	-
Deposits	1,	776,900		-	15,186
Current portion of long-term obligations:					
General obligation bonds payable		-		-	575,000
Contracts payable	;	270,507		-	-
Claims payable		-		-	-
Compensated absences	;	396,489	255,553	3	234,982
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-		-	283,592
Accrued interest payable	1,	611,339	1,475,606	ò	370,814
Revenue bonds payable	5,	881,628	4,528,274	1	2,433,699
Total current liabilities	11,	296,292	6,732,033	<u> </u>	4,445,749
Noncurrent liabilities:					
General obligation bonds payable		-		-	3,740,000
Revenue bonds	124,	032,342	118,470,753	3	75,136,153
Unamortized deferred refunding	(4	494,657)	(419,634	1)	-
Unamortized revenue bond premium	2,	207,780	3,306,853	3	-
Contracts payable		277,803		-	-
Claims payable		-		-	-
Compensated absences		54,914	35,394	1	34,037
Total noncurrent liabilities	126,	078,182	121,393,366	3	78,910,190
Total liabilities	137,	374,474	128,125,399	<u> </u>	83,355,939
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets		-		-	-
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	216,	936,101	175,732,889	9	90,462,240
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		-		-	6,766,234
Debt Service	1,	502,562	1,475,607	7	-
Revenue bond reserves	39,	549,834	25,839,499	Э	-
Unrestricted		702,692	5,132,637		7,039,245
Total net assets		691,189	208,180,632		104,267,719
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 404,	065,663	\$ 336,306,03	1 \$	187,623,658

	Business-ty Entern	Governmental Activities	
	Lineipi	rise Funds	Activities
	Other		Internal Service
	Enterprise Funds	Totals	Funds
	400.070		
	\$ 403,376	\$ 2,438,065	\$ 876,092
	55,755	385,571	-
	225,900	225,900	-
	968	1,793,054	1,094,200
	2,401,312	2,976,312	-
	-	270,507	-
	_	· -	5,051,000
	269,248	1,156,272	263,294
		202 502	
	-	283,592	-
	-	3,457,759	-
		12,843,601	
	3,356,559	25,830,633	7,284,586
	12,105,844	15,845,844	-
	-	317,639,248	-
	-	(914,291)	-
	-	5,514,633	-
	-	277,803	-
	-	· -	12,211,000
	33,289	157,634	38,051
	12,139,133	338,520,871	12,249,051
	45 405 000	004.054.504	40.500.005
	15,495,692	364,351,504	19,533,637
	-	-	10,431,283
	91,553,814	574,685,044	-
	4,754	6,770,988	-
	-	2,978,169	-
	-	65,389,333	_
	4,947,853	25,822,427	27,418,516
	96,506,421	675,645,961	37,849,799
	\$ 112,002,113	\$ 1,039,997,465	\$ 57,383,436
Total net assets		\$ 675,645,961	
Some amounts reported for busing the statement of net assets are certain internal service fund assets.	e different because		
included with business-type activ		353,243	
Net assets of business-type activ	vities	\$ 675,999,204	

Business-type Activities -

Governmental

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

	Business-type Activities -				
	-	Enterprise Funds			
	Water <u>Utility</u>	Sewer Utility	Airport Authority		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 31,977,977	\$ 25,714,023	\$ 3,393,963		
Fees	-	-	1,814,756		
Rentals	2,340	-	9,944,675		
Employer contributions	-	-	-		
Employee contributions	-	-	-		
Other	22,472	19,573	22,411		
Total operating revenues	32,002,789	25,733,596	15,175,805		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	7,288,557	8,248,033	5,388,124		
Contractual services	5,021,347	4,265,874	3,120,114		
Materials and supplies	2,568,441	1,995,052	3,046,962		
Cost of materials used	-	-	-		
Administrative charges	787,760	187,540	281,780		
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,960,050	1,555,450	-		
Depreciation	7,715,154	5,877,257	7,425,550		
Employee benefits	-	-	-		
Insurance claims	<del></del>		<del>-</del>		
Total operating expenses	25,341,309	22,129,206	19,262,530		
Operating income (loss)	6,661,480	3,604,390	(4,086,725)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Operating grants	-	-	-		
Interest on investments	550,601	360,290	5,284,826		
Other revenues (expenses)	(182,168)	(196)	(14,831)		
Interest expense	(4,122,996)	(2,648,895)	(5,391,635)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	9,558	(1,327,202)	(7,135)		
Bond premium (discount) amortization	(16,834)	41,782	(5,508)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,761,839)	(3,574,221)	(134,283)		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,899,641	30,169	(4,221,008)		
Capital contributions and operating transfers:					
Capital contributions	7,869,011	6,918,520	6,748,340		
Transfers from other funds	195,652	-	-		
Transfers to other funds	(1,056,938)	(513,856)	(577,600)		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	9,907,366	6,434,833	1,949,732		
Total net assets - beginning, as previously reported	256,783,823	206,891,218	102,317,987		
Prior period adjustment	<del>-</del>	(5,145,419)			
Total net assets - beginning, as restated	256,783,823	201,745,799	102,317,987		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 266,691,189	\$ 208,180,632	\$ 104,267,719		

	Enterprise Funds				Activities		
	Oth	ner Enterprise			Int	ernal Service	
		Funds		Totals		Funds	
	\$	7,079,172	\$	68,165,135	\$	7,988,464	
		2,850,133		4,664,889		-	
		494,217		10,441,232		7,652,781	
		-		-		20,529,764	
		-		-		5,072,706	
		28,703		93,159		436,626	
		10,452,225		83,364,415		41,680,341	
		7,782,222		28,706,936		5,798,297	
		3,518,103		15,925,438		3,151,755	
		1,504,881		9,115,336		2,709,855	
		-		-		2,175,227	
		376,700		1,633,780		234,270	
		159,020		3,674,520		-	
		3,981,510		24,999,471		2,982,889	
		-		-		19,504,044	
		-		-		5,968,039	
		17,322,436		84,055,481		42,524,376	
		(6,870,211)		(691,066)		(844,035)	
		2,547,646		2,547,646		-	
		62,652		6,258,369		455,649	
		(20,000)		(217,195)		-	
		(713,562)		(12,877,088)		-	
		(77,914)		(1,402,693)		73,030	
		-		19,440			
		1,798,822		(5,671,521)		528,679	
		(5,071,389)		(6,362,587)		(315,356)	
		7,294,567		28,830,438		490,051	
		3,818,080		4,013,732		662,108	
		(181,606)		(2,330,000)		(2,546,763)	
		5,859,652		24,151,583		(1,709,960)	
		90,646,769		656,639,797		39,559,759	
			-	(5,145,419)			
		90,646,769		651,494,378		39,559,759	
	\$	96,506,421	\$	675,645,961	\$	37,849,799	
Increase in net assets per	fund s	statements	\$	24,151,583			
Some amounts reported for the statement of activities net revenue (expense) of	are di	fferent because th	ie				
is reported with business-t				(36,944)			
Change in net assets of bo	usines	s-type activities	\$	24,114,639			

Business-type Activities -

Governmental

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

Business-type Activities -

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Airport		
	Utility	Utility	Authority		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$ 33,087,771	\$ 24,779,686	\$ 16,049,308		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(8,721,737)	(6,660,582)	(6,208,898)		
Cash payments to employees for services	(7,291,688)	(8,227,081)	(5,390,626)		
Payment in lieu of franchise fees	(1,960,050)	(1,555,450)	-		
Other operating revenues	22,472	19,573	22,411		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,136,768	8,356,146	4,472,195		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating grant received	-	-	-		
Transfers from other funds	- (4.050.000)	- (445 700)	(577.000)		
Transfers to other funds Interfund loan	(1,056,938)	(445,760) -	(577,600)		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,056,938)	(445,760)	(577,600)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payment of temporary notes	(10,000,000)	(40,000,000)	-		
Proceeds from capital debt	48,115,000	72,250,000	-		
Premium on bonds sold	2,191,543	3,275,875	-		
Accrued Interest on bonds sold	123,644	185,666	-		
Bond issuance costs paid	(903,258)	(1,356,472)	-		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(25,122,380)	(15,349,795)	(11,746,132)		
Debt service - principal	(5,386,104)	(3,836,292)	(550,000)		
Debt service - interest	(5,790,913)	(5,169,357)	(262,376)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	9,558	(1,327,202)	(7,135)		
Capital contributions	4,131,494	2,091,560	5,564,679		
Net cash provided by (used in)					
capital and related financing activities	7,368,584	10,763,983	(7,000,964)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sale and maturity					
of investment securities	-	-	-		
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-		
Interest on investments	550,601	360,290	144,534		
Net cash provided by investing activities	550,601	360,290	144,534		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	21,999,015	19,034,659	(2,961,835)		
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	29,027,466	15,876,018	14,986,856		
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 51,026,481	\$ 34,910,677	\$ 12,025,021		

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			C	Sovernmental Activities
	Enterpris	ег	ilius		Activities
	Other			In	ternal Service
Ent	erprise Funds		Totals		Funds
	0.60		. 010.0		
\$	10,279,406	\$	84,196,171	\$	37,506,893
	(5,318,553)		(26,909,770)		(31,537,222)
	(7,797,307)		(28,706,702)		(5,753,199)
	(159,020)		(3,674,520)		-
	28,703		93,159		436,626
-	(2,966,771)		24,998,338		653,098
	_		_		
	2,674,226		2,674,226		_
	3,818,080		3,818,080		662,108
	(54,050)		(2,134,348)		(2,546,763)
	-		-		-
	6,438,256		4,357,958		(1,884,655)
	(2,983,800)		(52,983,800)		-
	2,821,660		123,186,660		-
	-		5,467,418		-
	-		309,310		-
	-		(2,259,730)		-
	(3,314,703)		(55,533,010)		(2,130,041)
	(2,138,992)		(11,911,388)		-
	(714,824)		(11,937,470)		-
	(77,914)		(1,402,693)		-
	2,034,822		13,822,555		-
	(4,373,751)		6,757,852		(2,130,041)
	-		-		65,000
	-		-		73,030
	62,652		1,118,077		460,170
	62,652		1,118,077		598,200
	(839,614)		37,232,225		(2,763,398)
	5,202,431		65,092,771		44,715,336
	5,202,751		00,002,771		<del></del> ,,,,,,,,,,
\$	4,362,817	\$	102,324,996	\$	41,951,938

(Continued)

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Airport Authority	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,661,480	\$	3,604,390	\$	(4,086,725)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		7,715,154		5,877,257		7,425,550
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		1,046,975		(934,337)		915,919
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(180,758)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(1,508)		-		(12,383)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable/accrued expenses		(161,923)		(212,116)		252,341
(Decrease) increase in deposits		60,479		-		(20,005)
Increase in claims payable		-		-		-
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences		(3,131)		20,952		(2,502)
Total adjustments		8,475,288		4,751,756		8,558,920
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	15,136,768	\$	8,356,146	\$	4,472,195
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities						
Assets contributed by benefit districts	\$	3,616,644	\$	4,821,485	\$	-
Change in assets contributed by other government		-		-		-
Capital grants received		-		-		-
Capital contributed by local government		-		-		-
Decrease in net investment in direct financing leases		-		-		545,661
(Decrease) in revenue bonds payable		-		-		(545,661)
Decrease in interest receivable on direct financing leases		-		-		52,092
(Decrease) in accrued interest payable on revenue bonds		-		-		(52,092)
Interest income on investment in direct financing leases		-		-		5,140,292
Interest expense on revenue bonds payable		-		-		(5,140,292)
Contribution of capital assets		120,873		5,475		-
Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		195,652		(68,096)		-

	Business-typ Enterpris			G	overnmental Activities
	Linterpris	e i u	iius		Activities
	Other			Int	ernal Service
En	terprise Funds		Totals		Funds
\$	(6,870,211)	\$	(691,066)	\$	(844,035)
	3,981,510		24,999,471		2,982,889
	(144,542)		884,015		(3,736,822)
	33,788		(146,970)		112,476
	-		(13,891)		1,986
	47,343		(74,355)		270,593
	426		40,900		· -
	-		-		1,825,000
	(15,085)		234		41,011
	3,903,440		25,689,404		1,497,133
\$	(2,966,771)	\$	24,998,338	\$	653,098
\$	4,724,076	\$	13,162,205	\$	-
	-		-		-
	-		-		400.054
	-		- 545,661		490,051
	-		(545,661)		-
	_		52,092		-
	_		(52,092)		-
	-		5,140,292		-
	-		(5,140,292)		-
	486,779		613,127		-
	(127,556)		-		-

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2003

	-	Pension Trust Funds	Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	15,818,927	\$	6,124,370
Receivables:				
Investment sales pending		1,366,652		-
Interest and dividends		1,783,275		3,541
Accounts		_		1,213,826
Other		481,785		-
Total receivables		3,631,712		1,217,367
Investments, at fair value:				
Government securities: long term		24,237,380		400,820
Corporate debt instruments: long term		65,662,034		-
Corporate stocks		353,201,811		-
Mortgage-backed securities		36,666,427		-
Value of interest in pooled funds		289,803,805		-
Total investments		769,571,457		400,820
Total assets		789,022,096		7,742,557
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,932,281		1,533,045
Compensated absences		28,195		
Investment purchases pending		2,340,467		-
Deposits		=		6,209,512
Total liabilities		6,300,943		7,742,557
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for:				
Employees' pension benefits		782,721,153		-
Individuals, organizations, and other governments				
Total net assets	\$	782,721,153	\$	-

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

		2003 Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:	•	0.005.004
Employer	\$	8,265,984
Employee Total contributions		6,908,919
i diai contributions	-	15,174,903
Investment income:		
From investment activities		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		135,784,440
Interest and dividends		11,481,262
Commission recapture		114,056
Total investment earnings		147,379,758
Less investment expense		3,266,382
Net income (loss) from investing activities		144,113,376
From securities lending activities		
Securities lending income		932,443
Securities lending activities expenses:		
Borrower rebates		668,348
Management fees		78,726
Total securities lending activities expenses		747,074
Net income from securities lending activities		185,369
Total net investment income (loss)		144,298,745
Transfers from other funds		1,138,869
Total additions		160,612,517
DEDUCTIONS		
Pension benefits		34,289,067
DROP and Back DROP payments		1,863,183
Pension administration		500,374
Employee contributions refunded		853,838
Transfers to other funds		1,138,869
Other deductions		62,260
Total deductions		38,707,591
Change in net assets		121,904,926
Net assets - beginning		660,816,227
Net assets - ending	\$	782,721,153

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wichita is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from the blended component unit is combined with data of the primary government. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> - The Wichita Airport Authority (WAA) serves all citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council. Bond issuance authorizations are approved by the governing body of the primary government and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Authority's debt remains with the government. The Wichita Airport Authority is reported as an enterprise fund.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> - The Wichita Public Building Commission (WPBC) acquires and finances buildings or facilities for the City of Wichita or other local, state and federal agencies, school districts, and the Wichita State University Board of Trustees. The nine-member board is appointed by the Mayor and City Council. Of the nine members, one member is recommended for appointment by the County Commissioners of Sedgwick County, Kansas, and one by the President of Wichita State University. The Kansas Secretary of Administration and the Superintendent of Unified School District Number 259 serve as provisional members of the board of the WPBC. Members of the WPBC Board may only be removed for just cause. The City of Wichita provides staff support and legal representation by the Department of Law. Additionally, the City of Wichita is liable on a contingent basis and will make rental payments, if necessary, to supplement rental payments in connection with the City/County "wrap-around" obligation for the State Office Building. (Refer to Note 20.E. - Public Building Commission Lease, for further disclosure.) The WPBC is presented as a proprietary fund type.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared by the Wichita Airport Authority or the Wichita Public Building Commission.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets on page A-5 and the statement of changes in net assets on page A-7) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported discretely from the legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Special assessments receivable that are not due within the current fiscal period and not susceptible to accrual are recorded as deferred revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the principal fund of the City that accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

The <u>Federal/State Assistance Fund</u> accounts for assistance received from Federal and State grant sources providing benefits to the community. The City maintains a separate fund for each

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued) Federal or State grant program. Because of the large number of such funds, the funds that are similar in nature or are funded by the same grantor agency have been consolidated.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Street Improvement Fund</u> accounts for capital improvements related to streets, arterials and freeway projects that are financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, special assessments, local sales tax, Federal grants and other City funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Water Utility Fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water component of the combined utility, providing an adequate, quality supply of water and means of wastewater disposal.

The <u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sewer component of the combined utility, including wastewater treatment plants and more than 1,200 miles of sewer laterals and mains.

The <u>Wichita Airport Authority Fund</u> accounts for the provision of air transportation services for the public, business and industry, while maintaining the safe operation of assets.

The government also reports the following fund types:

A <u>permanent fund</u> is used to report resources that are restricted for the maintenance and perpetual care of municipal cemeteries.

<u>Internal service funds</u> are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to account for the City's self-insurance activities.

<u>Pension trust funds</u> account for the activities of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System, Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System and the Wichita Employees' Retirement System – Plan 3, all of which accumulate resources for pension benefits for qualified employees.

<u>Agency funds</u> are used to report resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financials statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued) sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's Enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments, which is managed by the Director of Finance (except for investments of the pension trust funds and those of the Wichita Public Building Commission). The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and also, effectively, may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities, carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Interest income earned is allocated to contributing funds based on average daily cash balances and in accordance with the adopted budget.

#### E. Investments

Investments of all funds (except the pension trust funds) and the component unit are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. For the pension trust funds, investments are reported at fair value. Investments traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last trade price of the day. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar investments.

Investments that do not have an established market are reported at their estimated fair value. The pension trust funds invest in Treasury strips and various asset backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations and credit card trusts.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In accordance with governing State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed as of January 1 and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied, with the balance to be paid on or before June 20 of the ensuing year (May 10 for 2004 through 2008). State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheet of the appropriate funds. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the year and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Recognized State-shared taxes represent payments received during the current fiscal period. State statutes specify distribution dates for such shared taxes. For revenue recognition purposes, amounts collected and held by the State on behalf of the City at year-end are not due and receivable until the ensuing year.

Federal and State grant aid is reported as revenue when the related reimbursable expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received.

#### G. Revenue Recognition for Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds follow the policy of recognizing revenue on sales when services are rendered. The Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Utilities recognize revenues for unbilled services. All users, including other City departments, are charged for services provided by the respective proprietary fund. Accounts receivable represent uncollected charges (both billed and unbilled) at December 31, net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

#### H. Special Assessments

Kansas statutes require projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Special assessments paid prior to the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project. Special assessments received after the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the debt service fund or a liability in a City of Wichita revocable escrow account for prepaid special assessments. The escrow is revocable and, therefore, not technically public funds.

The prepayment amount is discounted for the estimated interest earnings realized from investing the prepayment amount. The amount of interest plus prepayment equals the amount of debt service paid on outstanding bonds. State statutes allow levying additional ad valorem property taxes in the City's debt service fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable, if necessary. Special

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### H. Special Assessments (continued)

assessments receivable are accounted for within the debt service fund. Special assessments are levied over a ten to fifteen year period and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. Delinquent assessments against property benefited by special assessments constitute a lien against such property. When assessments are two years in arrears, they may be collected by foreclosure. At December 31, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue.

#### I. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses that benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the proprietary fund are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method except for the Water Utility, Transit Fund, and Fleet/Building Fund, which are valued using an average unit cost method.

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost ranging from \$1,500 to \$250,000, depending on the type of asset. Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost (if actual historical cost is not available). Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For proprietary funds, interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets. Additionally, in situations involving the acquisition of certain assets financed with the proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing, any interest earned on related interest-bearing investments from such proceeds are offset against the related interest costs in determining either capitalization rates or limitations on the amount of interest costs to be capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government and its component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets Classification	Year
Buildings and improvements	1-42
Improvements other than buildings	1-50
Equipment	1-33
Vehicles	1-20
Public domain infrastructure	15-60
Water/Sewer mains and drainage	75-85
Airfields	5-40

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### K. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

Annually, the Water Utility and Sewer Utility pay to the General Fund of the City, in lieu of franchise fees, an amount not to exceed five percent of gross revenues for the preceding year, which is determined by the City and included in the annual budget.

#### L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts to employees who separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee terminations and retirements.

#### M. Statement of Cash Flows

The reporting entity defines cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows as all cash and temporary investments (both restricted and unrestricted).

#### N. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### O. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units", was issued in May 2002. This Statement provides criteria for determining whether certain organizations should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government and to clarify reporting requirements for those organizations. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year 2004.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", was issued in March 2003. The statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Statement No. 40 also establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for deposit risks: custodial credit risk and foreign currency risks. The Statement will apply to the financial statements of the City for fiscal year 2005.

GASB Statement No. 42 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries", was issued in November 2003 and it will apply to financial statements of the City for fiscal year 2005. Statement No. 42 establishes guidance for accounting and reporting for the impairment of capital assets and for insurance recoveries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 2. Budgetary Control

Applicable Kansas statutes require that annual budgets be legally adopted for all funds (including proprietary funds) unless exempted by a specific statute. Specific funds exempted from legally adopted budgets are all Federal and State assistance funds, all capital projects funds (including capital projects of proprietary funds), the Wichita Airport Authority, Golf Course System, Transit, Self-Insurance, and all trust and agency funds. The component unit (Wichita Public Building Commission) is also exempt from legally adopted budgets. Controls over spending in funds and the component unit that are not subject to legal budgets are maintained by the use of internal spending limits established by management. K.S.A. 79-2926 et seq provides the following sequence and timetable for adoption of budgets:

- 1] Preparation of budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1 of each year.
- [2] Publication of proposed budget on or before August 5 of each year. A minimum of ten days notice of public hearing, published in local newspaper, on or before August 15 of each year.
- [3] Adoption of final budget on or before August 25 of each year.

K.S.A. 79-2927 requires that all money to be raised by taxation and from all other sources for the ensuing budget year must be appropriated. The law does not permit an appropriation for sundry or miscellaneous purposes in excess of ten percent of the total. The budget for each fund may include a non-appropriated balance not to exceed five percent of the total of each fund. The City of Wichita appropriates amounts for fund balance reserves in the various governmental funds on a budgetary basis; appropriated fund balance reserves are not intended to finance routine expenditures.

Kansas statutes prohibit creating expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. In accordance with Kansas statutes, the legal level of control for the City is established at the individual fund level, also permitting the transfer of budgeted amounts from one object or purpose to another within the same fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year, except for outstanding encumbrances, which are reappropriated in the following fiscal year.

Kansas statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The City must first publish a notice of hearing to amend the budget. Ten days after publication, a public hearing is held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

#### 3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are prepared on a basis (budgetary basis) different from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). For budgeting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, except for special assessments of the debt service fund that are recognized on the cash basis. The major difference between GAAP and budgetary basis is the reporting of encumbrances (purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments) as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP) as opposed to the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary). Adjustments necessary to convert the net change in fund balances and the ending fund balances from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the general fund are provided as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 3. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

	I	Net Change in Fund Balance rom Prior Year	 Fund Balances at End of Year
General Fund - GAAP Basis	\$	67,717	\$ 23,452,008
Increase (decrease) affecting basis:			
Revenue due to cancellation of prior year encumbrances		116,433	116,433
Expenditures due to prior year encumbrances		2,258,605	-
Expenditures due to current year encumbrances		(2,799,373)	(2,799,373)
Budgetary Basis	\$	(356,618)	\$ 20,769,068

#### 4. Fund Balance Deficits

At December 31, 2003, fund balance deficits were as follows:

Primary Government	Fund Balance Deficits	
Street Improvement fund	\$	2,120,310
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Water Main Extension		3,658,494
Park Bond Construction		3,648,788
Public Improvement Construction		4,453,498
Sewer Construction		16,124,964
Total Reporting Entity	\$	30,006,054

The Street Improvement and nonmajor governmental fund balance balance deficits will be financed through the sale of bonds authorized by the City Council but not yet sold at December 31, 2003.

#### 5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending

#### A. Cash

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reporting entity to categorize their cash deposits at year-end according to three credit risk categories. Category 1 includes cash deposits that are insured under a federal depository insurance fund or are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes cash deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes cash deposits that are uncollateralized or collateralized with securities which are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of December 31, 2003, the reporting entity's cash deposits were categorized as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending (continued)

#### A. Cash (continued)

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Total
Bank Deposits	\$24,029,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,029,769
Reconciling Items				(4,985,298)
Book Balance				\$ 19,044,471

Reconciling items primarily include outstanding checks and deposits that were in transit at year-end.

State law (K.S.A. 9-1402) requires that collateral be pledged equal to or greater than 100 percent of the market value of the reporting entity's deposits. As of December 31, 2003, the reporting entity had deposits in eight banks totaling \$24,029,769 with assets pledged to the reporting entity by the banks as collateral with a fair value of \$42,526,818.

#### B. Investments

State law (K.S.A. 12-1675-12-1677) allows monies, not otherwise regulated by statute, to be invested in:

- 1. Temporary notes of the City of Wichita;
- 2. Time deposits, open accounts or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years;
- 3. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, state or federally chartered savings and loan associations, which have offices located in Wichita;
- 4. United States treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years:
- 5. U.S. Government-Agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years that do not have any more interest rate risk than U.S. Government obligations or similar maturities;
- 6. The municipal investment pool fund operated by the State Treasurer:
- 7. A municipal investment pool established through the trust department of commercial banks, which have offices located in Wichita.

State law (K.S.A. 10-131) allows investment of the proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following, in addition to those stated above:

- 1. U.S. Government and agency obligations;
- 2. Time deposits with banks and trust companies in Sedgwick County;
- 3. FNMA, FHLB and FHLMC obligations;
- 4. Collateralized repurchase agreements;
- Investment agreements with financial institutions including broker/dealers whose obligations are rated in one of the three highest rating categories by either Moody's or Standard & Poors;
- 6. Mutual funds with portfolios consisting entirely of obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agencies, FNMA, FHLB and FHLMC;
- 7. Certain Kansas municipal bonds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 5. Cash, Investments, and Securities Lending (continued)

#### B. Investments (continued)

City ordinance (34-671; section 2.52.100) authorizes the Group Life Insurance Fund to hold investments comprised of:

- 1. U.S. Government securities;
- 2. Corporate bonds of A quality or better, as listed in Moody's or Standard & Poors;
- 3. Not more than 50 percent may be invested in equity mutual funds.

Cemetery Fund investments are authorized to be prudently invested at the discretion of the City's Director of Finance.

Deposits and investments for the Wichita Public Building Commission are invested by trustees and are held under trust indentures.

All of the deposits and investments of the Wichita Employees' and Police and Fire Retirement Systems are held in a joint investment fund that is invested by outside money managers and are held under a custodial agreement. City ordinance (44-812; section 2.28.090) authorizes the Wichita Employees' Retirement System and City ordinance (Charter Ordinance 176) authorizes the Police and Fire Retirement System to invest in:

- 1. Common stock (not more than 70 percent);
- 2. Direct or indirect obligations of the U.S. Government;
- 3. Corporate bonds rated A or better;
- 4. Commercial paper of high quality:
- 5. Foreign securities (not more than 25 percent);
- 6. Real estate (pooled) (not more than 10 percent).

The pension funds follow an overall strategic allocation policy that includes investments in four asset types: domestic equities, international equities, domestic fixed income, and international fixed income. Additionally, the pension funds invest in various asset-backed securities such as collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO's) and credit card trusts to maximize yields and reduce the impact of interest rate changes. These securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments on the underlying assets. For example, CMO's break up the cash flows from mortgages into categories with defined risk and return characteristics called tranches. The tranches are differentiated by when the principal payments are received from the mortgage pool. Changes in interest and mortgage prepayment rates may affect the amount and timing of cash flows. The pension funds utilize a combination of asset backed securities which vary in their degree of volatility.

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 5. Cash, Investments and Securities Lending (continued)

#### B. Investments (continued)

investments for which the securities are held by the broker, dealer, or financial institution, or financial institution's trust department or safekeeping department, or agent but not in the City's name.

On December 31, 2003, approximately 62 percent of the investments owned by the pension funds were in category 1.

At year-end, investments of the primary government were as follows:

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Investments - categorized:	<u> </u>	<del></del>			
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 301,622,419	-	_	\$ 301,622,419	\$ 302,232,187
Stocks	353,282,248	-	-	353,282,248	353,613,130
Corporate bonds	65,711,763	-	-	65,711,763	65,713,992
Mortgage and asset					
backed securities	36,666,427		<u>-</u> _	36,666,427	36,666,427
Subtotal	<u>\$757,282,857</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	757,282,857	758,225,736
Investments - not categorized:					
Mutual/pooled funds				289,803,805	289,803,805
Total investments				\$1,047,086,662	\$1,048,029,541

At year-end, investments of the Wichita Public Building Commission were as follows:

	Carrying	Fair
	Amount	Value
Investments-not categorized:		
Mutual/pooled funds	<u>\$ 1,918,271</u>	<u>\$ 1,918,271</u>

#### C. Securities Lending Transactions

Policies of the Board of Trustees for the Wichita Employees' Retirement and Police and Fire Retirement Systems permit the lending of securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The custodian of the City's pension plans is an agent in lending the plans' domestic securities for collateral of 102 percent and international securities for collateral of 105 percent. Collateral may consist of cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies, or irrevocable letters of credit issued by a bank (including an affiliate of the agent), other than the securities borrower or affiliate, which is either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a foreign bank that has complied with applicable requirements of the Federal Reserve Board. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the City unless the borrower defaults. The agent shall require additional collateral from the borrower whenever the value of loaned securities exceeds the value of the collateral in the agent's possession, so that collateral always equals or exceeds the required value of the loaned securities. Contracts with the lending agent require them

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 5. Cash, Investments and Securities Lending (continued)

#### C. Securities Lending Transactions (continued)

to indemnify the Systems, if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the Systems for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. All securities loans can be terminated on demand either by the Systems or the borrower.

At year-end, the pension systems did not have any securities on loan.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2003 was as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 182,055	\$ 79,331	\$ (50,313)	\$ 211,073
Construction in progress	181,520	67,304	(44,584)	204,240
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	363,575	146,635	(94,897)	415,313
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	170,144	1,880	(858)	171,166
Improvements other than buildings	22,625	9,973	(501)	32,097
Machinery, equipment and other assets	60,854	12,899	(2,618)	71,135
Infrastructure	315,014	26,644	(1,761)	339,897
Total capital assets being depreciated	568,637	51,396	(5,738)	614,295
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(64,958)	(4,517)	222	(69,253)
Improvements other than buildings	(10,654)	(803)	-	(11,457)
Machinery, equipment and other assets	(44,455)	(4,675)	2,119	(47,011)
Infrastructure	(88,591)	(8,031)	18	(96,604)
Total accumulated depreciation	(208,658)	(18,026)	2,359	(224,325)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	359,979	33,370	(3,379)	389,970
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 723,554	\$ 180,005	\$ (98,276)	\$ 805,283

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 6. Capital Assets (continued)

	 Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions		Balance December 31
Business-type activities:					_
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 22,956	\$ 4,093	\$ (105)	\$	26,944
Construction in progress	118,689	 62,033	 (52,183)		128,539
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 141,645	 66,126	 (52,288)	_	155,483
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Airfields	107,664	-	-		107,664
Buildings	182,020	1,394	(717)		182,697
Improvements other than buildings	581,435	50,008	(4,014)		627,429
Machinery, equipment and other assets	 84,265	 7,664	 (4,736)		87,193
Total capital assets being depreciated	 955,384	 59,066	 (9,467)		1,004,983
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Airfields	(59,395)	(4,799)	-		(64,194)
Buildings	(72,749)	(4,405)	707		(76,447)
Improvements other than buildings	(121,566)	(9,798)	147		(131,217)
Machinery, equipment and other assets	 (43,011)	 (5,997)	 4,075		(44,933)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (296,721)	 (24,999)	 4,929		(316,791)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 658,663	 34,067	 (4,538)		688,192
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 800,308	\$ 100,193	\$ (56,826)	\$	843,675

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government, as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,622
Public safety	1,548
Highways and streets, including depreciation of general infrastructure assets	7,942
Sanitation	110
Health and welfare	724
Culture and recreation	3,097
Capital assets held by the government's internal services funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	2,983
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 18,026
Business-type activities:	
Water	7,715
Sewer	5,877
Airport Authority	7,426
Nonmajor enterprise funds	3,981
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 24,999

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Retirement Funds

The reporting entity contributes to two single-employer defined benefit pension plans and a single-employer defined contribution plan, covering all full-time employees. The defined benefit plans include the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WERS) and the Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System (WPFRS). Each system is administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The single-employer defined contribution plan consists of the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 that is also governed by the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees.

The Wichita Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for WERS and WPFRS. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Wichita Retirement System, City Hall, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, 455 N. Main, Wichita, KS 67202 or by calling (316) 268-4544.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### Basis of Accounting

The Wichita Employees' Retirement System, Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System, and the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 are reported as pension trust funds in the City's financial statements and use the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market or fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last trade price of the day. If no close price exists, then a bid price is used. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar investments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at their estimated fair value.

#### Management of Plan Assets

The Board of Trustees of all Systems have contractual arrangements with independent investment counselors for management of the assets of the Systems. The firms have been granted discretionary authority concerning purchases and sales of investments within guidelines established by City ordinances. The Board of Trustees of the pension systems also have contractual arrangements with independent firms which monitor the investment decisions of the Systems' investment counselors.

#### Reserves and Concentrations

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits for either plan. The plans held no individual investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) where the market value exceeded five percent or more of net assets available for benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Retirement Funds (continued)

#### A. Wichita Employees' Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The WERS was established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, disability benefits, death benefits, and other benefits for all regular full-time civilian employees of the reporting entity and their dependents. Plan 1 was established by City ordinance on January 1, 1948 and became closed to new entrants as of July 19, 1981. With the initiation of Plan 2, which was established by City ordinance on July 18, 1981, all covered employees of Plan 1 were given the option of converting to the new plan. Plan 2 was also closed to new entrants with the establishment of Plan 3, effective January 1, 1994. However, upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in Plan 3 may convert to participation in Plan 2. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WERS are authorized by the City Council.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. Members of Plan 1 and 2 are required to contribute 6.4 and 4.7 percent of covered salaries, respectively. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2003 was 4.7 percent of annual covered payroll for both Plans 1 and 2. The City provides for pension expenses by levying ad valorem property taxes each year in the amount necessary to meet its obligation as determined by the WERS consulting actuary.

#### Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2003, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,007,656 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.75 percent per year compounded annually (4.5 percent attributable to inflation and .25 percent attributable to productivity), (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 3.8 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 3.0 percent per year (non-compounded) after retirement for Plan 1 and 2.0 percent per year (non-compounded) for Plan 2.

The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the second year this smoothing method has been used.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Retirement Funds (continued)

#### A. Wichita Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. At December 31, 2003, the amortization period was 20 years.

#### Three Year Trend Information

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year	Annual Required	Percentage	Net Pension
Ending	Contribution	Contributed_	Obligation
12/31/01	\$1,843,213	100	\$0
12/31/02	1,957,922	100	0
12/31/03	2,007,656	100	0

#### B. Police and Fire Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The WPFRS is divided into three plans - Plan A, Plan B, and Plan C-79. The plans were established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, death benefits, and other benefits for Police and Fire Officers of the reporting entity and their dependents. All full-time active "commissioned" Police and Fire department personnel are required to participate in the plans. Plans A and B were established by City ordinance on January 1, 1965 and Plan C-79 was established January 1, 1979 by City ordinance. Plan B was closed to new entrants as of January 1, 1965 and Plan A was closed to new entrants as of December 31, 1978. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WPFRS are authorized by the City Council.

#### Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. WPFRS members are required to contribute six to eight percent of covered salaries. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2003 was 10.9 percent of annual covered payroll. The City provides for pension expenses by levying ad valorem property taxes each year in the amount necessary to meet its obligation as determined by the consulting actuary.

#### Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2003, the City's annual pension cost of \$5,043,505 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75 percent per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.75 percent per year

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Retirement Funds (continued)

#### B. Police and Fire Retirement System (continued)

compounded annually (4.5 percent attributable to inflation and .25 percent attributable to productivity), (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 3.0 percent per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.0 percent per year (non-compounded) commencing 36 months after retirement.

The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the second year this smoothing method has been used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. At December 31, 2003, the amortization period was 20 years.

#### Three Year Trend Information

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year	Annual Required	Percentage	Net Pension
Ending	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/01	\$4,796,863	100	\$0
12/31/02	4,746,504	100	0
12/31/03	5,043,505	100	0

#### C. Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3

The reporting entity provides pension benefits for all of its full-time civilian employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 1994. This is a defined contribution plan; therefore, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. At December 31, 2003, current membership totaled 845.

Plan 3, established by City Ordinance on April 9, 1993 and amended on February 8, 2000, requires that both the employee and the reporting entity contribute an amount equal to 4.7 percent of salary (base pay plus longevity) each pay period. The reporting entity's contributions and earnings for each employee are 25 percent vested after three years of service, 50 percent vested after five years and are fully vested after seven years of continuous service.

Upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in this plan may, within 90 days thereafter, advise the Board of the employee's decision to convert to participation in the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. If an employee elects to convert to Plan 2, the employee's account on the date of election shall become part of Plan 2. Fully vested employees who elect to continue participation in Plan 3 beyond seven years, may contribute additional amounts into the plan as permitted by the rules of the Internal Revenue Code in effect at

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Retirement Funds (continued)

#### C. Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3 (continued)

the time of the contribution. Contributions of the reporting entity and earnings forfeited by employees who leave employment before seven years of service are used to reduce the reporting entity's contribution requirements.

For the year ending December 31, 2003, employee and employer contributions to Plan 3 totaled \$1,214,823 and \$1,214,823, respectively.

#### 8. Self-Insurance Fund

The City established a self-insurance fund in 1987 to account for self-insurance programs of workers' compensation, group life insurance, employee liability, property damage, auto liability and general liability for the reporting entity. Beginning in 1996, the City chose a fully insured health plan, Premier Blue, to replace the self-insured plan previously offered. The contributions and premiums for this plan are also accounted for through this fund. For those funds paying insurance costs, the contributions are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund and revenues in the self-insurance fund. The City records liabilities for known claims and estimated liabilities incurred but not reported at year-end. These claims are reflected under accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the internal service funds.

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claim	Fiscal
Fund	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
Workers' Compensation				
2001 - 2002	\$ 9,560,000	\$5,354,500	\$(3,959,500)	\$10,955,000
2002 - 2003	10,955,000	7,028,520	(4,909,520)	13,074,000
General Liability				
2001 - 2002	4,316,000	1,630,461	(1,464,461)	4,482,000
2002 - 2003	4,482,000	764,519	(1,058,519)	4,188,000

#### A. Health Insurance

The employee health insurance program became fully insured beginning January 1, 1996. Prior to this date, the plan was primarily self-insured. Health insurance is offered to substantially all full-time employees of the reporting entity. The employee health insurance is provided through Preferred Health Systems and Preferred Plus of Kansas HMO, with a self-referral option and out of area benefits. A monthly premium is paid to the insurance company that is responsible for all medical and administrative costs. At December 31, 2003, the City had \$3,785,849 of net assets available for future health insurance premiums. These funds are being retained to stabilize future premium increases and provide a reserve, if the City should choose to self-insure this exposure again in the future. The City continues to self-insure the prescription drug portion of the health plan, utilizing National Medical Health Card as the plan administrator.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 8. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

#### B. Workers' Compensation

The workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the reporting entity. The annual requirements of the workers' compensation program are determined based on current claims outstanding and estimates of future liability based on pending claims, maintaining a 90 percent confidence level. The City has reinsured for liabilities exceeding \$300,000 per occurrence through the Employer's Reinsurance Corporation. The City transferred this coverage to Midwest Employers Casualty effective 01/01/02 with a \$500,000 per occurrence deductible. The increased deductible was taken into account for 2002 and subsequent actuarial projections. The City maintains a reserve to meet State and actuarial requirements and to provide contingency funding. At December 31, 2003, the City recorded a liability of \$13,074,000 for estimated probable claims pending. Net assets at December 31, 2003 were \$1,681,203.

#### C. Life Insurance

The City maintains a cost plus life insurance program administered by Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company which provides life, accidental death and dismemberment, and conversion privileges to participants and life insurance to designated dependents. Benefit levels are based on employee compensation. The City offers additional voluntary accidental death and dismemberment insurance for both employees and eligible dependents, the total cost of which is paid by the employee. Contributions (employee and employer), plus interest earned on investments, are used for premium payments. All full-time employees of the reporting entity are eligible to participate in the plans. Coverage is terminated, if the participant fails to make contributions toward the cost of insurance, if the participant terminates employment with the City and does not elect the conversion option, or if the plan is terminated.

The Board of Trustees retained consulting actuaries in 1995 to perform a study of the City's group life insurance program, consisting of an analysis of the current financial status of the program with emphasis on the adequacy of the current reserve and premium levels. The group life insurance consulting actuaries stated that the fund balance was \$1.9 million in excess of that required to meet a 99.9 percent confidence level (the probability that actual annual claims will not exceed the amount of the reserve). The Board of Trustees believes this reserve level to be adequate. At December 31, 2003, net assets totaled \$3,088,622.

#### D. General Liability

The City's general liability program provides for legal defense and claims against employees of the reporting entity when an incident occurs during the course of employment. The program also includes vehicle liability and building and content insurance. The deductible portion of the building and content insurance coverage is paid from the self-insurance fund. The deductible is \$100,000 per occurrence.

The City is self-insured for tort liability claims against the reporting entity. The Kansas Tort Claims Act provides a liability limitation of \$500,000 per occurrence. Effective November 1, 1996, the City purchased an excess policy of insurance for federal and out of state actions because the limitations under the State's Tort Claims Act do not apply to federal and out of state actions. The policy provided coverage of \$10 million with a \$1 million self-insured retention. Due to dramatic cost increases and the fact that the City experienced no claims against the policy since inception, the federal and out of state actions liability policy was not renewed on November 1, 2002. The decision not to renew the policy

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 8. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

#### D. General Liability (continued)

was considered by the actuary when making reserve calculations.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. At December 31, 2003, the City recorded a \$4,188,000 liability for pending claims (maintaining a 90 percent confidence level) and to provide for the loss of excess liability coverage and potential environmental liability exposure. At December 31, 2003, net assets totaled \$10,783,905.

#### 9. Long-Term Debt

#### A. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation bonds outstanding (expressed in thousands of dollars) at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Payable from	Interest Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental activities:		
Ad valorem property taxes	2.00 - 6.50%	\$ 78,744
Transient guest tax	4.15 - 6.50%	10,552
Tax increment financing	3.00 - 6.40%	18,550
Local sales tax	3.25 - 5.00%	92,690
Subtotal - governmental activities		200,536
Business-type activities:		
Storm Water Utility	2.5 - 4.60%	7,477
Golf Course System	4.60 - 6.50%	7,014
Transit	5.30%	16
Wichita Airport Authority	4.70 - 8.80%	4,315
Subtotal – business-type activities		18,822
Total general obligation bonds		\$219.358

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities	
Year ending				
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2004	\$ 22,661	\$ 8,262	\$ 2,976	\$ 853
2005	21,757	7,792	3,075	708
2006	20,024	7,077	3,175	558
2007	17,742	6,337	1,351	446
2008	16,848	5,678	1,402	382
2009 - 2013	68,284	19,477	5,487	997
2014 - 2018	33,220	4,178	1,356	102
Totals	\$200.536	\$ 58.801	\$ 18.822	\$ 4.046

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The City of Wichita also issues special assessment bonds to provide funds for the construction of infrastructure in residential developments. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Governmenta	Governmental Activities			
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest			
2004	\$ 14,905	\$ 7,482			
2005	15,240	6,373			
2006	14,110	5,677			
2007	14,250	5,047			
2008	13,905	4,474			
2009 - 2013	61,630	13,908			
2014 - 2018	26,825	2,860			
Totals	\$160,86 <u>5</u>	\$45,821			

#### B. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are also issued by the City of Wichita and the Wichita Public Building Commission, where income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Final			
	Interest	Maturity	Amount	
	Rates	Date	Outstanding	
Primary Government		·		
Enterprise Funds:				
Water and Sewer:				
1997-Water & Sewer	4.50 - 7.875%	2016	\$ 50,130	
1998-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 4.70%	2012	22,125	
1999-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 6.00%	2018	40,785	
2000A-Water	4.69%	2021	2,472	
2000B-Water	4.69%	2021	4,256	
2001-Water & Sewer	3.00 - 5.00%	2009	12,780	
2003-Water & Sewer	2.00 - 5.25%	2028	120,365	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### B. Revenue Bonds (continued)

teveride Borido (continued)	Interest	Final Maturity	Amount
	Rates	Date	<u>Outstanding</u>
Wichita Airport Authority:			
Airborne Freight Corp,			
Series A, 1994	6.30 - 6.75%	2009	615
Wichita Airport Hotel			
Associates, L.PSeries 1992	7.00%	2005	3,160
Learjet, IncSeries A, 1995	7.00%	2005	618
Federal Express-Series A&B, 1997	6.45%	2013	1,025
Learjet, IncSeries A, 1997	7.00%	2007	3,869
Ballard Aviation-Series 1998	5.40 - 6.25%	2018	1,015
Executive Aircraft CorpSeries 1999	5.40 - 6.75%	2014	2,605
Cessna Aircraft Company-Series 2000	8.00%	2009	11,203
Yingling Aircraft-Series 2001	7.50%	2021	1,300
Cessna Aircraft Corp. – Series A, 2002	6.25%	2032	49,300
FlightSafety – Series A, 2003	Variable*	2031	2,860
Total Primary Government			<u>\$330,483</u>
Component Unit			
Wichita Public Building Commission:			
Wichita State University,			
Series K, 1999	5.00%	2007	1,700
Wichita State University,			
Series L, 2001	3.00 - 5.00%	2017	16,225
Kansas Sports Hall of Fame			
Series M, 2003	2.25 - 4.4%	2023	1,700
Refunding St. Office Building			
Series N, 2003	2.00 - 4.00%	2014	<u> 13,880</u>
Total Component Unit -			
Wichita Public Building Commission			\$33.505
The little is able ballang commission			<u> <del>400,000</del></u>

<sup>\*</sup>The FlightSafety – Series A, 2003 bonds have a variable interest rate, adjustable weekly based on the rate at which the bonds can be remarketed at par, as determined by a remarketing agent, with an interest rate ceiling of 15 percent. The interest rate utilized to calculate the debt service requirements was the effective rate on December 31, 2003 of 1.35 percent.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

			Compo	onent
Year ending	Business-f	Business-type Activities		BC
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2004	\$ 12,844	\$ 17,000	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,332
2005	14,673	16,236	2,560	1,203
2006	12,742	15,593	2,760	1,126
2007	13,380	15,003	2,525	1,036
2008	12,104	14,388	2,425	949
2009 - 2013	80,396	59,246	13,475	3,372
2014 - 2018	66,825	41,123	7,775	819
2019 - 2023	43,419	27,512	555	76
2024 - 2028	21,940	18,822	-	-
2029 - 2032	<u>52,160</u>	<u>10,894</u>		
Totals	<u>\$330,483</u>	<u>\$ 235,817</u>	\$ 33,50 <u>5</u>	\$ 9,913

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### C. Contract Payable

The Water Utility maintains a contract payable to the U.S. Department of Interior for construction of Cheney Reservoir, which was issued for \$5,754,025 in January, 1961. The liability is payable in annual installments on October 1. The remaining balance on December 31, 2003 is \$548,310 calling for two principal installments, \$270,507 in 2004 and to \$277,803 in 2005 plus interest at 2.625 percent. Debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Utility contract payable are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Business-type	<b>Activities</b>
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2004	\$270	\$15
2005	<u>278</u>	7
Totals	<u>\$548</u>	<u>\$22</u>

#### D. Section 108 Loan

In April 1999, the City entered into a loan agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for funding of \$3,610,000 for the construction of a manufacturing, training, and employment center on 21<sup>st</sup> Street. The City entered into an operating lease with Cessna Aircraft Company for rental of the facility, with rental payments designed to cover principal and interest owed by the City on the loan. See footnote 12.A. – Operating Leases, for further disclosure. Interest rates for amounts outstanding under the loan range from 5.4 percent to 6.33 percent. Debt service requirements to maturity for the HUD Section 108 loan are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending	Governmental Activities		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Int	terest
2004	\$ 205	\$	163
2005	220		152
2006	235		140
2007	250		126
2008	260		112
2009 - 2013	<u>1,565</u>	_	303
Totals	<u>\$2,735</u>	\$	996

#### E. Other Long-Term Obligations

The City's municipal solid waste facility, Brooks Landfill, closed operations October 9, 2001. Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Estimated postclosure costs for the required remaining 27.75 years totaled \$26,977,200, or \$972,151 annually. Additionally, closure costs totaling \$38,700 and \$34,300 have been reported for the construction and demolition landfill and the industrial monofill landfill for asbestos waste, respectively. These costs will be liquidated from prior years' landfill fees accumulated in the Landfill Postclosure Fund. See footnote 18. – Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care, for further disclosure.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### F. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Internal Service Funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the following totals for governmental activities. At year-end, compensated absences totaling \$301,345 are included in the amounts below. Also, for governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2003, is as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Governmental activities	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance	One year
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$160,419	\$ 72,373	\$(32,256)	\$200,536	\$22,661
Special assessment debt with					
government commitment	148,540	42,190	(29,865)	160,865	14,905
Unamortized premium		4,045	(73)	<u>3,972</u>	
Total bonds payable	308,959	118,608	(62,194)	365,373	37,566
Bond anticipation notes	14,771	22,969	(14,771)	22,969	22,969
Section 108 loan	2,930	-	(195)	2,735	205
Accreted interest	2,061	540	(144)	2,457	-
Compensated absences	7,138	7,203	(7,001)	7,340	6,460
Landfill closure and					
postclosure care	25,923	2,027	(900)	27,050	<u>972</u>
Total long-term liabilities –					
Governmental activities	<u>\$361,782</u>	<u>\$151,347</u>	<u>\$(85,205)</u>	<u>\$427,924</u>	<u>\$68,172</u>
Business-type activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,689	\$ 2,822	\$ (2,689)	\$ 18,822	\$ 2,976
Revenue bonds	219,622	123,225	(12,364)	330,483	12,844
Unamortized premium	290	5,467	(242)	5,515	-
Deferred amount on refunding	(1,023)		109	<u>(914)</u>	
Total bonds payable	237,578	131,514	(15,186)	353,906	15,820
Contract payable	812	-	(264)	548	270
Compensated absences	<u>1,314</u>	1,253	(1,253)	<u>1,314</u>	<u>1,156</u>
Total long-term liabilities –					
Business-type activities	<u>\$239,704</u>	<u>\$132,767</u>	<u>\$(16,703)</u>	<u>\$355,768</u>	<u>\$17,246</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 9. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### F. Changes in Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Component Unit - Wichita Public	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance	One year
<b>Building Commission (WPBC)</b>					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$37,470	\$ 15,580	\$(19,545)	\$33,505	\$1,430
Unamortized premium	474		(32)	442	
Total long term liabilities - WPBC	<u>\$37,944</u>	<u>\$ 15,580</u>	<u>\$(19,577)</u>	<u>\$33,947</u>	<u>\$1,430</u>

#### G. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond ordinances related to the issuance of revenue bonds of the respective Enterprise Funds provide for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2003, the City was in compliance with all significant reserve requirements of the respective Water and Sewer Utility revenue bond ordinances.

#### H. Current Refunding of Long-Term Debt

On August 1, 2003, the City issued \$14,375,000 in general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 2.57 percent to refund \$14,380,000 of outstanding Series 731, Series 741 & Series 744 general obligation sales tax bonds with an average net interest cost of 5.12 percent. As a result, the Series 731, 741 & 744 general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the long-term debt of the City. The City completed the refunding to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 7 years by \$1,425,405.

On November 1, 2003, the City issued \$48,855,000 in general obligation bonds with a net interest cost of 3.86 percent to refund \$7,500,000 of outstanding Series 1996 general obligation sales tax bonds with a net interest cost of 4.44 percent and to reimburse current project expenditures in the amount of \$45,000,000. As a result, the Series 1996 general obligation sales tax bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the long-term debt of the City. The City completed the refunding to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 3 years by \$255,486.

On July 30, 2003, the Wichita Public Building Commission, in conjunction with additional funds from the State of Kansas and the City of Wichita, the (WPBC) issued \$13,880,000 in revenue refunding bonds (Series N) with a net interest cost of 3.07 percent to refund \$15,320,000 of outstanding

Series H 1993 revenue bonds with a net interest cost of 5.48 percent. As a result of the current refunding, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and have been removed from the long-term debt of the WPBC. The WPBC completed the current refunding to reduce total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$1,497,826.84.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 10. Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City and the Wichita Public Building Commission defeased certain general obligation, revenue, and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. At December 31, 2003, bonds outstanding of \$500,000 related to governmental activities and \$10,576,000 from the Wichita Public Building Commission are considered defeased.

#### 11. Temporary Notes Payable

Kansas Statutes permit the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects that will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the governing body must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing, and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. Temporary notes outstanding at December 31, 2003 are payable as follows:

	Interest	Amount	Maturity
Primary Government	Rate	Outstanding	Date
Capital Projects Funds:			
Street and Bridge Improvements - Series 208	2.0 %	\$36,945,300	02/19/04
Sewer Improvements -Series 208	2.0 %	9,579,450	02/19/04
Water Improvements -Series 208	2.0 %	2,559,350	02/19/04
Public Improvements -Series 208	2.0 %	23,974,000	02/19/04
Park Improvements -Series 208	2.0 %	26,000	02/19/04
Enterprise Funds:			
Storm Water Utility Improvements - Series 208	2.0%	225,900	02/19/04
Total Reporting Entity		<u>\$73,310,000</u>	

During 2003, the City issued \$209,010,000, retired \$230,340,000 and reclassified \$22,968,952 of temporary notes for various capital improvement projects activities.

Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
\$94,640,000	\$209,010,000	\$230,340,000	\$73,310,000

#### 12. Leases

#### A. Rentals Under Operating Leases

The City and the Airport Authority lease facilities and land to various airlines, concessionaires, commercial entities and others. These leases are for varying periods, from one month to 40 years, and require the payment of minimum annual rentals. The following are future minimum rentals of non-cancelable operating leases:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 12. Leases (continued)

#### A. Rentals Under Operating Leases (continued)

	Minimum Rentals of Non-
Year ending December 31	cancelable Operating Leases
2004	\$ 5,239,269
2005	2,920,195
2006	2,630,146
2007	2,322,470
2008	2,259,139
2009 - 2013	9,443,490
2014 - 2018	8,912,964
2019 - 2023	7,465,289
2024 - 2028	4,297,275
2029 - 2033	1,555,041
2034 - 2038	1,445,850
2039 - 2043	1,518,752
2044 - 2048	127,071
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 50,136,951

The above amounts do not include contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases; such contingent rentals totaled \$1,511,613 in 2003.

#### B. Direct Financing Leases

The Wichita Airport Authority (WAA) has authorized the construction of buildings on Authority-owned land by 21 tenants. These tenants lease the land from the WAA for periods ranging from two months to 40 years with renewal options ranging from five to 25 years. The WAA has assisted in the financing of certain of these buildings through the issuance of Airport Facility Revenue Bonds.

The Wichita Public Building Commission (WPBC) has assisted in the financing of buildings and facilities for The Wichita State University, the State of Kansas and Unified School District (USD) No. 259 through the issuance of revenue bonds and by entering into lease agreements with the Board of Trustees of the University, the State of Kansas, and USD No. 259. These bonds are payable from lease payments that are made directly to a trustee for the purpose of retiring the principal and interest of the related bonds as they mature.

Additionally, lease payments for The Wichita State University are secured by a pledge of the surplus on an ad valorem tax levy in amounts sufficient to guarantee the rentals under the leases. Such surplus consists of the proceeds of one and one-half (1½) mill tax levy on all tangible property within the City of Wichita which is not needed to guarantee the rentals due under certain leases from the WPBC to the Board of Trustees of The Wichita State University.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 12. Leases (continued)

#### B. Direct Financing Leases (continued)

Pursuant to lease agreements for the financing of the Finney State Office Building, the City of Wichita and Sedgwick County are contingently liable and will make rental payments, as necessary, to supplement the rental payments to be paid by the State of Kansas so that the total shall be sufficient to pay the debt service on the revenue bonds.

The financing of these facilities by the WAA and the WPBC represent direct financing leases and accordingly, the net investments of such leases are recorded on the respective enterprise fund and component unit balance sheets as restricted assets. The following lists the components of the net investment in direct financing leases as of December 31, 2003:

	WAA	WPBC	Total
Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$176,896,393	\$43,418,501	\$220,314,894
Less: unearned income	99,326,541	9,913,501	109,240,042
Net investment in direct financing leases	\$ 77,569,852	\$33,505,000	\$111,074,852

The future minimum lease rentals to be received under direct financing leases are as follows:

Year ending	Airport	Wichita Public Building	
December 31	Authority	Commission	Total
2004	\$ 7,365,055	\$ 2,762,195	\$ 10,127,250
2005	8,455,974	3,763,196	12,219,170
2006	5,859,724	3,886,466	9,746,190
2007	5,859,439	3,560,824	9,420,263
2008	4,727,006	3,374,209	8,101,215
2009 - 2013	31,779,017	16,846,557	48,625,574
2014 - 2018	17,083,038	9,225,054	26,308,092
2019 - 2023	17,114,071	-	17,114,071
2024 - 2028	15,599,300	-	15,599,300
2029 - 2033	63,053,769		63,053,769
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 176,896,393	\$ 43,418,501	\$ 220,314,894

#### 13. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. These are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2003, there were 140 series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$4,689,691,413.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 13. Conduit Debt Obligations (continued)

Special Facility Revenue Bonds have been issued by the Wichita Airport Authority to provide for the construction of buildings on Authority-owned land. These bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of rentals to be received from lease agreements between the Authority and various tenants. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City or the Airport Authority. At December 31, 2003, 11 series of Special Facility Revenue Bonds were outstanding totaling \$77,569,852. See Note 12.B., Direct Financing Leases, for further disclosure.

To assist in the financing of buildings, facilities, and equipment for other governmental units, the Wichita Public Building Commission has issued four series of revenue bonds. These bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable from payments received based on underlying lease agreements. As of December 31, 2003, the aggregate principal amount payable was \$33,505,000. See Note 12.B., Direct Financing Leases, for further disclosure.

#### 14. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers reflect the flow of resources from one fund to another fund, generally from the fund in which the resources are received or reside to the fund in which the resources will be expended. During the year ended December 31, 2003 interfund transfers totaled \$49,320,988, that is, both transfer revenue and expenditures were each \$49,320,988. Additional information is provided in the table summary.

Non-routine transfers from the General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds consisted primarily of \$2.7 million transferred to the Economic Development Fund, \$300,000 of which is operating resources for the Economic Development function, and \$2.4 million for discount airline carrier agreements.

	Interfund Transfers (dollars in thousands) Transfers From																			
Transfers To		eneral Fund	S	eral & tate stance		Debt ervice	Gov	onmajor ernmenta Funds		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		irport Fund	Ente	nmajor erprise unds	Se	ternal ervice unds		Total
Major Funds:																				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,666	\$	692	\$	408	\$	369	\$	54	\$	-	\$	3,189
Federal & State Assistance Street		185		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		185
Improvement		10		-		289		6,214		-		-		-		-		-		6,513
Debt Service Nonmajor		-		87		-		10,746		-		-		-		-		-		10,833
Governmental		4,997		9		1,814		14,359		150		-		209		-		2,387		23,925
Water Fund Nonmajor		-		-		-		-		-		68		-		128		-		196
Enterprise Internal		3,818		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,818
Service		250				-		-		215		38		-		-		159		662
Total	\$	9,260	\$	96	\$	2,103	\$	32,985	\$	1,057	\$	514	\$	578	\$	182	\$	2,546	\$	49,321

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 14. Interfund Transfers (continued)

The Debt Service Fund transfers to nonmajor governmental funds of \$1.8 million reflect transfers to capital projects funds to retire temporary notes. Transfers from the internal service funds to nonmajor governmental are for funding of information technology capital projects.

#### 15. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables/payables result from product or services provided to other funds or loans between funds. Individual fund receivable/payable balances at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Fund	2003 Interfund Receivables
General Fund	\$ 50,000
Federal and State Assistance Funds:	
Police Federal Grants Subfund	1,048,926
Debt Service Fund	657,000
Internal Service	3,500,000
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
Local Sales Tax CIP Fund	16,420,308
Nonmajor enterprise funds:	11,346
Total	\$ 21,687,580
	2003 Interfund
Fund	 Payables
General Fund:	\$ 11,346
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Self-Supporting Municipal District	50,000
Gilbert & Mosley TIF District	657,000
Water Main Extension Fund	2,297,179
Park Bond Construction Fund	3,617,575
Public Improvement Construction Fund	3,500,000
Sewer Construction Fund	10,505,554
Federal and State Assistance Funds: Unified Work Program Subfund	151,162
Workforce Investment Act Subfund	148,950
Welfare to Work Subfund	14,236
Emergency Shelter HUD Subfund	23,138
Federal Health Projects Subfund	276,712
Emergency Shelter SRS Subfund	11,913
HOME Program Subfund	422,815
Total	\$ 21,687,580

Interfund receivables/payables at the end of December 2003 include a cash advance from the Police Federal Grants to the various federal and state assistance subfunds for which grant drawdowns are pending. The Debt Service Fund has recorded a receivable of \$657,000 from the tax increment-financing district Gilbert and Mosley for debt service payments due in late 2003 and scheduled for repayment in early 2004. The Self-Insurance Fund of the internal service funds has a 24 month interest-bearing loan to

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 15. Interfund Receivables/Payables (continued)

the Public Improvement Construction Fund, supported by an executed note for an economic development project. Most significant are the receivables in the Local Sales Tax CIP Fund of \$16.4 million to the Capital Project Funds until projects are completed and long term financing has been secured.

#### 16. Reserves and Designations of Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance is reported to denote portions of fund balance that are either (1) legally restricted to a specific future use or (2) not available for appropriation or expenditures. The following reservations of fund balance are used by the City: [1] reserved for encumbrances - used to segregate a portion of fund balance for expenditures upon vendor performance; [2] reserved for inventory – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that inventories do not represent available or spendable resources, and [3] reserved for prepaid items – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that prepaid items do not represent available or spendable resources.

Designations of fund balances are not legally required segregations, but segregate unreserved fund balance for a specific purpose. A designation of the unreserved fund balance is reported in the amount of \$12,242,494 for the General Fund for the subsequent year's appropriation. Additionally, the unreserved fund balance of the Debt Service Fund totaling \$26,286,111 is designated for future debt service requirements.

#### 17. Passenger Facility Charges

In 1994, the Wichita Airport Authority first received approval from the Federal Aviation Administration to impose and use a passenger facility charge (PFC) of \$3 for each eligible passenger utilizing Wichita Mid-Continent Airport, effective December 1, 1994. The first funds were received by the Wichita Airport Authority in January 1995. The charge is collected by all carriers and remitted to the Airport Authority, less an \$.08 per passenger handling fee. The proceeds from the PFC are restricted to use for certain FAA approved capital improvement projects. As of December 31, 2003, the Airport Authority has submitted approval on four applications with a total amended authorized amount of \$25,625,809 of which \$16,368,878 has been collected.

#### 18. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

The City's municipal solid waste facility, Brooks Landfill, closed operations October 9, 2001. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on the municipal solid waste facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Accordingly, a liability of \$26,977,200 for postclosure care for the remaining 27.75 years has been reported as a long-term liability of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets as of December 31, 2003.

During 2001, the City was granted permission to operate a construction and demolition (C&D) landfill at

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 18. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care (continued)

the existing Brooks Landfill site. The C&D landfill began operation October 10, 2001. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover when it closes. The City is required to report a portion of the closure costs as a liability in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2003, a long-term liability of \$38,700 has been recorded under governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets, representing the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 12.5 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining closure costs of \$281,900 as the remaining capacity is filled. Based on activity to date, the City of Wichita expects the C&D landfill to close in approximately 2019, or as capacity is reached.

In May 2002, the City began operation of an industrial monofill landfill for asbestos waste at the existing Brooks Landfill site. Applicable Kansas and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover when it closes. The City is required to report a portion of the closure costs as a liability in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2003, a long-term liability of \$34,300 has been recorded under governmental activities on the Statement of Net Assets, representing the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 7.4 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining closure costs of \$430,300 as the remaining capacity is filled. Based on activity to date, the industrial monofill landfill is expected to close in approximately 2023, or as capacity is reached.

The estimates are subject to change due to inflation, deflation, technology, laws or regulations.

Financial assurance for closure and post-closure care costs of the landfills has been demonstrated by the local government financial test, as specified in 40 CFR 258.74(f), adopted by reference for use in Kansas by K.A.R. 28-29-98. The Landfill Postclosure Fund and landfill tipping fees will provide the primary source of funding for the landfills' closure and postclosure costs. Additional financing needs beyond those met by the trust fund and user fees will potentially require the sale of bonds.

#### 19. Prior Period Adjustments

A selective system study of the Sewer Utility was completed and recorded in a sewer utility project, a component of construction in progress. The project was closed in 2003, however, the majority of the expenses were in the prior fiscal period and were not eligible for capitalization. Consequently, a prior period adjustment of \$5,145,419 was recorded for expenses of prior years, resulting in a decrease to the Sewer Utility Fund net assets.

#### 20. Contingencies and Commitments

#### A. Legal Matters

The reporting entity generally follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The reporting entity is vigorously defending its interest in all of the various legal actions and claims against the reporting entity presently pending involving personal injury

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

#### A. Legal Matters (continued)

(including workers' compensation claims), property damages, civil rights complaints, and other miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims will not have an adverse material effect on the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Under Kansas Statutes, should the courts sustain any of the litigation against the reporting entity, the City may issue no-fund warrants to cover any resulting over-expenditures not anticipated in the current year budget. The City is then required to levy sufficient ad valorem property taxes in the first levying period following issuance to retire such warrants. This tax levy is without limitation.

#### B. Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial, and compliance requirements with each applicable grant and any disallowed costs resulting from such audits could become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, any such disallowed costs will not have a material effect on the basic financial statements of the City at December 31, 2003

#### C. Environmental Matters

An area near the City's downtown has been designated by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) as the Gilbert and Mosley groundwater contamination site. In order to address this site, the City entered into an agreement with KDHE to conduct a Remediation Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) to investigate the contamination and protect human health and the environment, develop a clean-up plan, and avert property value decline within the site. Through this agreement the City has undertaken the obligation to perform the RI/FS and to perform such corrective measures as may be indicated by the RI/FS. The City has entered into an agreement with one potentially responsible party (PRP) to reimburse the City for costs of the RI/FS and certain other future costs, subject to a later reallocation. The City has also undertaken a Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) response cost proceeding in federal court against 26 defendants to share in the cost of clean-up. A tax increment-financing district (TIF) was established to raise funds for obligations the City may incur under the agreement with KDHE.

In January 1994, the KDHE completed its review of the RI portion of the report and made it available for review by the public. The RI report describes the nature and extent of contamination at the site. The FS portion of the report was approved by the State in 1994 and the Corrective Action Decision for Interim Groundwater Remediation was issued by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment for the site. The FS outlines the methods that are to be used for clean-up of the site and the Interim Corrective Action Decision specifies the conditions the City must meet in terms of clean-up levels and containment of the down gradient contamination. The Gilbert and Mosley Site Final Design Report, Final Interim Groundwater Remediation Plumes ABE, was approved by KDHE on October 5, 2000, and the Remedial Action Work Plan was approved by KDHE on March 1, 2001. The remediation system for plumes ABE has been constructed and cleanup of the

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

#### C. Environmental Matters (continued)

groundwater commenced in December of 2002. Ten additional sites have been declared orphan sites that are not addressed by the remediation system. Three of the sites will require remedial action.

In 1998, the City filed a lawsuit to recover its costs to cleanup and protect the groundwater. The action was filed against 26 defendants that owned or operated businesses at fifteen locations within the site. The Federal Court trial of the claims against four defendants was held in October and November 2002. The Court has rendered its decision in favor of the City. The financial obligation due to the City from defendants is under court review.

To date, settlements with a value of \$7.2 million have been made from about twenty entities. In addition to these settlements and pending civil action against the remaining parties, the City of Wichita is seeking contribution from Coleman, Inc., who committed to paying their share of the cleanup cost through a joint agreement with the City of Wichita; an agreement which contains a cost allocation formula. The amount that Coleman owes is currently in arbitration as called for in the agreement. Given the current status of these actions, it is not possible to describe with certainty the City's share of the total cost of the cleanup.

In January of 2002, the net present value of the proposed down gradient plume cleanup plan was estimated to total approximately \$16.4 million. Source area investigations and control were projected to be another \$9.7 million. Since the estimate was prepared, additional investigations, work plans and settlements have occurred that have reduced the City's obligation for some of the source areas and plumes of contamination. Court documents, under compilation at this time, will allow revision of the past costs and estimated future costs. The costs of cleanup, along with the costs of investigation and design, were sought from potentially responsible parties in the cost recovery lawsuit. The cost recovery efforts are intended to seek recovery from the parties responsible for the contamination and minimize the use of the tax increment-financing district.

In 1995, the City took action to apply the Gilbert and Mosley model to another portion of the community, known as the North Industrial Corridor (NIC). The investigation and cleanup plan is in the initial stages. To date, the City has created a tax increment-financing district and has signed an agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) to conduct a Remediation Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) with conditions similar to those identified in the Gilbert and Mosley site.

In addition, the City has entered into a participant agreement with over 27 businesses in the area that have provided partial funding for the RI/FS for the NIC site. The NIC RI/FS was initiated in 1997 and the field investigation phase was completed in the latter part of 2001. The RI portion of the RI/FS was submitted to KDHE in the latter portion of 2002 and is currently under their review. Upon approval of the RI, the feasibility study will be completed and submitted to KDHE. Submittal of the feasibility study is anticipated to be in the mid part of 2005. Until the remedial investigation and feasibility study for the NIC area is complete, a final resolution of cost sharing by potentially responsible parties cannot be finalized; therefore a meaningful estimation of the total cost of

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

#### C. Environmental Matters (continued)

investigation and cleanup activities is not currently available.

In 1996, groundwater contamination was identified at the City-owned Brooks Landfill. As a result of this finding, the City has entered into the appropriate agreements and permitting conditions regarding the investigation and cleanup of the contamination. The City has installed and is operating cleanup facilities at the site to address the contamination. The related liability is included in the total landfill closure and post-closure costs reflected in the general long-term debt, as of December 31, 2003. Note 18 - Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care, provides further disclosure regarding the future funding of landfill liabilities.

#### D. Construction Commitments

The City has outstanding construction commitments for freeway and arterial street construction and other capital improvements of \$94,404,640 at December 31, 2003. This amount is reflected as reserve for encumbrances in capital projects funds.

#### E. Public Building Commission Lease

The City of Wichita, in cooperation with Sedgwick County, entered into a lease agreement dated March 1, 1993 with the Wichita Public Building Commission in conjunction with the issuance of \$18,620,000 Revenue Bonds, Series H, 1993, to finance the acquisition, renovation, construction, and certain other improvements of a State Office Building and related parking facilities in downtown Wichita. In 2003, the original bonds on the State Office Building were refunded with the issuance of \$13,880,000 Revenue Bonds, Series N, 2003, to refinance the remaining debt at a lower interest cost.

The Wichita Public Building Commission previously entered into a lease agreement for the project with the State of Kansas regarding the acquisition and renovation of the former "Dillard's" building to provide rentable office space. Agencies of the State, including the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, lease office space in the State Office Building. The City/County lease is intended to be a "wrap-around" obligation wherein the City and County are contingently liable and will make rental payments, if necessary, to supplement the rental payments to be paid by the State pursuant to the State lease so that the total shall be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds.

In 2003, no such payments were required. The City of Wichita also serves as the Property Manager for the State Office Building and related parking facilities for the term of the lease.

#### F. Economic Development Activities

The City has established tax increment financing districts to support economic development activities, including the East Bank, 21st and Grove, and Old Town Redevelopment Districts. The City's contributions to these projects include streets, a waterwalk, meeting rooms for Expo Hall (adjacent to the downtown convention hotel), and a parking garage adjacent to the Hotel at Old Town, which are financed through the issuance of bonds in 1999 totaling \$14.97 million to date. Additional guest tax revenues generated by the Hotel at Old Town will also be used to retire bonds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 20. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

F. Economic Development Activities (continued) issued for improvements to the hotel.

In the event property and guest tax revenues generated by the tax increment financing districts and the Hotel at Old Town are not sufficient and other revenue sources are not available, under State law, the City would be required to levy additional property tax on all taxable tangible property in the City to meet debt service requirements for these projects.

#### 21. Subsequent Events

On February 1, 2004, the City issued \$13,390,000 of 15-year general obligation bonds (Series 776), \$10,185,000 in 10-year general obligation bonds (Series 777). The City also issued \$4,980,000 in general obligation tax increment financing bonds (Series 957) with an average interest rate of 3.4 percent and 2.8 percent, respectively. Further, the City issued \$92,810,000 general obligation renewal and improvement temporary notes (Series 210) with an average interest rate of 0.92 percent on February 19, 2004.

Accordingly, temporary notes payable totaling \$22,968,952 were reclassified as bond anticipation notes and are recorded as long-term liabilities of governmental activities, as of December 31, 2003. The notes were refinanced through the issuance of general obligation bonds (Series 776, Series 777, and Series 957) on February 19, 2004.

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## 2003 PENSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

#### Wichita Employees' Retirement System

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	F	Actuarial	Actua	arial Accrued	U	nfunded			A	Annual	UA	AL as a		
Actuarial	Actuarial Value of		Lia	bility (AAL)		AAL	Fun	ided	С	overed	Percentage of			
Valuation		Assets Entry Age		Intry Age	(	(UAAL)	Ra	ntio	F	Payroll	Covered Payroll			
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)		(a/b)		(c)		b-a)/c)		
12/31/01	\$	428,204	\$	353,158	\$	(75,046)		121.2	\$ 65,347			(114.8)		
12/31/02		433,366		370,399		(62,967)		117.0		68,117		(92.4)		
12/31/03		446,794		387,037		(59,757)		115.4		69,161		(86.4)		

#### Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	1	Actuarial	Actua	arial Accrued	U	nfunded			P	Annual	UAA	AL as a	
Actuarial	\	/alue of	Lia	bility (AAL)		AAL	Fun	ided	С	overed	Perce	entage of	
Valuation		Assets	Е	Entry Age		(UAAL)		itio	F	Payroll	Covered Payroll		
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a	/b)		(c)	((b	-a)/c)	
12/31/01	\$	362,493	\$	325,335	\$	(37,158)		111.4 \$ 42,286		42,286			
12/31/02		361,687		340,524		(21,163)		106.2		45,696		(46.3)	
12/31/03		374,171		350,444		(23,726)		106.8		45,876		(51.7)	

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS –

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The primary purpose of the Special Revenue Funds is to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources which are used to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation. The following nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are reported:

Tourism and Convention Downtown Trolley System Special Alcohol Program Special Parks and Recreation Ice Rink Management Landfill Landfill Postclosure Central Inspection **Economic Development** Sales Tax Pledge **Property Management Operations** State Office Building Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts Self-Supporting Municipal Improvement District Citv-County Art Museum Board

#### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The purpose of the Capital Projects Funds is to account for capital improvements (except those financed by proprietary funds) that are financed from the City's general obligation bond issues, special assessments, local sales tax, certain Federal grants and other City funds. Following are the nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

Water Main Extension
Park Bond Construction
Public Improvement Construction
Sewer Construction
Local Sales Tax CIP

#### Permanent Fund

The Cemetery Fund is reported as a permanent fund and receives earnings from investments that are used for the perpetual care of two cemeteries maintained by the municipality.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

Governmental Fund Types

	Re	Special evenue Funds	Pr	Capital ojects Funds		nanent Fund Cemetery		2003 Totals	2002 Totals
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,069,611	\$	14,634,290	\$	556,725	\$	67,260,626	\$ 68,420,384
Investments		-		-		253,966		253,966	256,480
Receivables, net:									
Due from other agencies		810,500		300,000		-		1,110,500	481,800
Accounts		1,639,232		316,332		-		1,955,564	2,001,014
Interest		-		-		2,777		2,777	2,792
Due from other funds		-		16,420,308		-		16,420,308	7,110,653
Notes receivable				1,057,670				1,057,670	 
Total assets	\$	54,519,343	\$	32,728,600	\$	813,468	\$	88,061,411	\$ 78,273,123
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEF Liabilities:	ICITS	<b>;</b> )							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	1,186,713	\$	452,896	\$	-	\$	1,639,609	\$ 3,992,802
Accrued interest payable		_		111,040		-		111,040	107,851
Temporary notes payable		-		21,263,218		-		21,263,218	18,233,946
Deposits		94,612		-		-		94,612	99,943
Due to other funds		707,000		19,920,308		-		20,627,308	7,185,653
Deferred revenue	_	350,000		120,000				470,000	 350,000
Total liabilities		2,338,325		41,867,462				44,205,787	 29,970,195
Fund balances (deficits):									
Reserved for encumbrances		3,138,634		10,053,826		-		13,192,460	32,234,057
Unreserved, undesignated	_	49,042,384		(19,192,688)		813,468	_	30,663,164	 16,068,871
Total fund balances (deficits)		52,181,018		(9,138,862)		813,468		43,855,624	 48,302,928
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	54,519,343	\$	32,728,600	\$	813,468	\$	88,061,411	\$ 78,273,123

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

		ourism and onvention		owntown ley System		ecial Alcohol Program		ecial Parks Recreation	Ice Rink Management		
ASSETS Cash and each equivalents	\$	346,219	\$	22 001	\$	922 650	\$	111 224	\$		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	Φ	340,219	Ф	33,881	Ф	823,659	Ф	111,224	Ф	-	
Due from other agencies		-		-		-		-		100,000	
Accounts				10,375							
Total assets	\$	346,219	\$	44,256	\$	823,659	\$	111,224	\$	100,000	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	-	\$	5,195	\$	3,684	\$	-	\$	-	
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities				5,195		3,684					
Fund balances:											
Reserved for encumbrances		50,000		-		439,149		-		-	
Unreserved, undesignated		296,219		39,061		380,826		111,224		100,000	
Total fund balances		346,219		39,061		819,975		111,224		100,000	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	346,219	\$	44,256	\$	823,659	\$	111,224	\$	100,000	

Landfill	 Landfill Postclosure	Central Inspection		Economic evelopment	Sales Tax Pledge		Property Management		State Office Building	
\$ 5,206,705	\$ 29,863,984	\$	1,671,131	\$ 2,073,882	\$	4,593,638	\$	1,977,759	\$ 758,764	
 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		- 37,713	 446,800		- -		3,500	3,300	
\$ 5,206,705	\$ 29,863,984	\$	1,708,844	\$ 2,520,682	\$	4,593,638	\$	1,981,259	\$ 762,064	
\$ 410,127 -	\$ 22,261	\$	129,514 55,500	\$ 11,357 -	\$	-	\$	173,245 7,179	\$ 18,180 -	
 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 350,000		- -		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	
 410,127	22,261		185,014	 361,357				180,424	 18,180	
 614,325 4,182,253	67,507 29,774,216		21,736 1,502,094	1,272,378 886,947		4,593,638		22,738 1,778,097	 5,519 738,365	
 4,796,578	 29,841,723		1,523,830	 2,159,325		4,593,638	_	1,800,835	 743,884	
\$ 5,206,705	\$ 29,863,984	\$	1,708,844	\$ 2,520,682	\$	4,593,638	\$	1,981,259	\$ 762,064	

(Continued)

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

									Totals					
	TIF Districts		Self-Supporting Municipal District		City- County		Art Museum Board		2003			2002		
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,037,043	\$	24,887	\$	427,639	\$	119,196	\$	52,069,611	\$	53,431,924		
Receivables, net: Due from other agencies		657,000		50,000				-		810,500		181,800		
Accounts		1,140,189		-		855		-		1,639,232		1,662,740		
Total assets	\$	5,834,232	\$	74,887	\$	428,494	\$	119,196	\$	54,519,343	\$	55,276,464		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:														
Accounts payable and other liabilities Deposits	\$	16,729	\$	-	\$	369,020 31,933	\$	27,401	\$	1,186,713 94.612	\$	1,455,990 99,943		
Due to other funds Deferred revenue		657,000 -		50,000 -		- -		- -		707,000 350,000		75,000 350,000		
Total liabilities		673,729		50,000		400,953		27,401		2,338,325		1,980,933		
Fund balances:														
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated		617,741 4,542,762		24,887		27,541 -		91,795		3,138,634 49,042,384		3,016,950 50,278,581		
Total fund balances		5,160,503		24,887		27,541		91,795		52,181,018		53,295,531		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,834,232	\$	74,887	\$	428,494	\$	119,196	\$	54,519,343	\$	55,276,464		

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## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

	Vater Main Extension	Park Bond Construction	Public Improvement Construction		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$	12,307,716	
Due from other agencies	-	-		300,000	
Accounts receivable, net	-	-		316,332	
Due from other funds	-	-		-	
Notes receivable	 	 		1,057,670	
Total assets	\$ 	\$ 	\$	13,981,718	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 48,289	\$ 5,133	\$	67,554	
Accrued interest payable	7,864	80		73,662	
Temporary notes payable	1,305,162	26,000		14,674,000	
Due to other funds	2,297,179	3,617,575		3,500,000	
Deferred revenue	 	 		120,000	
Total liabilities	 3,658,494	 3,648,788		18,435,216	
Fund balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	328,403	1,448,590		5,399,193	
Unreserved, undesignated	 (3,986,897)	 (5,097,378)		(9,852,691)	
Total fund balances (deficits)	 (3,658,494)	 (3,648,788)		(4,453,498)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 	\$ 	\$	13,981,718	

			 Totals					
(	Sewer Construction	 Local Sales Tax CIP	 2003		2002			
\$	-	\$ 2,326,574	\$ 14,634,290	\$	14,448,942			
	-	-	300,000		300,000			
	-	-	316,332		338,274			
	-	16,420,308	16,420,308		7,110,653			
		 	 1,057,670					
\$	_	\$ 18,746,882	\$ 32,728,600	\$	22,197,869			
\$	331,920	\$ -	\$ 452,896	\$	2,536,807			
	29,434	-	111,040		107,851			
	5,258,056	-	21,263,218		18,233,946			
	10,505,554	-	19,920,308		7,110,653			
	-	 	 120,000					
	16,124,964	 	 41,867,462		27,989,257			
	2.077.040		40.052.020		20 247 407			
	2,877,640	10 746 000	10,053,826		29,217,107			
	(19,002,604)	 18,746,882	 (19,192,688)		(35,008,495)			
	(16,124,964)	 18,746,882	 (9,138,862)		(5,791,388)			
\$	_	\$ 18,746,882	\$ 32,728,600	\$	22,197,869			

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### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

Governmental Fund Types Special 2003 2002 Capital Permanent Fund -Revenue Funds Projects Funds Cemetery Totals Totals **REVENUES** Taxes \$ 9,559,145 \$ \$ \$ 9,559,145 \$ 8,819,334 Special assessments 293,282 293,282 768,218 Local sales tax 19,867,702 19,867,702 20,476,052 Intergovernmental 4,002,820 76,122 4,078,942 4,528,148 Licenses and permits 3,870,876 3,870,876 4,432,280 Rentals 1,897,933 1,897,933 2,230,597 Interest earnings 723,622 128,128 37,292 889,042 2,295,971 Charges for services and sales 2,887,957 2,887,957 3,510,932 Other 597,026 6,525,248 1.000 7,123,274 5,539,211 Total revenues 43,407,081 7,022,780 38.292 50,468,153 52,600,743 **EXPENDITURES** Current: 23.609 7.898.984 General government 6.247.143 6.270.752 Public safety 6,217,063 6,084,117 6,217,063 Sanitation 1,574,450 2,365,260 1,574,450 Health and welfare 4,604,631 4,604,631 6,299,538 Culture and recreation 4,372,142 4,372,142 4,815,242 Debt service: Principal retirement 6,236,454 6,236,454 6,253,699 319,605 Interest and fiscal charges 319,605 297,549 Capital outlay 59,524,155 59,524,155 50,730,194 23,015,429 Total expenditures 66,080,214 23,609 89,119,252 84,744,583 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 20,391,652 (59,057,434)14,683 (38,651,099)(32,143,840) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from long-term capital debt 32,068,952 43,263,587 43,263,587 Transfers from other funds 5,265,232 18.660.062 23.925.294 22.605.679 Transfers to other funds (26,771,397)(6,213,689)(32,985,086)(42,635,287) Total other financing sources (uses) (21,506,165) 55,709,960 34,203,795 12,039,344 Net change in fund balances (1,114,513)(3,347,474)14.683 (4,447,304)(20,104,496)Fund balances - beginning 798,785 48,302,928 68,407,424 53,295,531 (5,791,388)

(9,138,862)

\$

813,468

43,855,624

48,302,928

52,181,018

Fund balances (deficits) - ending

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Tourism and Downtown Convention Trolley Syste			ecial Alcohol Program		cial Parks Recreation	Ice Rink Management		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 4,487,555	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Local sales tax	-		-	-		-		-	
Intergovernmental	-		-	1,303,241		1,303,241		-	
Licenses and permits	-		-	-		-		-	
Rentals	-		-	-		-		-	
Interest earnings	19,178		389	11,987		2,895		876	
Charges for services and sales	-		120,597	-		-		1,078,484	
Other									
Total revenues	 4,506,733		120,986	1,315,228		1,306,136		1,079,360	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	_		_	_		_		-	
Public safety	_		_	_		_		_	
Sanitation	_		-	-		-		-	
Health and welfare	_		_	1,652,720		_		_	
Culture and recreation	1,812,275		92,356	· · ·		_		1,171,075	
Total expenditures	1,812,275		92,356	1,652,720		-		1,171,075	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 2,694,458		28,630	 (337,492)		1,306,136		(91,715)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers from other funds	_		_	_		_		_	
Transfers to other funds	(2,544,220)		_	_	(	1,398,170)		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,544,220)		-	-		1,398,170)		-	
Net change in fund balances	150,238		28,630	(337,492)		(92,034)		(91,715)	
Fund balances - beginning	195,981		10,431	1,157,467		203,258		191,715	
2	100,001		10,101	 .,101,101				101,710	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 346,219	\$	39,061	\$ 819,975	\$	111,224	\$	100,000	

Landfill		Landfill estclosure	 Central nspection		onomic elopment	Sales Tax Pledge		Property Management		State Office Building	
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,130	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		19,867,702		-		-
-		-	- 3,870,876		-		-		-		-
-		41,658	-		_		- -		955,721		900,554
69,551		413,095	24,023		28,078		49,845		25,712		7,764
383,417		-	706,868		-		-		283,580		11,498
 -			 1,350		460,107				135,519		-
 452,968		454,753	 4,609,247		488,185		19,917,547		1,400,532		919,816
-		-	-	:	2,352,821		-		1,081,771		950,682
-		-	4,960,472		-		-		-		-
842,370		732,080	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	_		-		-		-		-
 842,370	-	732,080	 4,960,472		2,352,821		_		1,081,771		950,682
 ,		,,,,,,	 , ,		, , .				, ,		
(389,402)		(277, 327)	(351,225)	(	1,864,636)		19,917,547		318,761		(30,866)
 			_		_						
-		-	-	:	2,700,000		-		-		131,003
 -		(1,500,000)	 (109,240)				(19,882,650)		(128,180)		404.000
 		(1,500,000)	 (109,240)		2,700,000		(19,882,650)		(128,180)		131,003
(389,402)		(1,777,327)	(460,465)		835,364		34,897		190,581		100,137
 5,185,980		31,619,050	 1,984,295		1,323,961		4,558,741		1,610,254		643,747
\$ 4,796,578	\$	29,841,723	\$ 1,523,830	\$	2,159,325	\$	4,593,638	\$	1,800,835	\$	743,884

(Continued)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

								Totals				
	TIF		Supporting		City-	Art Museum						
	 Districts	Muni	cipal District		County	Board		2003		2002		
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$ 4,545,573	\$	519,887	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,559,145	\$	8,819,334		
Local sales tax	-		-		-	=		19,867,702		20,476,052		
Intergovernmental	260,000		-		1,136,338	=		4,002,820		4,156,273		
Licenses and permits	-		-		-	=		3,870,876		4,432,280		
Rentals	-		-		-	-		1,897,933		2,230,597		
Interest earnings	67,137		-		-	3,092		723,622		1,657,601		
Charges for services and sales	-		-		303,513	-		2,887,957		3,510,932		
Other	 50							597,026		964,734		
Total revenues	 4,872,760		519,887		1,439,851	3,092		43,407,081		46,247,803		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	8,787		495,000		1,358,082	-		6,247,143		7,876,438		
Public safety	· -		, _		1,256,591	-		6.217.063		6,084,117		
Sanitation	-		-		· · ·	-		1,574,450		2,365,260		
Health and welfare	2,951,911		-		_	-		4,604,631		6,299,538		
Culture and recreation	· · ·		_		_	1,296,436		4,372,142		4,815,242		
Total expenditures	 2,960,698		495,000		2,614,673	1,296,436		23,015,429		27,440,595		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	 1,912,062		24,887		(1,174,822)	(1,293,344)		20,391,652		18,807,208		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers from other funds	_		_		1,136,339	1,297,890		5.265.232		9.603.993		
Transfers to other funds	(1,076,340)		_		(132,597)	1,297,090		(26,771,397)		(30,557,494)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,076,340)	-	_	_	1,003,742	1,297,890	_	(21,506,165)	_	(20,953,501)		
	 005.700		04.007		(474.000)	1.510		(4.444.540)		(0.440.000)		
Net change in fund balances	835,722		24,887		(171,080)	4,546		(1,114,513)		(2,146,293)		
Fund balances - beginning	 4,324,781				198,621	87,249		53,295,531		55,441,824		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,160,503	\$	24,887	\$	27,541	\$ 91,795	\$	52,181,018	\$	53,295,531		

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### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Vater Main Extension	Park Bond	Public Improvement Construction		
REVENUES					
Special assessments	\$ 186,938	\$ -	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	-	500		75,622	
Interest earnings	-	-		-	
Other	 638,692	(19,977)		2,509,311	
Total revenues	 825,630	 (19,477)		2,584,933	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,610,493	357,890		17,900	
Interest and fiscal charges	30,700	1,560		193,620	
Capital outlay	 4,405,257	5,998,062		31,640,111	
Total expenditures	 6,046,450	 6,357,512		31,851,631	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (5,220,820)	 (6,376,989)		(29,266,698)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from long-term capital debt	4,769,081	3,616,160		21,594,040	
Transfers from other funds	7,473	-		5,884,889	
Transfers to other funds	 				
Total other financing sources (uses)	 4,776,554	 3,616,160		27,478,929	
Net change in fund balances	(444,266)	(2,760,829)		(1,787,769)	
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning	 (3,214,228)	 (887,959)		(2,665,729)	
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$ (3,658,494)	\$ (3,648,788)	\$	(4,453,498)	

				Tota	ls		
	Sewer	Local Sales					
	Construction	Tax CIP		2003	2002		
\$	106,344	\$ -	\$	293,282	\$	768,218	
	-	-		76,122		371,875	
	-	128,128		128,128		601,717	
	320,903	3,076,319		6,525,248		4,574,477	
	427,247	3,204,447		7,022,780		6,316,287	
	4,250,171	-		6,236,454		6,253,699	
	93,725	-		319,605		297,549	
	17,480,725			59,524,155		50,730,194	
	21,824,621	 		66,080,214		57,281,442	
	(21,397,374)	 3,204,447		(59,057,434)		(50,965,155)	
	13,284,306	-		43,263,587		32,068,952	
	17,700	12,750,000		18,660,062		13,001,686	
	<u> </u>	 (6,213,689)		(6,213,689)		(12,077,793)	
	13,302,006	 6,536,311		55,709,960		32,992,845	
	(8,095,368)	9,740,758		(3,347,474)		(17,972,310)	
	(8,029,596)	 9,006,124		(5,791,388)		12,180,922	
•	(40.404.004)	40.740.000	•	(0.400.000)	•	(5.704.000)	
\$	(16,124,964)	\$ 18,746,882	\$	(9,138,862)	\$	(5,791,388)	

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amounts	nounts		2002	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES						
Local government taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 46,599,110	\$ 46,599,110	\$ 46,475,387	\$ (123,723)	\$ 44,326,535	
Delinquent property taxes	835,120	835,120	1,063,205	228,085	1,017,773	
IRBs, In-lieu-of-taxes	45,000	20,000	6,968	(13,032)	19,504	
WHA, in-lieu-of-taxes	76,090	30,000	31,441	1,441	29,966	
Special assessments	17,440	21,350	31,597	10,247	21,349	
Motor vehicle tax	7,493,780	7,510,450	7,529,917	19,467	7,465,941	
Local sales tax	21,165,190	20,476,050	19,867,702	(608,348)	20,476,052	
Franchise Fees	31,308,880	29,760,570	29,259,353	(501,217)	28,792,310	
Total local government taxes	107,540,610	105,252,650	104,265,570	(987,080)	102,149,430	
Licenses and permits	1,678,160	1,847,630	1,743,499	(104,131)	1,899,147	
Fines and penalties	9,176,940	9,302,150	8,453,523	(848,627)	8,139,288	
Intergovernmental	22,172,620	16,048,200	15,937,542	(110,658)	20,939,070	
Charges for services and sales	6,987,130	7,052,750	6,953,579	(99,171)	6,439,551	
Rental/lease income	2,539,600	2,488,870	2,277,308	(211,562)	2,370,924	
Interest earnings	3,569,250	2,777,990	2,859,295	81,305	2,721,857	
Reimbursed expenditures	1,378,830	2,053,400	516,145	(1,537,255)	255,497	
Administrative fees	3,075,110	3,178,110	3,979,687	801,577	2,567,658	
Revised budget adjustment		7,972,310		(7,972,310)		
Total Revenues	158,118,250	157,974,060	146,986,148	(10,987,912)	147,482,422	
EXPENDITURES						
City Council:						
Personal services	442,290	417,810	401,778	16,032	364,953	
Contractual services	107,050	105,490	83,735	21,755	99,444	
Materials and supplies	20,950	20,950	14,671	6,279	18,284	
Other	7,750	7,750		7,750		
Total City Council	578,040	552,000	500,184	51,816	482,681	
City Manager:						
Personal services	457,530	414,500	414,284	216	463,334	
Contractual services	133,170	130,290	63,236	67,054	89,425	
Materials and supplies	14,100	14,100	7,581	6,519	4,410	
Contingency	200,000	200,000		200,000		
Total City Manager	804,800	758,890	485,101	273,789	557,169	
Department of Finance:						
Personal services	3,137,000	2,900,180	2,637,769	262,411	2,859,962	
Contractual services	681,500	641,120	559,352	81,768	616,968	
Materials and supplies	38,420	32,430	25,625	6,805	33,146	
Total Department of Finance	3,856,920	3,573,730	3,222,746	350,984	3,510,076	

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts		
Law Department:							
Personal services	1,621,680	1,562,020	1,554,752	7,268	1,557,122		
Contractual services	253,450	227,230	226,705	525	238,990		
Materials and supplies	7,010	7,030	2,565	4,465	5,536		
Total Law Department	1,882,140	1,796,280	1,784,022	12,258	1,801,648		
Municipal Court:							
Personal services	3,028,830	2,966,160	2,938,148	28,012	2,790,292		
Contractual services	1,565,230	1,562,620	1,321,447	241,173	1,454,393		
Materials and supplies	89,480	87,510	54,658	32,852	68,741		
Capital outlay	8,750	7,400	7,189	211			
Total Municipal Court	4,692,290	4,623,690	4,321,442	302,248	4,313,426		
Fire Department:							
Personal services	24,530,060	23,678,700	23,680,462	(1,762)	23,120,075		
Contractual services	1,525,870	1,328,730	1,292,087	36,643	1,542,970		
Materials and supplies	505,610	489,450	464,206	25,244	405,420		
Capital outlay	40,100			<u> </u>			
Total Fire Department	26,601,640	25,496,880	25,436,755	60,125	25,068,465		
Police Department:							
Personal services	45,924,860	45,298,620	44,831,940	466,680	42,506,384		
Contractual services	5,311,100	4,852,410	4,610,727	241,683	5,270,658		
Materials and supplies	727,080	681,200	653,447	27,753	693,164		
Capital outlay	<u> </u>				63,723		
Total Police Department	51,963,040	50,832,230	50,096,114	736,116	48,533,929		
Housing Services:							
Personal services	-	-	-	-	110,754		
Contractual services	-	-	-	-	58,248		
Materials and supplies	<del>-</del> -			<del>-</del>	86		
Total Housing Services		<u>-</u>			169,088		
Library:							
Personal services	4,439,790	4,294,960	4,235,610	59,350	3,978,826		
Contractual services	1,020,860	935,840	854,795	81,045	843,208		
Materials and supplies	723,780	653,970	643,014	10,956	724,140		
Capital outlay		7,870	3,037	4,833	85,181		
Total Library	6,184,430	5,892,640	5,736,456	156,184	5,631,355		

(Continued)

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts	
Public Works:						
Personal services	3,674,420	3,932,810	3,807,266	125,544	3,414,232	
Contractual services	5,008,860	4,604,930	4,317,247	287,683	4,386,028	
Materials and supplies	471,080	545,160	464,999	80,161	376,495	
Capital outlay	64,600	70,100	29,128	40,972	53,083	
Total Public Works	9,218,960	9,153,000	8,618,640	534,360	8,229,838	
Health:						
Personal services	1,254,400	2,289,780	2,137,826	151,954	1,092,386	
Contractual services	569,490	778,910	700,303	78,607	512,760	
Materials and supplies	45,580	56,210	49,808	6,402	39,154	
Capital outlay	26,890	24,890	22,080	2,810	2,322	
Contingency	94,100	44,100		44,100		
Total Health	1,990,460	3,193,890	2,910,017	283,873	1,646,622	
Park:						
Personal services	11,752,190	9,474,410	9,213,462	260,948	11,353,086	
Contractual services	4,386,680	5,870,630	5,408,522	462,108	4,083,076	
Materials and supplies	764,770	670,160	563,786	106,374	702,039	
Capital outlay	71,570	10,500	9,664	836	36,510	
Other	48,100	49,200	31,100	18,100	42,764	
Contingency	368,440					
Total Park	17,391,750	16,074,900	15,226,534	848,366	16,217,475	
General Government:						
Personal services	2,045,650	1,941,220	1,832,383	108,837	2,024,301	
Contractual services	568,190	370,050	349,680	20,370	436,845	
Materials and supplies	61,200	53,790	45,318	8,472	58,961	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	(1,100)	
Contingency	690	690		690	<del>-</del>	
Total General Government	2,675,730	2,365,750	2,227,381	138,369	2,519,007	
Non Departmental:						
Personal services	1,138,000	73,580	25,710	47,870	28,473	
Contractual services	1,976,630	1,471,800	1,371,094	100,706	2,419,826	
Materials and supplies	67,000	61,050	12,653	48,397	35,074	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	100,500	
Other	-	-	-	-	341,700	
Contingency	12,715,145	19,890,925	21,986	19,868,939	167,164	
Total Non Departmental	15,896,775	21,497,355	1,431,443	20,065,912	3,092,737	

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Ar	mounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts	
Public Works-Gas Tax:						
Personal services	8,544,350	8,432,310	8,188,276	244,034	7,857,519	
Contractual services	10,314,340	9,480,420	9,267,794	212,626	10,002,948	
Materials and supplies	1,826,370	1,901,810	1,547,512	354,298	1,512,532	
Capital outlay	249,240	164,780	127,330	37,450	245,964	
Engineering overhead	199,980	160,750	144,143	16,607	141,836	
Total Public Works-Gas Tax	21,134,280	20,140,070	19,275,055	865,015	19,760,799	
Total Expenditures	164,871,255	165,951,305	141,271,890	24,679,415	141,534,315	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(6,753,005)	(7,977,245)	5,714,258	13,691,503	5,948,107	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	3,004,340	3,148,530	3,189,193	40,663	2,262,840	
Transfers to other funds	(10,717,480)	(9,637,430)	(9,260,069)	377,361	(10,482,369)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,713,140)	(6,488,900)	(6,070,876)	418,024	(8,219,529)	
Net change in fund balances	(14,466,145)	(14,466,145)	(356,618)	14,109,527	(2,271,422)	
Fund balances - beginning	23,245,577	21,125,686	21,125,686		23,397,108	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,779,432 \$	6,659,541	\$ 20,769,068	\$ 14,109,527	\$ 21,125,686	

# TOURISM AND CONVENTION PROMOTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment Other	\$ 4,541,680 - 101,300 - -	\$ 4,439,570 - 50,000 153,410 -	\$ 4,487,555 - 19,178 - -	\$ 47,985 - (30,822) (153,410) -	\$ 4,360,960 25,000 51,413 - 3
Total revenues	4,642,980	4,642,980	4,506,733	(136,247)	4,437,376
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation: Contractual services Materials and supplies Other	1,608,990 - -	1,872,040 - 158,320	1,852,475 - -	19,565 - 158,320	1,915,893 62 
Total expenditures	1,608,990	2,030,360	1,852,475	177,885	1,915,955
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,033,990	2,612,620	2,654,258	41,638	2,521,421
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	(3,033,960)	(2,612,590)	(2,544,220)	68,370	(2,706,280)
Total other financing (uses)	(3,033,960)	(2,612,590)	(2,544,220)	68,370	(2,706,280)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	30 179,455	30 186,181	110,038 186,181	110,008	(184,859) 371,040
Fund balances - ending	\$ 179,485	\$ 186,211	\$ 296,219	\$ 110,008	\$ 186,181

# DOWNTOWN TROLLEY SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget - Positive		2002		
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales	\$	90,040	\$	133,040	\$	120,597	\$	(12,443)	\$	64,055
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		1,866
Rentals		50,000		15,000		-		(15,000)		15,000
Interest earnings		-		-		389		389		98
Revised budget adjustment		-		(8,000)		-		8,000		-
Other		-		<u>-</u>		-		-		8,425
Total revenues		140,040		140,040		120,986		(19,054)		89,444
EXPENDITURES										
Culture and recreation:										
Personal services		110,720		88,310		78,224		10,086		91,364
Contractual services		23,210		37,140		11,597		25,543		12,071
Materials and supplies		5,180		14,730		2,535		12,195		6,152
Other		1,300		230		-		230		-
Total expenditures		140,410		140,410		92,356		48,054		109,587
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(370)		(370)		28,630		29,000		(20,143)
Net change in fund balances		(370)		(370)		28,630		29,000		(20,143)
Fund balances - beginning		5,374		10,431		10,431				30,574
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,004	\$	10,061	\$	39,061	\$	29,000	\$	10,431

# SPECIAL ALCOHOL PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amount			mounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive			2002
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental-	•	4 007 570	•	4 007 570	•	1 000 044	•	05.074	•	4 050 000
private club liquor tax Interest earnings	\$	1,267,570 7,900	\$	1,267,570 15,000	\$	1,303,241 11,987	\$	35,671 (3,013)	\$	1,250,628 29,207
Revised budget adjustment		7,900		(7,100)		11,967		7,100		29,207
Other		<u>-</u>		-		7,402		7,402		6,564
Total revenues		1,275,470		1,275,470		1,322,630		47,160		1,286,399
EXPENDITURES										
Health and welfare:										
Personal services		689,222		689,220		689,222		(2)		1,314,842
Contractual services		310,518		593,360		577,615		15,745		437,505
Materials and supplies		32,270		32,270		32,270		-		65,832
Capital outlay				-		-				7,090
Other		284,250		1,410		-		1,410		
Total expenditures		1,316,260		1,316,260		1,299,107		17,153		1,825,269
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(40,790)		(40,790)		23,523		64,313		(538,870)
Net change in fund balances		(40,790)		(40,790)		23,523		64,313		(538,870)
Fund balances - beginning		103,413		357,303		357,303		-		896,173
Fund balances - ending	\$	62,623	\$	316,513	\$	380,826	\$	64,313	\$	357,303

# SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -						
		Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts		Positive legative)	2002 Actual Amounts	
REVENUES Intergovernmental-										
private club liquor tax Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	\$	1,267,570 12,040	\$	1,267,570 5,000 7,040	\$	1,303,241 2,895	\$	35,671 (2,105) (7,040)	\$	1,250,628 4,690
Total revenues		1,279,610		1,279,610		1,306,136		26,526		1,255,318
OTHER FINANCING (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(1,398,170)		(1,398,170)		(1,398,170)				(1,165,350)
Total other financing (uses)		(1,398,170)		(1,398,170)		(1,398,170)				(1,165,350)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) other financing uses		(118,560)		(118,560)		(92,034)		26,526		89,968
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		(118,560) 188,020		(118,560) 203,258		(92,034) 203,258		26,526		89,968 113,290
Fund balances - ending	\$	69,460	\$	84,698	\$	111,224	\$	26,526	\$	203,258

# ICE RINK MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive 2002					2002
	 Original		Final		ual Amounts	(Negative)		Actual Amounts	
REVENUES									
Charges for services and sales Interest earnings	\$ 2,500,000	\$	2,500,000	\$ 	1,078,484 876	\$	(1,421,516) 876	\$ 	1,252,133 9,185
Total revenues	 2,500,000		2,500,000		1,079,360		(1,420,640)		1,261,318
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation:									
Contractual services	 2,500,000		2,500,000		1,171,075		1,328,925		1,477,833
Total expenditures	 2,500,000		2,500,000		1,171,075		1,328,925		1,477,833
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 		<u>-</u>		(91,715)		(91,715)		(216,515)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	 408,230		- 191,715		(91,715) 191,715		(91,715)		(216,515) 408,230
Fund balances - ending	\$ 408,230	\$	191,715	\$	100,000	\$	(91,715)	\$	191,715

# LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts	
				<u> </u>		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 392,000	\$ 392,000	\$ 383,417	\$ (8,583)	\$ 365,927	
Interest earnings	182,400	146,050	69,551	(76,499)	221,115	
Revised budget adjustment	-	36,350	-	(36,350)	-	
Other					9,906	
Total revenues	574,400	574,400	452,968	(121,432)	596,948	
EXPENDITURES						
Sanitation:	404.040	440.000	4.074	140.040	00.407	
Personal services Contractual services	161,240 944,220	142,320 931,620	1,371 662,714	140,949 268,906	98,427 570,334	
Materials and supplies	11,000	11,000	3,931	7,069	5,705	
Capital outlay	335,500	550,000	471,142	78,858	5,705	
Other	2,569,500	2,386,520		2,386,520	_	
C 11.0.	2,000,000					
Total expenditures	4,021,460	4,021,460	1,139,158	2,882,302	674,466	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(3,447,060)	(3,447,060)	(686,190)	2,760,870	(77,518)	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)						
Transfers to other funds					(2,500,000)	
Total other financing (uses)					(2,500,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(3,447,060)	(3,447,060)	(686,190)	2,760,870	(2,577,518)	
Fund balances - beginning	3,647,931	4,868,443	4,868,443		7,445,961	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 200,871	\$ 1,421,383	\$ 4,182,253	\$ 2,760,870	\$ 4,868,443	

# LANDFILL POST CLOSURE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002 Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Rentals	35,000	35,000	41,658	6,658	33,694	
Interest earnings	1,575,880	958,720	413,095	(545,625)	920,724	
Revised budget adjustment	-	717,160	-	(717,160)	-	
Other			464,153	464,153		
Total revenues	1,710,880	1,710,880	918,906	(791,974)	954,418	
EXPENDITURES						
Sanitation:						
Personal services	132,340	152,690	169,420	(16,730)	93,818	
Contractual services	6,841,440	744,370	423,508	320,862	1,807,476	
Materials and supplies	27,600	27,600	9,191	18,409	-	
Other	23,600,000	29,676,720		29,676,720		
Total expenditures	30,601,380	30,601,380	602,119	29,999,261	1,901,294	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(28,890,500)	(28,890,500)	316,787	29,207,287	(946,876)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds					2,500,000	
Transfers to other funds	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	-	(3,000,000)	
Transiers to other funds	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		(0,000,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)		(500,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(30,390,500)	(30,390,500)	(1,183,213)	29,207,287	(1,446,876)	
Fund balances - beginning	31,517,538	30,957,429	30,957,429		32,404,305	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,127,038	\$ 566,929	\$ 29,774,216	\$ 29,207,287	\$ 30,957,429	

# CENTRAL INSPECTION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Special assessments	\$ 3,150	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,130	\$ (370)	\$ 6,031		
Licenses and permits	4,172,490	4,287,800	3,870,876	(416,924)	4,432,280		
Charges for services and sales	787,310	786,860	706,868	(79,992)	829,451		
Interest earnings	77,400	62,750	24,023	(38,727)	60,361		
Revised budget adjustment	-	(103,560)	-	103,560	-		
Other			1,350	1,350	19,053		
Total revenues	5,040,350	5,040,350	4,609,247	(431,103)	5,347,176		
EXPENDITURES Public safety:							
Personal services	4,032,480	3,966,480	3,960,325	6,155	3,771,106		
Contractual services	967,370	984,670	974,838	9,832	952,920		
Materials and supplies	34,170	34,720	23,446	11,274	31,241		
Capital outlay	1,370	1,370	20,440	1,370	01,241		
Other	646,520	677,310		677,310	20,000		
Total expenditures	5,681,910	5,664,550	4,958,609	705,941	4,775,267		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(641,560)	(624,200)	(349,362)	274,838	571,909		
OTHER FINANCING (USES)							
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	(91,880)	(109,240)	(109,240)		(436,390)		
Transiers to other funds	(91,000)	(109,240)	(109,240)		(430,390)		
Total other financing (uses)	(91,880)	(109,240)	(109,240)		(436,390)		
Net change in fund balances	(733,440)	(733,440)	(458,602)	274,838	135,519		
Fund balances - beginning	1,548,047	1,960,696	1,960,696		1,825,177		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 814,607	\$ 1,227,256	\$ 1,502,094	\$ 274,838	\$ 1,960,696		

# ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budge	ted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Interest earnings Other	\$ 25,000 315,000		\$ 28,078 460,853	\$ 3,078 170,853	\$ 26,099 673,991		
Total revenues	340,000	315,000	488,931	173,931	700,090		
EXPENDITURES							
General government:							
Personal services	240,430	,	247,491	3,149	230,406		
Contractual services	1,850,540	, ,	3,376,233	345,647	3,529,079		
Materials and supplies	5,000	,	566	3,934	5,017		
Other	110,000	190,000		190,000			
Total expenditures	2,205,970	4,167,020	3,624,290	542,730	3,764,502		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,865,970	(3,852,020)	(3,135,359)	716,661	(3,064,412)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers from other funds	1,800,000	2,700,000	2,700,000		3,300,000		
Total other financing sources	1,800,000	2,700,000	2,700,000		3,300,000		
Net change in fund balances	(65,970	(1,152,020)	(435,359)	716,661	235,588		
Fund balances - beginning	102,148		1,322,306		1,086,718		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 36,178	\$ 170,286	\$ 886,947	\$ 716,661	\$ 1,322,306		

# SALES TAX CONSTRUCTION PLEDGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						-	ariance with		
		Original		Final		ctual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	Ac	2002 tual Amounts
REVENUES Local sales tax Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	\$	21,265,550 213,590	\$	20,476,050 199,290 803,800	\$	19,867,702 49,845	\$	(608,348) (149,445) (803,800)	\$	20,476,052 117,786
Total revenues		21,479,140		21,479,140	_	19,917,547		(1,561,593)		20,593,838
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds		(22,269,380)		(22,269,380)		(19,882,650)		2,386,730		(19,602,625)
Total other financing (uses)		(22,269,380)		(22,269,380)		(19,882,650)		2,386,730		(19,602,625)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) other financing uses	_	(790,240)		(790,240)		34,897		825,137		991,213
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		(790,240) 1,795,598		(790,240) 4,558,741		34,897 4,558,741		825,137		991,213 3,567,528
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,005,358	\$	3,768,501	\$	4,593,638	\$	825,137	\$	4,558,741

# PROPERTY MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance with nal Budget -		0000
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	(	Positive Negative)	Act	2002 ual Amounts
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales	\$	312,800	\$	387,800	\$	283,580	\$	(104,220)	\$	279,402
Rentals		704,580		629,580		955,721		326,141		1,191,740
Interest earnings		52,680		52,680		25,712		(26,968)		50,191
Other		31,000	-	31,000		136,751		105,751		29,141
Total revenues		1,101,060		1,101,060	_	1,401,764		300,704		1,550,474
EXPENDITURES General government:										
Personal services		301,480		236,690		176,986		59,704		266,615
Contractual services		956.770		982.810		892,932		89.878		845,948
Materials and supplies		30,760		30,040		15,800		14,240		9,459
Capital outlay		414,080		324,080		12,021		312,059		-
Other				129,470				129,470		
Total expenditures		1,703,090		1,703,090	_	1,097,739		605,351		1,122,022
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(602,030)		(602,030)	_	304,025		906,055		428,452
OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(400,400)		(400,400)		(400,400)				(400,000)
Transfers to other funds	-	(128,180)		(128,180)		(128,180)				(160,829)
Total other financing (uses)		(128,180)		(128,180)	_	(128,180)		=		(160,829)
Net change in fund balances		(730,210)		(730,210)		175,845		906,055		267,623
Fund balances - beginning		812,269		1,602,252	_	1,602,252				1,334,629
Fund balances - ending	\$	82,059	\$	872,042	\$	1,778,097	\$	906,055	\$	1,602,252

# STATE OFFICE BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted	nts			Fin	riance with al Budget -			
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts		Positive Negative)	Act	2002 ual Amounts
REVENUES									
Charges for services and sales	\$ 52,000	\$	20,000	\$	11,498	\$	(8,502)	\$	14,595
Rentals	1,085,960		1,085,960		900,554		(185,406)		990,163
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	30,000		18,000 44,000		7,764		(10,236) (44,000)		16,281
Other	-		44,000		3,725		3,725		95,598
out.	 -				0,120		0,720		00,000
Total revenues	 1,167,960		1,167,960		923,541		(244,419)		1,116,637
EXPENDITURES									
General government:									
Personal services	149,340		145,990		140,924		5,066		153,000
Contractual services	981,460		983,020		743,884		239,136		857,271
Materials and supplies	50,630		50,630		43,665		6,965		45,503
Other	 400,000		401,790		5,749		396,041		7,297
Total expenditures	 1,581,430		1,581,430		934,222		647,208		1,063,071
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 (413,470)		(413,470)		(10,681)		402,789		53,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers from other funds	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		131,003		131,003		-
Total other financing sources	 <u>-</u> _				131,003		131,003		
Net change in fund balances	(413,470)		(413,470)		120,322		533,792		53,566
Fund balances - beginning	 473,247		618,043		618,043				564,477
Fund balances - ending	\$ 59,777	\$	204,573	\$	738,365	\$	533,792	\$	618,043

# GILBERT/ MOSLEY TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment Other	\$ 2,670,040 260,000 64,190 - 3,500,000	\$ 2,600,000 260,000 35,730 3,598,500	\$ 2,555,336 260,000 18,515 -	\$ (44,664) - (17,215) (3,598,500)	\$ 2,432,977 260,000 65,679 - 100,000
Total revenues	6,494,230	6,494,230	2,833,851	(3,660,379)	2,858,656
EXPENDITURES  Health and welfare: Personal services Contractual services Materials and supplies	108,300 1,332,590 24,950	30,390 2,067,630 24,950	- 2,069,330 12,252	30,390 (1,700) 12,698	9,629 3,114,877 13,169
Total expenditures	1,465,840	2,122,970	2,081,582	41,388	3,137,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	5,028,390	4,371,260	752,269	(3,618,991)	(279,019)
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers to other funds	(2,200,690)	(1,543,560)	(886,560)	657,000	(729,330)
Total other financing (uses)	(2,200,690)	(1,543,560)	(886,560)	657,000	(729,330)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	2,827,700 2,638,552	2,827,700 1,084,513	(134,291) 1,084,513	(2,961,991)	(1,008,349) 2,092,862
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,466,252	\$ 3,912,213	\$ 950,222	\$ (2,961,991)	\$ 1,084,513

#### NORTH INDUSTRIAL CORRIDOR TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted	l Amou	ınts			-	ariance with inal Budget - Positive	2002		
		Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts		(Negative)	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	1,165,300	\$	1,165,300	\$	1,127,662	\$	(37,638)	\$	1,138,032	
Interest earnings		38,900		65,000		35,122		(29,878)		47,407	
Revised budget adjustment Other		2,000,000		1,973,900		- 50		(1,973,900) 50		1,033	
Other	-	2,000,000					-			1,000	
Total revenues		3,204,200		3,204,200		1,162,834		(2,041,366)		1,186,472	
EXPENDITURES											
Health and welfare:											
Contractual services		1,947,970		1,160,720		382,091		778,629		427,242	
Materials and supplies		3,250		3,250		692		2,558		397	
Revised budget adjustment				787,250			_	787,250			
Total expenditures		1,951,220		1,951,220		382,783		1,568,437		427,639	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		1,252,980		1,252,980		780,051		(472,929)		758,833	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers from other funds								-		190,000	
Total other financing (uses)								<u> </u>		190,000	
Net change in fund balances		1,252,980		1,252,980		780,051		(472,929)		948,833	
Fund balances - beginning		1,114,219		1,713,361		1,713,361		<u> </u>		764,528	
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,367,199	\$	2,966,341	\$	2,493,412	\$	(472,929)	\$	1,713,361	

# EAST BANK TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			riance with al Budget -			
	C	Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	Positive Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	3,800	\$	105,970	\$	479,859	\$ 373,889	\$	88,749	
Intergovernmental		1,200							17,470	
Interest earnings		-		1,000		5,599	4,599		2,014	
Revised budget adjustment				(101,970)			 101,970			
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		485,458	 480,458		108,233	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)										
Transfers to other funds		(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)	 		(4,950)	
Total other financing (uses)		(5,000)		(5,000)		(5,000)	 -		(4,950)	
Net change in fund balances		_		_		480,458	480,458		103,283	
Fund balances - beginning		_		103,283		103,283	-		-	
3 0	-			<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 -			
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	103,283	\$	583,741	\$ 480,458	\$	103,283	

# OLD TOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	riance with al Budget -	2002	
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		Positive legative)	Actu	2002 ual Amounts
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	283,370	\$	398,730	\$	363,813	\$	(34,917)	\$	323,605
Intergovernmental		65,010		-				- (0.040)		65,009
Interest earnings		11,190		11,190		7,572		(3,618)		10,718
Revised budget adjustment				(50,350)				50,350		
Total revenues		359,570		359,570		371,385		11,815		399,332
EXPENDITURES										
General government:										
Contractual services		50,000		50,000		39,210		10,790		58,325
Materials and supplies Other		9.150		9.150		-		9.450		6,919
Other	-	8,150		8,150		<del>-</del>		8,150		<del>-</del>
Total expenditures		58,150		58,150		39,210		18,940		65,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		301,420		301,420		332,175		30,755		334,088
OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(400.040)		(100.010)		(100.010)				(444.040)
Transfers to other funds		(163,010)		(163,010)		(163,010)				(144,210)
Total other financing (uses)		(163,010)		(163,010)		(163,010)		<u> </u>		(144,210)
Net change in fund balances		138,410		138,410		169,165		30,755		189,878
Fund balances - beginning		274,452		337,060		337,060				147,182
Fund balances - ending	\$	412,862	\$	475,470	\$	506,225	\$	30,755	\$	337,060

#### 21ST & GROVE TIF DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted	nts			Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive	2002		
	 Original		Final	Actu	al Amounts	1)	Negative)	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 15,440	\$	32,330	\$	18,903	\$	(13,427)	\$	24,059
Intergovernmental Interest earnings	6,330		- 600		- 329		- (271)		8,769 659
Revised budget adjustment	 <u>-</u>		(11,160)		<u> </u>		11,160		<u> </u>
Total revenues	 21,770		21,770		19,232		(2,538)		33,487
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers to other funds	 (21,770)		(21,770)		(21,770)				(21,790)
Total other financing (uses)	 (21,770)		(21,770)	-	(21,770)				(21,790)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	- 3		- 11,700		(2,538) 11,700		(2,538)		11,697 3
i unu balances - begillilling	 		11,700		11,700				
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3	\$	11,700	\$	9,162	\$	(2,538)	\$	11,700

# SELF SUPPORTING MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive	2002		
		Original		Final	Actu	ial Amounts		egative)	Actu	al Amounts	
REVENUES											
Taxes Other	\$	495,000	\$	495,000	\$	519,887 -	\$	24,887	\$	444,921 21,518	
Total revenues		495,000		495,000		519,887		24,887		466,439	
EXPENDITURES General government:		405.000		405.000		405.000				467 220	
Contractual services		495,000		495,000		495,000		<u>-</u>		467,338	
Total expenditures		495,000	-	495,000		495,000				467,338	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						24,887		24,887		(899)	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		- 899		<u>-</u>		24,887		24,887		(899) 899	
Fund balances - ending	\$	899	\$		\$	24,887	\$	24,887	\$	<u>-</u>	

# CITY/COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive	2002		
	(	Original		Final	Actu	ıal Amounts		legative)	Actu	ial Amounts	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revised budget adjustment Other	\$	745,120 - -	\$	703,070 84,100	\$	604,828 - 42	\$	(98,242) (84,100) 42	\$	685,083 - 5,820	
Total revenues		745,120		787,170		604,870		(182,300)		690,903	
EXPENDITURES Public safety:											
Personal services		847,580		867,810		754,558		113,252		831,651	
Contractual services		484,090		416,770		395,695		21,075		430,767	
Materials and supplies		152,570		115,560		59,348		56,212		107,689	
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		97		5,903		5,879	
Revised budget adjustment				84,100				84,100		<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		1,490,240		1,490,240		1,209,698		280,542		1,375,986	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	-	(745,120)		(703,070)	-	(604,828)	-	98,242		(685,083)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES											
Transfers from other funds		745,120		703,070		604,828		(98,242)		685,083	
		745,120		703,070		604,828		(98,242)		685,083	
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		- -		- -		- -				- -	
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		

#### CITY/COUNTY METROPOLITAN PLANNING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services and sales	\$ 717,170 243,660	\$ 614,190 249,090	\$ 531,510 303,513	\$ (82,680) 54,423	\$ 591,820 281,519		
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment Other	3,900	187,930		(187,930)	1,058		
Total revenues	964,730	1,051,210	835,023	(216,187)	874,397		
EXPENDITURES							
General government: Personal services	1,402,550	1,186,490	1,111,707	74,783	1,237,277		
Contractual services	232.850	270,330	227,987	42,343	212,509		
Materials and supplies	17,400	17,400	15,418	1,982	16,431		
Capital outlay	12,600	12,600	11,422	1,178	10,431		
Revised budget adjustment		178,580		178,580			
Total expenditures	1,665,400	1,665,400	1,366,534	298,866	1,466,217		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(700,670)	(614,190)	(531,511)	82,679	(591,820)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds	700,670	614,190	531,511	(82,679)	591,820		
Total other financing sources	700,670	614,190	531,511	(82,679)	591,820		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

#### CITY/COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts		
REVENUES							
Charges for services and sales Interest earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 423,850 532		
Revised budget adjustment	-	1,611,520	-	(1,611,520)	-		
Other	1,611,520	<del>-</del>	27,980	27,980	110		
Total revenues	1,611,520	1,611,520	27,980	(1,583,540)	424,492		
EXPENDITURES							
Health and welfare: Personal services	1,259,310	_	_	_	1,121,200		
Contractual services	255,350	-	-	-	236,970		
Materials and supplies	11,120	=	=	=	10,806		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	29,539		
Other	85,740	-	-	-	-		
Revised budget adjustment		1,611,520		1,611,520			
Total expenditures	1,611,520	1,611,520	<u> </u>	1,611,520	1,398,515		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			27,980	27,980	(974,023)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-	1,164,380		
Transfers to other funds		<del>-</del>	(132,597)	(132,597)	(85,740)		
Total other financing sources (uses)			(132,597)	(132,597)	1,078,640		
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(104,617)	(104,617)	104,617		
Fund balances - beginning		<del>-</del>	104,617	104,617	<del>-</del>		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,617		

# ART MUSEUM BOARD FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Budgeted Amounts					Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive	2002		
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(Negative)		Actual Amounts		
REVENUES										
Interest earnings Revised budget adjustment	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	2,100 95,380	\$	3,092	\$	992 (95,380)	\$	23,442	
Total revenues	 	_	97,480		3,092		(94,388)		23,442	
EXPENDITURES										
Culture and recreation:	4 000 400		040 440		044.000		0.000		700 540	
Personal services	1,026,130		948,140		944,880		3,260 294		796,516	
Contractual services Other	 369,240		351,850 95,380		351,556 <u>-</u>		95,380		395,988	
Total expenditures	 1,395,370		1,395,370		1,296,436		98,934		1,192,504	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,395,370)		(1,297,890)	_	(1,293,344)		4,546		(1,169,062)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Transfers from other funds	 1,395,370		1,297,890		1,297,890				1,172,710	
Total other financing sources	 1,395,370		1,297,890		1,297,890				1,172,710	
Net change in fund balances	-		-		4,546		4,546		3,648	
Fund balances - beginning	 7,572		87,249		87,249		-		83,601	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,572	\$	87,249	\$	91,795	\$	4,546	\$	87,249	

# DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts
REVENUES					
Property taxes Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Delinquent special assessments Motor vehicle tax Interest earnings Other Revised budget adjustment	\$ 21,725,250 445,230 23,406,000 1,280,070 3,508,490 500,000	\$ 21,725,250 445,230 23,562,120 1,310,720 3,535,430 1,000,000 - (3,023,870)	\$ 22,135,421 516,141 23,465,344 1,577,154 3,526,033 698,547 372,376	\$ 410,171 70,911 (96,776) 266,434 (9,397) (301,453) 372,376 3,023,870	\$ 21,209,687 491,531 23,947,554 1,757,314 3,534,979 709,690 435,606
Total revenues	50,865,040	48,554,880	52,291,016	3,736,136	52,086,361
EXPENDITURES Debt service:					
Interest on general obligation bonds	3,511,020	7,387,970	6,968,794	419,176	6,081,836
Interest on special assessment bonds	6,697,160	7,512,730	7,512,729	1	7,843,706
Interest on HUD Section 108 loan	174,230	174,230	174,233	(3)	184,223
Commission, postage and refunds	117,390	45,360		45,360	-
Retirement of general obligation bonds	22,198,290	21,286,290	24,756,278	(3,469,988)	22,304,607
Retirement of special assessment bonds	16,784,000	15,485,000	15,485,000	(0,400,000)	15,695,000
Retirement of HUD Section 108 loan	195,000	195,000	195,000	_	185,000
Other	193,000	190,000	117,243	(117,243)	100,000
Revised budget adjustment		5,510		5,510	
Total expenditures	49,677,090	52,092,090	55,209,277	(3,117,187)	52,294,372
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,187,950	(3,537,210)	(2,918,261)	618,949	(208,011)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Premiums on bonds sold	-	-	395,112	395,112	1,524,273
Transfers from other funds	10,475,580	12,785,740	10,832,846	(1,952,894)	13,354,237
Transfers to other funds -				( , , ,	
retirement of temporary notes	(12,965,000)	(10,550,000)	(2,102,804)	8,447,196	(984,314)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,489,420)	2,235,740	9,125,154	6,889,414	13,894,196
Net change in fund balances	(1,301,470)	(1,301,470)	6,206,893	7,508,363	13,686,185
Fund balances - beginning	4,301,733	20,079,218	20,079,218	-	6,393,033
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,000,263	\$ 18,777,748	\$ 26,286,111	\$ 7,508,363	\$ 20,079,218

### — ENTERPRISE FUNDS —

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and change in financial position. The following nonmajor Enterprise Funds are reported:

<u>Storm Water Utility</u> - administers the acquisition, design, construction, maintenance and operation of the City's drainage system.

<u>Golf Course System</u> - provides the public five suitable golf facilities on a self-sustaining basis.

<u>Wichita Transit</u> - provides economical bus service through regular route services and special charter services.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

	Storm Water	Golf Course	Wichita	Totals			
	Utility	System	Transit	2003	2002		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,605,707	\$ 493,450	\$ 1,263,660	\$ 4,362,817	\$ 5,202,431		
Receivables, net	207,137	-	115,327	322,464	189,268		
Due from other funds	-	-	11,346	11,346	-		
Due from other agencies	-	-	641,724	641,724	719,414		
Inventories	21,384	<u>-</u> _	299,753	321,137	354,925		
Total current assets	2,834,228	493,450	2,331,810	5,659,488	6,466,038		
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land	1,760,420	631,534	1,906,816	4,298,770	4,051,180		
Buildings	2,428,303	2,765,591	8,634,742	13,828,636	13,522,396		
Improvements other than buildings	67,143,144	14,202,084	342,181	81,687,409	70,928,735		
Machinery, equipment and other assets	2,784,813	1,667,832	16,563,297	21,015,942	22,866,767		
Construction in progress	4,367,667	72,766	1,303,527	5,743,960	10,484,267		
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,894,116)	(5,834,583)	(7,503,393)	(20,232,092)	(19,913,760)		
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	71,590,231	13,505,224	21,247,170	106,342,625	101,939,585		
Total noncurrent assets	71,590,231	13,505,224	21,247,170	106,342,625	101,939,585		
Total assets	\$ 74,424,459	\$ 13,998,674	\$ 23,578,980	\$ 112,002,113	\$ 108,405,623		
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 73,705	\$ 99,390	\$ 230,281	\$ 403,376	\$ 336,033		
Accrued interest payable	25,563	30,121	71	55,755	70,469		
Temporary notes payable	225,900	50,121	-	225,900	3,209,700		
Deposits		968	_	968	542		
Current portion of long-term obligations:		000		000	0.2		
General obligation bonds payable	1,751,320	633,982	16,010	2,401,312	2,138,992		
Compensated absences	65,438	69,973	133,837	269,248	273,440		
Total current liabilities	2,141,926	834,434	380,199	3,356,559	6,029,176		
Noncurrent liabilities:							
General obligation bonds payable	5,725,340	6,380,504	-	12,105,844	11,685,496		
Compensated absences	9,063	10,867	13,359	33,289	44,182		
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,734,403	6,391,371	13,359	12,139,133	11,729,678		
Total liabilities	7,876,329	7,225,805	393,558	15,495,692	17,758,854		
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63,862,108	6,460,617	21,231,089	91,553,814	84,834,928		
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	4,754	4,754	10,512		
Unrestricted	2,686,022	312,252	1,949,579	4,947,853	5,801,329		
Total net assets	66,548,130	6,772,869	23,185,422	96,506,421	90,646,769		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 74,424,459	\$ 13,998,674	\$ 23,578,980	\$ 112,002,113	\$ 108,405,623		

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	St	orm Water	G	Solf Course	e Wichita		Totals			
		Utility		System		Transit		2003		2002
OPERATING REVENUES	•	5 005 000	•	454.000	•	4 004 404	•	7.070.470	•	0.077.770
Charges for services and sales	\$	5,325,696	\$	151,982	\$	1,601,494	\$	7,079,172	\$	6,677,772
Fees		-		2,850,133		-		2,850,133		2,834,324
Rentals		-		477,084		17,133		494,217		399,302
Other	-	1		2,419		26,283		28,703		35,962
Total operating revenues		5,325,697		3,481,618		1,644,910	_	10,452,225	_	9,947,360
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personal services		1,582,828		1,221,431		4,977,963		7,782,222		7,894,926
Contractual services		849,928		924,879		1,743,296		3,518,103		3,138,320
Materials and supplies		151,759		477,209		875,913		1,504,881		1,373,081
Administrative charges		51,020		66,540		259,140		376,700		366,840
Payments in lieu of franchise fees		159,020		-		-		159,020		159,020
Depreciation		1,044,296		964,323		1,972,891		3,981,510		3,860,712
Total operating expenses		3,838,851		3,654,382		9,829,203		17,322,436		16,792,899
Operating income (loss)		1,486,846		(172,764)		(8,184,293)		(6,870,211)		(6,845,539)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Operating grants		-		-		2,547,646		2,547,646		2,784,073
Interest on investments		32,260		13,773		16,619		62,652		111,352
Other revenues (expenses)		-		-		(20,000)		(20,000)		(158,340)
Interest expense		(316,366)		(394,659)		(2,537)		(713,562)		(733,246)
Proceeds from sale of assets		(17,403)		(2,996)		(57,515)		(77,914)		(92,928)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(301,509)		(383,882)		2,484,213		1,798,822		1,910,911
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,185,337		(556,646)		(5,700,080)		(5,071,389)		(4,934,628)
Capital contributions and operating transfers:										
Capital contributions		4,572,224		668,391		2,053,952		7,294,567		11,648,499
Transfers from other funds		343,000		-		3,475,080		3,818,080		4,790,288
Transfers to other funds				(29,050)		(152,556)		(181,606)		(25,000)
Change in net assets		6,100,561		82,695		(323,604)		5,859,652		11,479,159
Total net assets - beginning		60,447,569		6,690,174		23,509,026	_	90,646,769		79,167,610
Total net assets - ending	\$	66,548,130	\$	6,772,869	\$	23,185,422	\$	96,506,421	\$	90,646,769

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Storm Water	Golf Course	Wichita	Tot	als
	Utility	System	Transit	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,211,994	\$ 3,479,625	\$ 1,587,787	\$ 10,279,406	\$ 10,055,857
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,021,165)	(1,446,872)	(2,850,516)	(5,318,553)	(5,323,199)
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,587,248)	(1,221,787)	(4,988,272)	(7,797,307)	(7,885,040)
Payment in lieu of franchise fees	(159,020)	-	-	(159,020)	(159,020)
Other operating revenues	1	2,419	26,283	28,703	1,379
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,444,562	813,385	(6,224,718)	(2,966,771)	(3,310,023)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating grant received	-	-	2,674,226	2,674,226	2,358,549
Transfers from other funds	343,000	-	3,475,080	3,818,080	4,790,288
Transfers to other funds	-	(29,050)	(25,000)	(54,050)	(25,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	343,000	(29,050)	6,124,306	6,438,256	7,123,837
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S				
Payment of temporary notes	(2,983,800)	-	-	(2,983,800)	-
Proceeds from capital debt	2,821,660	-	_	2,821,660	2,959,700
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1,233,091)	(114,185)	(1,967,427)	(3,314,703)	(10,983,439)
Debt service - principal	(1,390,000)	(667,982)	(81,010)	(2,138,992)	(2,073,992)
Debt service - interest	(314,128)	(397,822)	(2,874)	(714,824)	(741,388)
Proceeds from sale of assets	(17,403)	(2,996)	(57,515)	(77,914)	(92,928)
Capital contributed by local government	33,458	-	28,113	61,571	590,044
Capital contributed by other government	-	-	407,646	407,646	2,067,625
Capital grants received	-	_	1,565,605	1,565,605	7,250,662
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(3,083,304)	(1,182,985)	(107,462)	(4,373,751)	(1,023,716)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	32,260	13,773	16,619	62,652	111,352
Net cash provided by investing activities	32,260	13,773	16,619	62,652	111,352
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	(263,482)	(384,877)	(191,255)	(839,614)	2,901,450
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	2,869,189	878,327	1,454,915	5,202,431	2,300,981
		3.3,327	.,, . 10	5,252, .51	
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 2,605,707	\$ 493,450	\$ 1,263,660	\$ 4,362,817	\$ 5,202,431

(Continued)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Storm Water		Golf Course		Wichita		Totals			
		Utility		System		Transit		2003		2002
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income (loss)	\$	1,486,846	\$	(172,764)	\$	(8,184,293)	\$	(6,870,211)	\$	(6,845,539)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:  Depreciation		1,044,296		964,323		1,972,891		3,981,510		3,860,712
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory		(113,702) 8,611		-		(30,840) 25,177		(144,542) 33,788		109,856 (6,084)
Increase in accounts payable/accrued expenses Increase in deposits		22,931		21,756 426		2,656		47,343 426		(438,874) 20
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	(4,420)		(356)		(10,309)		(15,085)		9,886
Total adjustments		957,716		986,149		1,959,575		3,903,440	_	3,535,516
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,444,562	\$	813,385	\$	(6,224,718)	\$	(2,966,771)	\$	(3,310,023)
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities										
Assets contributed by benefit districts Change in assets contributed by other government Capital grants received	\$	4,133,325 - -	\$	590,751 - -	\$	- - -	\$	4,724,076 - -	\$	1,982,837 (230,528) 11,045
Contribution of capital assets Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		405,441 -		77,640 -		3,698 (127,556)		486,779 (127,556)		(23,186)

#### WATER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actual Amounts	
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 36,016,110	\$ 36,721,410	\$ 36,673,180	\$ (48,230)	\$ 36,424,758	
Interest earnings	1,200,000	1,200,000	550,601	(649,399)	927,672	
Other		(705,300)	102,053	807,353	90,284	
Total revenues	37,216,110	37,216,110	37,325,834	109,724	37,442,714	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	7,155,550	6,869,140	7,291,688	(422,548)	7,060,512	
Contractual services	5,791,170	6,421,950	4,965,964	1,455,986	4,913,176	
Materials and supplies	3,173,410	3,561,050	2,552,187	1,008,863	2,630,726	
Capital outlay	2,979,850	3,070,920	2,376,316	694,604	3,019,091	
Administrative charges	770,510	787,760	787,760	-	742,170	
Debt service	11,350,210	11,123,910	11,177,017	(53,107)	9,574,767	
Bond discount/premium amortization	88,040	88,040	16,834	71,206	64,068	
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,885,000	1,826,000	1,826,000	-	1,830,000	
Other non-operating expenses	-	100,000	182,168	(82,168)	-	
Contingency	1,000,000	179,620		179,620		
Total expenditures	34,193,740	34,028,390	31,175,934	2,852,456	29,834,510	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	3,022,370	3,187,720	6,149,900	2,962,180	7,608,204	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds	(1,117,380)	(1,282,730)	(1,309,988)	(27,258)	(1,116,410)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,117,380)	(1,282,730)	(1,309,988)	(27,258)	(1,116,410)	
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	1,904,990	1,904,990	4,839,912	2,934,922	6,491,794	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	28,940,668	26,102,027	26,102,027	-	28,940,668	
Proceeds/expenditures						
in (anticipation) of bond sales		<u>-</u>	16,858,474	16,858,474	(9,330,435)	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 30,845,658	\$ 28,007,017	\$ 47,800,413	\$ 19,793,396	\$ 26,102,027	

#### SEWER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts					-	ariance with	0000		
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		Act	2002 uals Amounts	
REVENUES										
Charges for services and sales Interest earnings Other	\$ 29,120,000 1,000,000 -	\$	27,330,600 800,000 -	\$	25,942,128 360,290 203,074	\$	(1,388,472) (439,710) 203,074	\$	27,130,007 294,579 184,484	
Total revenues	 30,120,000		28,130,600		26,505,492		(1,625,108)		27,609,070	
EXPENDITURES										
Personal services	8,448,190		8,293,460		8,227,081		66,379		7,811,930	
Contractual services	4,569,510		4,379,320		4,247,963		131,357		4,211,586	
Materials and supplies	2,387,840		2,025,870		2,014,557		11,313		2,221,512	
Capital outlay	1,107,990		889,230		699,256		189,974		1,006,061	
Administrative charges	150,870		187,540		187,540		-		150,870	
Debt service	7,291,290		8,808,200		9,005,649		(197,449)		6,506,508	
Bond amortization expense	30,460		30,460		(41,782)		72,242		28,596	
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,395,000		1,355,000		1,355,000		-		1,217,000	
Other non-operating expenses	-		-		196		(196)		-	
Contingency	 100,000		90,100		<u>-</u>		90,100			
Total expenditures	 25,481,150		26,059,180		25,695,460		363,720		23,154,063	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	 4,638,850		2,071,420		810,032	_	(1,261,388)		4,455,007	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers to other funds	 (619,660)		(738,810)		(738,810)				(678,340)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (619,660)		(738,810)		(738,810)				(678,340)	
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	4,019,190		1,332,610		71,222		(1,261,388)		3,776,667	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	6,311,559		14,304,230		14,304,230		-		6,311,559	
Proceeds/expenditures										
in excess of bond sales	 				19,099,160		19,099,160		4,216,004	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 10,330,749	\$	15,636,840	\$	33,474,612	\$	17,837,772	\$	14,304,230	

#### STORM WATER UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	2002 Actuals Amounts	
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,525,000	\$ 5,515,000	\$ 5,181,292	\$ (333,708)	\$ 5,061,890	
Interest earnings	154,370	47,090	32,260	(14,830)	45,772	
Other		117,280	44,371	(72,909)	60,341	
Total revenues	5,679,370	5,679,370	5,257,923	(421,447)	5,168,003	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	1,642,400	1,634,630	1,587,248	47,382	1,568,595	
Contractual services	941,400	957,620	863,938	93,682	878,514	
Materials and supplies	211,340	149,840	66,245	83,595	189,156	
Capital outlay	470,000	470,000	413,813	56,187	385,681	
Administrative charges	44,410	51,020	51,020	-	44,410	
Debt service	1,728,000	1,704,130	1,704,128	2	1,619,625	
Other non-operating expenses	-	140,000	-	140,000	-	
Revised Budget adjustment	850,000	780,310		780,310		
Total expenditures	5,887,550	5,887,550	4,686,392	1,201,158	4,685,981	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(208,180)	(208,180)	571,531	779,711	482,022	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	343,000	343,000	343,000	_	639,500	
Transfers to other funds	(884,020)	(884,020)	(657,748)	226,272	(423,538)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(541,020)	(541,020)	(314,748)	226,272	215,962	
Net change in unencumbered cash balances	(749,200)	(749,200)	256,783	1,005,983	697,984	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	944,455	2,057,691	2,057,691	-	1,552,635	
Proceeds/expenditures						
in excess of bond sales	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	85,251	85,251	(192,928)	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 195,255	\$ 1,308,491	\$ 2,399,725	\$ 1,091,234	\$ 2,057,691	

## —— INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ——

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing and administration of general services rendered to the various departments of the City.

<u>Information Technology</u> - responsible for coordination of the City's total computer automation efforts and provides a City-owned telephone system to the organization. Information Technology also provides limited printing and photocopying services.

<u>Fleet and Buildings</u> - purchases, repairs, and maintains vehicles and equipment used by City departments.

<u>Stationery Stores</u> - provides all departments with office supplies, mail room service, and microfilming services.

<u>Self-Insurance</u> - accounts for self-insurance programs of health insurance, workers' compensation, group life insurance, auto liability and general liability.

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# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2003

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Information Technology	Fleet and Buildings
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,794,288	\$ 6,518,399
Investments	-	-
Receivables, net	8,895	80,777
Due from other funds	-	-
Inventories	-	366,462
Prepaid items	-	-
Total current assets	1,803,183	6,965,638
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land	-	71,340
Buildings	14,058	3,279,073
Machinery, equipment and other assets	9,494,355	29,593,564
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,450,534)	(23,872,862)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,057,879	9,071,115
Total assets	\$ 2,861,062	\$ 16,036,753
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 214,516	\$ 270,709
Deposits	-	-
Current portion of long-term obligations:		
Claims payable	-	-
Compensated absences	118,585	131,762
Total current liabilities	333,101	402,471
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Claims payable	-	-
Compensated absences	18,416	17,625
Total noncurrent liabilities	18,416	17,625
Total liabilities	351,517	420,096
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	1,057,879	9,071,115
Unrestricted	1,451,666	6,545,542
Total net assets	2,509,545	15,616,657
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,861,062	\$ 16,036,753

5	Stationery		Self	_	Totals				
	Stores		Insurance	_		2003			2002
\$	364,031	\$	33,275,220	;	\$	41,951,938		\$	44,715,336
	-		246,984			246,984			314,838
	4,014		792,402			886,088			650,933
	-		3,500,000			3,500,000			-
	-		-			366,462			478,938
	681		-	_		681			2,667
	368,726		37,814,606	_		46,952,153			46,162,712
	-		-			71,340			71,340
	-		-			3,293,131			3,288,150
	121,434		364,582			39,573,935			38,413,495
	(75,647)		(108,080)	_		(32,507,123)			(30,978,906)
	45,787		256,502	_		10,431,283			10,794,079
\$	414,513	\$	38,071,108	_	\$	57,383,436		\$	56,956,791
\$	30,495	\$	360,372	;	\$	876,092		\$	605,498
	-		1,094,200			1,094,200			1,094,200
	-		5,051,000			5,051,000			5,047,000
			12,947	_		263,294			219,811
	30,495		6,518,519	_		7,284,586			6,966,509
			10.011.000			10.011.000			40.000.000
	-		12,211,000			12,211,000			10,390,000
		_	2,010	-		38,051			40,523
			12,213,010	-		12,249,051			10,430,523
	00.405		10 701 500			10 500 007			47.007.000
	30,495	_	18,731,529	-		19,533,637			17,397,032
	45,787		256,502			10,431,283			10,794,079
	338,231		19,083,077			27,418,516			28,765,680
_	384,018	_	19,339,579	-		37,849,799			39,559,759
	JU <del>T</del> ,U IU		10,000,018	-		J1,∪ <del>1</del> 3,133	-		33,333,139
\$	414,513	\$	38,071,108	9	Б	57,383,436		\$	56,956,791
<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	- 5,5,.50	=	_	,000,.00		*	-0,000,.01

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Information Technology	Fleet and Buildings
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 6,284,339	\$ 940,074
Rentals	-	7,652,781
Employer contributions	_	-
Employee contributions	-	_
Other	-	67,533
Total operating revenues	6,284,339	8,660,388
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	2,952,167	2,792,932
Contractual services	2,096,555	1,004,910
Materials and supplies	419,021	2,285,920
Cost of materials used	-	1,591,687
Administrative charges	53,620	145,450
Depreciation	562,439	2,371,635
Employee benefits	-	-
Insurance claims	-	-
Total operating expenses	6,083,802	10,192,534
Operating income (loss)	200,537	(1,532,146)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest earnings	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	(8,482)	86,459
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(8,482)	86,459
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	192,055	(1,445,687)
Capital contributions and operating transfers:		
Capital contributions	470,553	19,498
Transfers from other funds	287,378	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,605,100)	(691,045)
Change in net assets	(655,114)	(2,117,234)
Total net assets - beginning	3,164,659	17,733,891
Total net assets - ending	\$ 2,509,545	\$ 15,616,657

5	Stationery	Self	Totals			
	Stores	Insurance		2003		2002
\$	764,051	\$ -	\$	7,988,464	\$	8,625,030
	-	-		7,652,781		8,911,427
	-	20,529,764		20,529,764		18,980,885
	-	5,072,706		5,072,706		4,560,766
	-	369,093	_	436,626	_	661,349
	764,051	25,971,563	_	41,680,341	_	41,739,457
	53,198	-		5,798,297		5,116,820
	50,290	=		3,151,755		2,850,031
	4,914	-		2,709,855		3,167,414
	583,540	-		2,175,227		1,942,305
	35,200	-		234,270		202,520
	12,919	35,896		2,982,889		2,657,063
	-	19,504,044		19,504,044		17,739,068
		5,968,039	_	5,968,039		5,423,961
	740,061	25,507,979		42,524,376		39,099,182
	23,990	463,584	_	(844,035)	_	2,640,275
	-	455,649		455,649		895,368
	(4,947)	· -		73,030		(70,389)
	(4,947)	455,649		528,679		824,979
	19,043	919,233		(315,356)		3,465,254
	.0,0.0	0.10,200		(0.0,000)		5, 100,20 .
	-	-		490,051		2,530,216
	65,100	309,630		662,108		499,100
	(94,186)	(156,432)	_	(2,546,763)	_	(195,000)
	(10,043)	1,072,431		(1,709,960)		6,299,570
	394,061	18,267,148		39,559,759		33,260,189
-	,		_	,,	_	,,
\$	384,018	\$ 19,339,579	\$	37,849,799	\$	39,559,759

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Information Technology	Fleet Buildings
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,279,375	\$ 8,585,952
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,691,818)	(4,818,224)
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,923,400)	(2,765,493)
Other operating revenues		67,533
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	664,157	1,069,768
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	287,378	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,605,100)	(691,045)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,317,722)	(691,045)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(252,855)	(1,935,699)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(252,855)	(1,935,699)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	(8,482)	86,459
Interest on investments		<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	(8,482)	86,459
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments	(914,902)	(1,470,517)
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	2,709,190	7,988,916
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 1,794,288	\$ 6,518,399

5	Stationery		Self	Totals				
	Stores		Insurance		2003			2002
\$	764,078	\$	21,877,488	\$	37,506,893		\$	40,993,594
Ψ.	(684,150)	•	(23,343,030)	•	(31,537,222)		•	(29,780,102)
	(64,306)		-		(5,753,199)			(5,101,857)
	-		369,093		436,626			661,349
	15,622		(1,096,449)		653,098			6,772,984
	65,100		309,630		662,108			499,100
	(94,186)		(156,432)		(2,546,763)			(195,000)
	(29,086)		153,198		(1,884,655)			304,100
	58,513				(2,130,041)			(2,517,932)
	58,513				(2,130,041)			(2,517,932)
	-		65,000		65,000			1,000,000
	(4,947)		-		73,030			-
	-		460,170		460,170			899,801
	(4,947)		525,170		598,200			1,899,801
	40,102		(418,081)		(2,763,398)			6,458,953
_	323,929		33,693,301		44,715,336			38,256,383
\$	364,031	\$	33,275,220	\$	41,951,938		\$	44,715,336

(Continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	 nformation echnology	-	Fleet and Buildings
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 200,537	\$	(1,532,146)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation	562,439		2,371,635
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(4,964)		(6,903)
Decrease in inventory	-		112,476
Decrease in prepaid items	-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(122,622)		97,267
Increase in claims payable	-		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	 28,767	_	27,439
Total adjustments	 463,620		2,601,914
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 664,157	\$	1,069,768
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities			
Capital contributed by local government	\$ 470,553	\$	19,498

S	Stationery		Self	 Tot	otals		
	Stores	Ir	nsurance	2003		2002	
\$	23,990	\$	463,584	\$ (844,035)	\$	2,640,275	
	12,919		35,896	2,982,889		2,657,063	
	27		(3,724,982)	(3,736,822)		(84,514)	
	-		-	112,476		139,303	
	1,986		-	1,986		922	
	(12,192)		308,140	270,593		(156,266)	
	-		1,825,000	1,825,000		1,561,000	
	(11,108)		(4,087)	 41,011		15,201	
	(8,368)		(1,560,033)	 1,497,133		4,132,709	
\$	15,622	\$	(1,096,449)	\$ 653,098	\$	6,772,984	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 490,051	\$	2,530,216	

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS SELF INSURANCE FUNDS

	Life	Health	Workers'	Workers' General		Totals		
	Insurance	Insurance	Compensation	Liability	2003	2002		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Employer contributions	\$ 197,804	\$ 14,322,083	\$ 2,944,309	\$ 3,065,568	\$ 20,529,764	\$ 18,980,885		
Employee contributions	342,910	4,729,796	-	-	5,072,706	4,560,766		
Other			294,943	74,150	369,093	593,974		
Total operating revenues	540,714	19,051,879	3,239,252	3,139,718	25,971,563	24,135,625		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Depreciation	-	-	999	34,897	35,896	17,923		
Employee benefits	681,619	18,822,425	-	-	19,504,044	17,739,068		
Insurance claims			4,909,520	1,058,519	5,968,039	5,423,961		
Total operating expenses	681,619	18,822,425	4,910,519	1,093,416	25,507,979	23,180,952		
Operating income (loss)	(140,905)	229,454	(1,671,267)	2,046,302	463,584	954,673		
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
Interest earnings	64,279	33,258	189,304	168,808	455,649	895,368		
Total nonoperating revenues	64,279	33,258	189,304	168,808	455,649	895,368		
Income (loss) before operating transfers	(76,626)	262,712	(1,481,963)	2,215,110	919,233	1,850,041		
Operating transfers:								
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	309,630	309,630	-		
Transfers to other funds				(156,432)	(156,432)	305,910		
Change in net assets	(76,626)	262,712	(1,481,963)	2,368,308	1,072,431	2,155,951		
Total net assets - beginning	3,165,248	3,523,137	3,163,166	8,415,597	18,267,148	16,111,197		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 3,088,622	\$ 3,785,849	\$ 1,681,203	\$ 10,783,905	\$ 19,339,579	\$ 18,267,148		

# INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Actual Amounts	
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 6,867,000	\$ 6,898,750	\$ 6,282,323	\$ (616,427)	\$ 5,723,837	
Revised budget adjustment	-	(106,750)	-	106,750	-	
Other revenue			5,919	5,919		
Total revenues	6,867,000	6,792,000	6,288,242	(503,758)	5,723,837	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	2,860,890	2,978,130	2,923,397	54,733	2,346,424	
Contractual services	2,393,400	2,420,690	2,264,955	155,735	1,528,024	
Materials and supplies	436,800	356,980	313,461	43,519	400,924	
Capital outlay	247,750	227,490	149,503	77,987	231,591	
City administrative charges	51,030	53,620	53,620	-	38,680	
Cost of materials used	150,000	150,000	133,782	16,218	208,414	
Contingency	275,000	37,960	<u> </u>	37,960	<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	6,414,870	6,224,870	5,838,718	386,152	4,754,057	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	452,130	567,130	449,524	(117,606)	969,780	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	118,190	193,190	193,192	2	193,190	
Transfers to other funds	(1,415,100)	(1,605,100)	(1,605,100)		(195,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,296,910)	(1,411,910)	(1,411,908)	2	(1,810)	
Net change in unencumbered cash	(844,780)	(844,780)	(962,384)	(117,604)	967,970	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	1,224,240	2,073,220	2,073,220		1,105,250	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 379,460	\$ 1,228,440	\$ 1,110,836	\$ (117,604)	\$ 2,073,220	

# FLEET AND BUILDINGS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS For the year ended December 31, 2003

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002 Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,414,210	\$ 1,523,710	\$ 1,113,734	\$ (409,976)	\$ 1,346,327	
Rental/lease income	8,272,060	7,846,020	7,634,563	(211,457)	8,911,427	
Other revenue	126,250	138,700	57,838	(80,862)	67,337	
Total revenues	9,812,520	9,508,430	8,806,135	(702,295)	10,325,091	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	2,808,960	2,974,070	2,765,493	208,577	2,559,124	
Contractual services	1,017,290	1,040,390	1,400,700	(360,310)	886,257	
Materials and supplies	2,408,290	2,477,400	2,285,240	192,160	2,430,218	
Capital outlay	2,600,000	1,600,000	1,589,246	10,754	2,560,023	
City administrative charges	106,900	145,450	145,450	-	106,900	
Cost of materials used	1,000,000	1,250,000	1,590,265	(340,265)	1,086,486	
Contingency	590,000	4,425,000	<u> </u>	4,425,000		
Total expenditures	10,531,440	13,912,310	9,776,394	4,135,916	9,629,008	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(718,920)	(4,403,880)	(970,259)	3,433,621	696,083	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds		(1,000,000)	(691,045)	308,955		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,000,000)	(691,045)	308,955		
Net change in unencumbered cash	(718,920)	(5,403,880)	(1,661,304)	3,742,576	696,083	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	720,453	6,134,836	6,134,836		5,438,753	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 1,533	\$ 730,956	\$ 4,473,532	\$ 3,742,576	\$ 6,134,836	

#### STATIONERY STORES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Budgete	d Amounts	<u> </u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2002 Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales Other revenue	\$ 956,680	\$ 950,00 6,68		( - , ,	\$ 1,589,122 (101)	
Total revenues	956,680	956,68	0 757,614	(199,066)	1,589,021	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	58,890	60,42	0 53,201	7,219	194,313	
Contractual services	121,380	114,88	0 37,992	76,888	506,304	
Materials and supplies	1,690	5,00	0 4,914	86	118,090	
Capital outlay	43,000	43,00	0 40,620	2,380	-	
City administrative charges	47,280	46,24	,		56,940	
Cost of materials used	800,000	800,00	,	,	715,362	
Contingency		2,70		2,700	<del>-</del>	
Total expenditures	1,072,240	1,072,24	0 780,664	291,576	1,591,009	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(115,560)	(115,56	(23,050	92,510	(1,988)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	65,100	65,10	0 65,100	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	65,100	65,10	65,100			
Net change in unencumbered cash	(50,460)	(50,46	42,050	92,510	(1,988)	
Unencumbered cash - beginning	86,865	276,92	9 276,929		278,917	
Unencumbered cash - ending	\$ 36,405	\$ 226,46	9 \$ 318,979	92,510	\$ 276,929	

### — FIDUCIARY FUNDS —

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others and, therefore, are not used to support the government's own programs.

<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> - accounts for the receipt, investment and distribution of retirement contributions made for the benefit of police, fire and other City employees.

Police and Fire Retirement System Employees' Retirement System Employees' Retirement Plan 3

<u>Agency Funds</u> - accounts for resources received and held by the City as agent which are to be expended as directed by the party for which the City is acting as agent.

Payroll Liability
Special Assessment Advance Payments
Neighborhood Revitalization
IRB, Payment-in-lieu-of taxes (PILOT)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002)

	Police and Fire Retirement			Employees' Retirement	Employees' Retirement		Totals			
		System		System	Plan 3	_	2003		2002	
ASSETS					 					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	7,282,488	\$	8,510,542	\$ 25,897	\$	15,818,927	\$	13,170,483	
Receivables:										
Investment sales pending		630,815		735,837	-		1,366,652		448,471	
Interest and dividends		815,757		951,569	15,949		1,783,275		1,697,968	
Other		276,903		131,115	 73,767		481,785		422,940	
Total receivables		1,723,475		1,818,521	89,716		3,631,712		2,569,379	
Investments, at fair value:										
Government securities: long term		11,192,434		13,044,946	-		24,237,380		32,800,647	
Corporate debt instruments: long term		30,321,675		35,340,359	-		65,662,034		62,960,405	
Mortgage-backed securities		16,931,968		19,734,459	-		36,666,427		44,355,600	
Corporate stocks: domestic common		126,152,769		147,032,916	-		273,185,685		244,377,852	
Corporate stocks: international common		36,950,164		43,065,962	-		80,016,126		70,514,938	
Value of interest in pooled funds: domestic fixed income		41,108,639		47,912,725	1,030,469		90,051,833		82,465,799	
Value of interest in pooled funds: international fixed income		21,214,136		24,725,388	505,997		46,445,521		42,825,855	
Value of interest in pooled funds: domestic equities		39,310,241		45,816,665	6,884,269		92,011,175		80,821,225	
Value of interest in pooled funds: international equities		27,619,676		32,191,139	 1,484,461		61,295,276		53,115,531	
Total investments		350,801,702	_	408,864,559	 9,905,196	_	769,571,457	_	714,237,852	
Total assets		359,807,665		419,193,622	 10,020,809	_	789,022,096	_	729,977,714	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,837,187		2,105,754	17,535		3,960,476		3,600,849	
Investment purchases pending		1,080,306		1,260,161	-		2,340,467		1,579,325	
Securities lending obligations					 				63,981,313	
Total liabilities		2,917,493		3,365,915	 17,535		6,300,943		69,161,487	
NET ASSETS										
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	356,890,172	\$	415,827,707	\$ 10,003,274	\$	782,721,153	\$	660,816,227	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Police and Fire Retirement	i		Employees' Retirement		Totals			
	System		System	Plan 3		2003		2002	
ADDITIONS									
Contributions:									
Employer	\$ 5,043,505	\$	2,007,656	\$ 1,214,823	\$	8,265,984	\$	7,907,897	
Employee	3,296,499		2,397,597	1,214,823		6,908,919		6,544,480	
Total contributions	8,340,004	_	4,405,253	 2,429,646		15,174,903		14,452,377	
Investment income:									
From investment activities									
Net appreciation (depreciation) in									
in fair value of investments	61,993,535		72,375,761	1,415,144		135,784,440		(100,314,600)	
Interest and dividends	5,174,915		6,058,274	248,073		11,481,262		11,508,446	
Commission recapture	52,566		61,490			114,056		136,939	
Total investing activity income (loss)	67,221,016		78,495,525	1,663,217		147,379,758		(88,669,215)	
Less investment expense	1,481,878		1,723,918	60,586		3,266,382		3,284,373	
Net income (loss) from investing activities	65,739,138		76,771,607	 1,602,631		144,113,376		(91,953,588)	
From securities lending activities									
Securities lending income	439,230		493,213			932,443		1,457,314	
Securities lending activities expenses:									
Borrower rebates	317,536		350,812	-		668,348		1,122,849	
Management fees	36,276		42,450			78,726		99,019	
Total securities lending activities expenses	353,812	_	393,262			747,074		1,221,868	
Net income from securities lending activities	85,418		99,951	 -		185,369		235,446	
Total net investment income (loss)	65,824,556	_	76,871,558	 1,602,631		144,298,745		(91,718,142)	
Transfers from other funds			1,138,869	 		1,138,869		1,328,831	
Total additions	74,164,560		82,415,680	 4,032,277	_	160,612,517	_	(75,936,934)	
DEDUCTIONS									
Pension benefits	16,335,032		17,954,035	-		34,289,067		32,283,085	
DROP and Back DROP payments	1,240,509		622,674	-		1,863,183		471,208	
Pension administration	234,826		232,153	33,395		500,374		483,595	
Employee contributions refunded	192,808		276,261	384,769		853,838		1,389,311	
Transfers to other funds	-		-	1,138,869		1,138,869		1,328,869	
Other deductions	29,560		32,700			62,260		82,592	
Total deductions	18,032,735	_	19,117,823	1,557,033		38,707,591		36,038,660	
Change in net assets	56,131,825		63,297,857	2,475,244		121,904,926		(111,975,594)	
Net assets - beginning	300,758,347		352,529,850	 7,528,030	_	660,816,227	_	772,791,821	
Net assets - ending	\$ 356,890,172	\$	415,827,707	\$ 10,003,274	\$	782,721,153	\$	660,816,227	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

	Jar	Balance nuary 1, 2003		Additions		Deductions	Dece	Balance ember 31, 2003
Payroll Liability Fund		, .,						
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	333,417	\$	86,473,592	\$	86,458,436	\$	348,573
Accounts receivable	¥	957,619	Ψ	226,853	¥	-	Ψ	1,184,472
	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-,		-		, - ,
Total assets	\$	1,291,036	\$	86,700,445	\$	86,458,436	\$	1,533,045
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,291,036	\$	135,316,413	\$	135,074,404	\$	1,533,045
Total liabilities	\$	1,291,036	\$	135,316,413	\$	135,074,404	\$	1,533,045
Special Assessment Advance Payments	s Fund							
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	4,610,830	\$	2,229,150	\$	1,080,095	\$	5,759,885
Investments		1,266,793		19,120		885,093		400,820
Accounts receivable		12,221		-		-		12,221
Interest receivable		10,760		21,844		29,063		3,541
Total assets	\$	5,900,604	\$	2,270,114	\$	1,994,251	\$	6,176,467
LIABILITIES								
Deposits	\$	5,900,604	\$	1,149,270	\$	873,407	\$	6,176,467
Total liabilities	\$	5,900,604	\$	1,149,270	\$	873,407	\$	6,176,467
Total liabilities	Ψ	3,900,004	Ψ	1,149,270	Ψ	073,407	Ψ	0,170,407
Neighborhood Revitalization Fund								
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	268	\$	48,998	\$	33,354	\$	15,912
Total assets	\$	268	\$	48,998	\$	33,354	\$	15,912
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	33,354	\$	33,354	\$	-
Deposits		268		48,998		33,354		15,912
Total liabilities	\$	268	\$	82,352	\$	66,708	\$	15,912

(Continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

IRB, PILOT Fund	_Jar	Balance January 1, 2003		Additions		Deductions	Dece	Balance ember 31, 2003
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	43,209	\$	43,209	\$	-
Accounts receivable		17,133	_	47,401	_	47,401		17,133
Total assets	\$	17,133	\$	90,610	\$	90,610	\$	17,133
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	43,209	\$	43,209	\$	-
Deposits		17,133		47,401		47,401		17,133
Total liabilities	\$	17,133	\$	90,610	\$	90,610	\$	17,133
Totals - All Agency Funds								
ASSETS								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	4,944,515	\$	88,794,949	\$	87,615,094	\$	6,124,370
Investments		1,266,793		19,120		885,093		400,820
Accounts receivable		986,973		274,254		47,401		1,213,826
Interest receivable		10,760		21,844		29,063		3,541
Total assets	\$	7,209,041	\$	89,110,167	\$	88,576,651	\$	7,742,557
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,291,036	\$	135,392,976	\$	135,150,967	\$	1,533,045
Deposits		5,918,005		1,245,669		954,162		6,209,512
Total liabilities	\$	7,209,041	\$	136,638,645	\$	136,105,129	\$	7,742,557

### COMPONENT UNIT

The Wichita Public Building Commission (WPBC) is reported as a discretely presented component unit within the financial statements of the City of Wichita (the reporting entity) to emphasize its separate legal status. The WPBC acquires and finances buildings or facilities for the City of Wichita or other local, state and federal agencies, school districts, and the Wichita State University Board of Trustees.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - WICHITA PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long term debt	\$ 15,580,000	\$ -
Project expenditures	(1,622,756)	-
Received on direct financing lease	4,225,000	4,150,000
Debt service - principal	(4,225,000)	(4,150,000)
Debt service - refunding	(15,320,000)	-
Debt service - interest	(1,792,293)	(1,809,361)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(3,155,049)	(1,809,361)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investment	973,305	-
Interest on lease investment	2,116,462	2,850,895
Net cash (used in) investment activities	3,089,767	2,850,895
Net increase in cash and temporary investments	(65,282)	1,041,534
Cash and temporary investments - January 1	1,983,553	942,019
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$ 1,918,271	\$ 1,983,553

# — ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—

Additional schedules represent various financial schedules of the City. Included are supplementary schedules pertaining to long-term debt obligations and investments.

#### COMBINED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BONDS PAYABLE

Year ended December 31, 2003

	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,
	 2003	 Issued	 Retired	 2003
General obligation bonds payable from:				
Ad valorem property taxes	\$ 71,979,751	\$ 23,518,340	\$ 16,753,913	\$ 78,744,178
Special assessments	148,540,000	42,190,000	29,865,000	160,865,000
Tax increment financing	19,919,545	-	1,369,697	18,549,848
Transient guest tax	12,519,875	-	1,967,667	10,552,208
Airport Authority	4,865,000	-	550,000	4,315,000
Golf Course System	7,682,468	-	667,982	7,014,486
Transit	97,020	-	81,010	16,010
Local sales tax	56,000,000	48,855,000	12,165,000	92,690,000
Storm Water Utility	6,045,000	2,821,660	1,390,000	7,476,660
Revenue bonds payable from:				
Water Utility	86,921,485	48,115,000	5,122,515	129,913,970
Sewer Utility	54,585,319	72,250,000	3,836,292	122,999,027
Airport Special Facilities	78,115,512	2,860,000	3,405,660	77,569,852
Wichita Public Building Commission	 37,470,000	 15,580,000	 19,545,000	 33,505,000
	\$ 584,740,975	\$ 256,190,000	\$ 96,719,736	\$ 744,211,239

#### **RECONCILIATION OF BONDS PAYABLE**

General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	, , ,	23,390 87,849
Total bonds payable	\$ 744,2	11,239
Serial bonds payable exclusive of bond anticipation notes	\$ 361,4	01,234
Bonds payable from component unit Bonds payable from proprietary funds	33,5	05,000 05,005
Total bonds payable		11,239

#### SUMMARY OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE CHARGES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003

			P <i>A</i>	YABLE FROM TAXES	1			1		AYABLE FROM SIENT GUEST		
Year		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	\$	13,286,091 12,076,600 9,977,920 9,847,493 8,832,139 7,813,137 5,690,580 4,361,076 4,370,073 2,489,069	\$	2,898,282 2,348,339 1,949,565 1,598,601 1,237,538 888,155 600,904 393,380 227,064 75,421	\$	16,184,373 14,424,939 11,927,485 11,446,094 10,069,677 8,701,292 6,291,484 4,754,456 4,597,137 2,564,490	\$	1,377,633 1,219,967 1,194,659 1,168,294 919,625 905,417 895,820 897,463 897,173 902,824 173,333	\$	506,398 685,652 709,817 733,464 753,450 779,978 798,829 813,594 826,367 830,974 8,927	\$	1,884,031 1,905,619 1,904,476 1,901,758 1,673,075 1,685,395 1,694,649 1,711,057 1,723,540 1,733,798 182,260
	\$	78,744,178	\$	12,217,249	\$	90,961,427	\$	10,552,208	\$	7,447,450	\$	17,999,658
		TA		PAYABLE FRO REMENT FINA		G	_			AYABLE FROM CAL SALES TA		
Year		Principal	_	Interest		Debt Service Charges		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	1,486,818 1,610,909 1,756,061 1,896,212 2,051,364 2,214,545 1,827,727 1,988,939 2,153,182 1,297,424 266,667	\$	774,219 714,242 650,727 583,479 509,693 424,499 331,874 255,672 170,455 76,272 13,733	\$	2,261,037 2,325,151 2,406,788 2,479,691 2,561,057 2,639,044 2,159,601 2,244,611 2,323,637 1,373,696 280,400	\$	6,510,000 6,850,000 7,095,000 4,830,000 5,045,000 5,620,000 5,920,000 6,185,000 6,495,000 7,085,000 7,405,000 7,750,000 3,755,000	<b>\$</b>	4,083,329 4,043,425 3,767,125 3,421,825 3,177,200 2,921,700 2,665,225 2,411,375 2,141,813 1,843,000 1,514,125 1,170,500 811,750 471,000 187,750	\$ 	10,593,329 10,893,425 10,862,125 8,251,825 8,222,200 8,281,700 8,285,225 8,331,375 8,326,813 8,338,000 8,299,125 8,255,500 8,216,750 8,221,000 3,942,750
	<u> </u>		OTAL	PAYABLE FRO	 DM	20,004,710	<u> </u>	· ·		AYABLE FROM AL ASSESSME	_ <del></del> 1	
Year		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges		Principal		Interest		Debt Service Charges
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	22,660,542 21,757,476 20,023,640 17,741,999 16,848,128 16,293,099 14,034,127 13,167,478 13,605,428 11,184,317 7,225,000 7,405,000 7,750,000 3,755,000	\$	8,262,228 7,791,658 7,077,234 6,337,369 5,677,881 5,014,332 4,396,832 3,874,021 3,365,699 2,825,667 1,536,785 1,170,500 811,750 471,000 187,750	\$	30,922,770 29,549,134 27,100,874 24,079,368 22,526,009 21,307,431 18,430,959 17,041,499 16,971,127 14,009,984 8,761,785 8,255,500 8,216,750 8,221,000 3,942,750	\$	14,905,000 15,240,000 14,110,000 14,250,000 13,905,000 13,560,000 12,605,000 11,600,000 10,480,000 8,775,000 7,020,000 4,890,000 3,685,000 2,455,000	\$	7,481,557 6,373,039 5,676,733 5,046,627 4,474,022 3,907,645 3,344,560 2,758,388 2,215,048 1,682,795 1,205,623 802,798 480,858 266,385 105,075	\$	22,386,557 21,613,039 19,786,733 19,296,627 18,379,029 17,292,645 16,904,560 15,363,388 13,815,048 12,162,795 9,980,623 7,822,798 5,370,858 3,951,385 2,560,075

<u>\$ 160,865,000</u> <u>\$ 45,821,160</u> <u>\$ 206,686,160</u>

<u>\$ 200,536,234</u> <u>\$ 58,800,706</u> <u>\$ 259,336,940</u>

# SUMMARY OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE CHARGES PAYABLE FROM PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	 -			f se m	 Storm Water Utility				
Year	 Principal		Interest	Principal	ncipal Interest		 Principal	Interest	
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	\$ 16,010 - - - - - - - -	\$	424 - - - - - - - -	\$ 633,982 653,982 632,602 464,026 479,947 504,947 525,000 555,000 620,000 660,000 695,000	\$	361,215 324,486 286,254 254,256 232,213 208,958 184,243 158,255 130,228 99,990 67,750 34,750	\$ 1,751,320 1,831,320 1,917,377 282,377 282,377 282,377 282,378 282,378 282,378 282,378	\$	261,861 186,878 107,352 62,688 55,275 46,804 37,274 27,179 16,660 5,648
2010	\$ 16,010	\$	424	\$ 7,014,486	\$	2,342,598	\$ 7,476,660	\$	807,619

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Airport	Autho	rity				Totals				
Year	Principal		pal Interest			Principal	Principal Interest			Debt Service Charges		
2004	\$	575,000	\$	229,283	\$	2,976,312	\$	852,783	\$	3,829,095		
2005		590,000		196,305		3,075,302		707,669		3,782,971		
2006		625,000		163,900		3,174,979		557,506		3,732,485		
2007		605,000		129,149		1,351,403		446,093		1,797,496		
2008		640,000		94,933		1,402,324		382,421		1,784,745		
2009		675,000		58,306		1,462,324		314,068		1,776,392		
2010		525,000		19,563		1,332,378		241,080		1,573,458		
2011		80,000		4,240		917,378		189,674		1,107,052		
2012		-		-		872,378		146,888		1,019,266		
2013		-		-		902,378		105,638		1,008,016		
2014		-		-		660,000		67,750		727,750		
2015					_	695,000		34,750		729,750		
	\$	4,315,000	\$	895,679	\$	18,822,156	\$	4,046,320	\$	22,868,476		

# SUMMARY OF REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE CHARGES PAYABLE FROM PROPRIETARY FUND AND COMPONENT UNIT REVENUES

BASED ON BONDED DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Wa	ter Utility	Sewe	er Utility		Wichita Airport Authority			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2004	\$ 5,881,628	\$ 6,192,830	\$ 4,528,274	\$ 5,875,917	\$ 2,433,699	\$ 4,931,357			
2005	6,175,624	5,874,435	4,760,898	5,641,282	3,736,173	4,719,801			
2006	6,457,088	5,600,644	4,966,606	5,450,386	1,318,218	4,541,506			
2007	6,768,507	5,309,109	5,202,936	5,244,666	1,409,317	4,450,122			
2008	6,652,820	4,997,523	5,096,978	5,018,690	355,000	4,372,006			
2009	7,265,900	4,708,407	5,452,887	4,799,878	11,802,445	4,349,226			
2010	7,196,760	4,386,191	5,171,678	4,567,215	510,000	3,414,663			
2011	7,554,459	4,029,756	5,944,327	4,310,635	545,000	3,381,986			
2012	7,902,734	3,646,028	6,727,127	4,011,866	575,000	3,346,865			
2013	7,081,905	3,282,505	6,119,793	3,701,716	545,000	3,308,832			
2014	7,448,164	2,945,286	6,406,172	3,411,547	515,000	3,274,535			
2015	7,863,719	2,588,064	6,774,091	3,103,208	80,000	3,240,172			
2016	8,342,708	2,204,286	7,189,452	2,766,348	90,000	3,235,172			
2017	5,578,392	1,797,390	5,049,036	2,409,075	95,000	3,229,547			
2018	5,934,887	1,538,921	5,358,772	2,156,300	100,000	3,223,610			
2019	3,330,897	1,264,284	4,510,000	1,888,199	-	3,217,360			
2020	3,489,190	1,098,991	4,725,000	1,662,699	-	3,217,360			
2021	3,663,588	925,844	4,975,000	1,426,449	1,300,000	3,139,631			
2022	3,275,000	750,576	5,225,000	1,177,699	-	3,119,860			
2023	3,450,000	586,826	5,475,000	916,449	-	3,119,860			
2024	1,550,000	414,326	2,400,000	642,699	-	3,119,860			
2025	1,745,000	336,826	2,695,000	522,699	-	3,119,860			
2026	1,745,000	253,451	2,695,000	393,924	-	3,119,860			
2027	1,740,000	170,076	2,700,000	265,149	-	3,119,860			
2028	1,820,000	86,939	2,850,000	136,137	-	3,119,860			
2029	-	-	-	-	-	3,119,860			
2030	-	-	-	-	-	3,119,860			
2031	-	-	-	-	2,860,000	3,113,425			
2032		<u> </u>			49,300,000	1,540,625			
	\$ 129,913,970	\$ 64,989,514	\$ 122,999,027	\$ 71,500,832	\$ 77,569,852	\$ 99,326,541			

#### COMPONENT UNIT

Wichita Public Building Commission

Totals

Principal	Interest	Principal	_	Interest	 Debt Service Charges
\$ 1,430,000	\$ 1,332,195	\$ 14,273,601	\$	18,332,299	\$ 32,605,900
2,560,000	1,203,196	17,232,695		17,438,714	34,671,409
2,760,000	1,126,466	15,501,912		16,719,002	32,220,914
2,525,000	1,035,824	15,905,760		16,039,721	31,945,481
2,425,000	949,209	14,529,798		15,337,428	29,867,226
2,505,000	865,586	27,026,232		14,723,097	41,749,329
2,595,000	773,228	15,473,438		13,141,297	28,614,735
2,695,000	677,553	16,738,786		12,399,930	29,138,716
2,790,000	581,495	17,994,861		11,586,254	29,581,115
2,890,000	473,695	16,636,698		10,766,748	27,403,446
3,010,000	354,263	17,379,336		9,985,631	27,364,967
1,480,000	220,960	16,197,810		9,152,404	25,350,214
1,555,000	146,315	17,177,160		8,352,121	25,529,281
1,630,000	69,196	12,352,428		7,505,208	19,857,636
100,000	28,420	11,493,659		6,947,251	18,440,910
100,000	24,420	7,940,897		6,394,263	14,335,160
105,000	20,020	8,319,190		5,999,070	14,318,260
110,000	15,400	10,048,588		5,507,324	15,555,912
115,000	10,560	8,615,000		5,058,695	13,673,695
125,000	5,500	9,050,000		4,628,635	13,678,635
-	-	3,950,000		4,176,885	8,126,885
-	-	4,440,000		3,979,385	8,419,385
-	-	4,440,000		3,767,235	8,207,235
-	-	4,440,000		3,555,085	7,995,085
-	-	4,670,000		3,342,936	8,012,936
-	-	-		3,119,860	3,119,860
-	-	-		3,119,860	3,119,860
-	-	2,860,000		3,113,425	5,973,425
 -	 	 49,300,000		1,540,625	 50,840,625
\$ 33,505,000	\$ 9,913,501	\$ 363,987,849	\$	245,730,388	\$ 609,718,237

#### COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS - ALL FUNDS

	Interest Rates			urity tes	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	From	<u>To</u>			
Special Revenue Funds Wichita Housing Authority:							
Certificates of Deposits	1.060	1.300	02/04	05/04	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	
Total Special Revenue Funds					900,000	900,000	
Permanent Fund Cemetery Fund:							
U.S. Government Obligations	-	13.875	-	05/11	173,530	196,898	
Common Stocks	-	-	-	-	80,437	411,319	
Total Permanent Fund					253,967	608,217	
Internal Service Funds Self Insurance Fund: Group Life Insurance Fund:							
U.S. Government Obligations	-	13.875	-	05/11	197,255	222,305	
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	-	6.125	-	01/06	49,729	51,958	
Total Internal Service Funds					246,984	274,263	
Fiduciary Funds Police and Fire Retirement System:							
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	2.750	7.500	03/06	03/31	11,192,434	11,192,434	
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	3.875	9.340	02/04	04/32	30,321,675	30,321,675	
Common Stocks	- 5.000	- 11.500	- 07/05	- 11/33	163,102,933	163,102,933 16,931,968	
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities Securities Lending Collateral Pool	5.000	11.500	07/05	-	16,931,968	10,931,900	
Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-	129,252,692	129,252,692	
Total Police and Fire Retirement					350,801,702	350,801,702	
Wichita Employees' Retirement System: <sup>1</sup>							
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	2.750	7.500	03/06	03/31	13,044,946	13,044,946	
Corporate Bonds and Debentures	3.875	9.340	02/04	04/32	35,340,359	35,340,359	
Common Stocks	-	-	-	-	190,098,878	190,098,878	
Mortgage and Asset Backed Securities	5.000	11.500	07/05	11/33	19,734,459	19,734,459	
Securities Lending Collateral Pool Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-	- 160,551,113	- 160,551,113	
Mutual/F Ooled T unus	-	-	-	-	100,551,115	100,551,115	
Total Wichita Employees' Retirement					418,769,755	418,769,755	

The investments for the Wichita Employees' Retirement System include investments held by the Employees' Retirement Plan 3.

#### **COMBINED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS - ALL FUNDS**

	Inter Rate			urity tes	Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
	From	<u>To</u>	From	<u>To</u>				
Special Assessment Prepay: U.S. Government Obligations	-	9.375	02/06	11/16	\$	400,820	\$	419,986
Total Special Assessment Prepay					_	400,820		419,986
Total Fiduciary Funds						769,972,277		769,991,443
Component Unit Wichita Public Building Commission: Mutual/Pooled Funds	-	-	-	-		1,918,271		1,918,271
Total Public Building Commission						1,918,271		1,918,271
Treasurer's Pooled Cash Certificates of Deposits U.S. Government Obligations	0.880 0.900	3.200 4.875	03/04 01/04	12/04 08/07		10,800,000 276,613,434		10,800,000 277,155,618
Total Treasurer's Pooled Cash						287,413,434		287,955,618
Total Investments - All Funds					\$	1,060,704,933	\$	1,061,647,812

#### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE

	Policy	y Policy Period		
Company	Number	From	То	Details of Coverage
Allianz	CLP3000372	01-03	01-04	Property Insurance - All risk coverage on real and personal property in the City and property for others for which the City is legally liable. Values I.A.W. Statement of values on replacement cost basis
Allianz	CLP3000372	01-03	01-04	Property Insurance - Comprehensive coverage for steam boilers, air conditioning and electric motors. Property coverage of repair or replacement cost basis
Allianz	CLP3000372	01-03	01-04	Data Processing Property Protection
Hartford Fire	37BPEAI5991	01-03	01-04	Burglary and/or theft coverage for monies and securities
Hartford Fire	37BPEAI5991	01-03	01-04	Blanket Position Bond - coverage per dishonest acts of employees
Housing Authority Risk Retention Group, Inc.	17-0055-2003-00 000-0	06-03	06-04	WHA General Liability
Travelers Indemnity Co.	42/KTJCMB 199D292-8-2003	06-03	06-04	WHA Fire Insurance on all owned units
Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance	15180580378100	11-03	11-04	WHA Flood Insurance on 29 units

Terms	 Deductible	 Liability Limits	Annual Premium			
Per occurrence	\$ 100,000	\$ 382,722,195	\$	383,751		
Per occurrence	10,000	55,000,000	•	ncluded in roperty)		
Hardware	100,000	10,000,000		ncluded in roperty)		
Per occurrence	10,000	500,000		7,018		
Per loss/per employee	5,000	1,000,000		ncluded in urglary)		
Per occurrence	10,000	5,000,000		28,533		
Per occurrence	5,000	38,748,029		145,127		
Per occurrence	5,000	48,000 per unit		11,584		

#### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE (CONTINUED)

	Policy _	Policy Pe	eriod							
Company	Number	From	То	Details of Coverage						
WICHITA AIRPORT AUTHORITY										
Aircraft Aviation	AAPN00972034	07-03	07-04	Comprehensive general liability and property damage						
Great American Alliance Insurance Company	KST7-73-17-41-12	04-03	04-04	Underground storage tank liability						
WICHITA ART MUSEUM										
Ace Fire Underwriters Insurance Company	MVPI20008374	01-03	01-04	All risk coverage for fine arts collections, on premises, worldwide transit coverage, and other locations						
WICHITA PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION - STATE OFFICE BUILDING										
St. Paul	CF01200313	01-03	01-04	Property - buildings and earnings State Office Building and Parking Facility						
Western Heritage	03SCP0454604	01-03	01-04	Comprehensive general liability						

Terms	[	Deductible		Liability Limits	 Annual Premium
	\$	10,000	\$	50,000,000	\$ 39,102
		10,000		1,000,000	3,788
Per occurrence Permanent Collection and Loan Collection		1,000		50,000,000 @ insured's premises; 20,000,000 @ any other location; 20,000,000 in transit; 50,000,000 any one loss/disaster	16,500
Per occurrence as scheduled		5,000		27,500,000	29,999
Per occurrence		1,000		2,000,000	 31,631
			ТО	TAL	\$ 930,429

# — STATISTICAL SECTION—

The Statistical Section includes schedules showing tenyear financial trends as extracted from current and prior years' financial reports and supplemental information relevant to the City. The statistical schedules reflect social and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the City. This page intentionally left blank.



#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE 1

1994 TO 2003

<u>Year</u>	 Taxes	 Special Assessments	 Franchise Fees	 Local Sales Tax	 ntergovern- mental	 Licenses and Permits
1994	\$ 58,672,110	\$ 26,853,776	\$ 24,276,855	\$ 32,691,620	\$ 45,127,486	\$ 3,914,580
1995	59,109,590	28,338,380	24,093,937	33,183,589	48,580,678	3,601,599
1996	59,962,122	28,529,206	26,138,340	33,492,240	58,069,696	3,451,183
1997	63,692,486	26,894,346	26,455,348	35,359,410	59,292,126	4,484,107
1998	66,415,469	24,778,035	27,208,461	39,129,814	58,699,654	4,657,614
1999	68,046,858	23,915,289	27,636,037	38,237,574	75,954,075	4,714,786
2000	75,663,130	25,876,797	29,088,392	37,778,881	73,681,578	5,272,042
2001	81,585,715	26,294,749	31,521,170	40,187,186	71,329,574	6,382,478
2002	86,915,250	27,557,210	28,792,310	40,952,104	66,352,482	6,331,427
2003	90,843,658	25,875,386	29,259,353	39,735,404	90,491,983	5,614,375

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All Governmental Fund types including Expendable Trust Funds are reported for 1994-2001.

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION 1 1994 TO 2003

Year	General Government					Highways and Streets	 Sanitation	 Health and Welfare		
1994	\$	20,285,269	\$	58,339,106	\$	12,701,232	\$ 2,306,356	\$ 25,366,165		
1995		22,833,395		62,162,833		17,098,696	2,296,627	29,159,834		
1996		21,660,305		66,256,654		15,528,097	2,528,351	29,722,211		
1997		21,952,110		68,125,546		14,784,097	4,261,661	32,923,765		
1998		23,021,931		71,029,077		16,706,548	4,618,925	29,287,476		
1999		24,452,917		72,930,754		15,960,318	5,407,763	31,573,314		
2000		23,979,859		76,700,135		17,368,273	4,649,402	37,618,452		
2001		25,496,253		78,639,160		17,685,470	6,814,361	38,740,569		
2002		29,643,689		84,887,467		18,658,540	4,466,424	36,821,609		
2003		25,342,630		86,742,013		17,726,020	3,590,546	38,100,143		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All Governmental Fund types including Expendable Trust Funds are reported for 1994-2001.

Fines and Penalties		Rentals		Interest Earnings		f	Charges for Services and Sales	Ot	her Revenues	Total		
\$	4,063,191	\$	2,315,069	\$	4,495,055	\$	10,415,973	\$	8,183,223	\$	221,008,938	
•	4,679,451	*	3,188,435	*	7,217,020	•	11,042,673	•	13,560,612	*	236,595,964	
	5,695,209		3,008,191		6,700,032		12,015,048		9,113,406		246,174,673	
	6,515,083		2,815,832		7,101,566		18,936,042		12,028,020		263,574,366	
	8,998,905		3,245,227		7,881,271		21,238,172		22,486,769		284,739,391	
	9,181,475		3,949,500		8,489,135		18,722,159		17,038,890		295,885,778	
	7,399,707		4,147,772		10,211,981		19,775,297		13,470,521		302,366,098	
	6,851,819		4,331,335		10,441,337		18,443,762		16,592,383		313,961,508	
	8,139,288		4,601,521		7,827,183		9,950,483		12,925,040		300,344,298	
	8,453,523		4,175,241		5,053,383		9,841,535		15,340,542		324,684,383	

	Culture and Recreation		Debt Service				Total
					<u> </u>		
\$	20,202,191	\$	48,705,664	\$	71,308,304	\$	259,214,287
	20,620,601		56,365,121		48,540,879		259,077,986
	21,535,199		58,782,974		78,466,561		294,480,352
	22,821,354		74,909,826		71,485,686		311,264,045
	23,796,658		71,406,993		73,175,976		313,043,584
	23,723,105		65,056,260		94,253,708		333,358,139
	24,386,160		62,857,860		78,919,861		326,480,002
	25,098,424		68,993,318		115,791,635		377,259,190
	27,270,944		108,846,914		123,827,952		434,423,539
	25,986,538		70,888,409		171,333,093		439,709,392

### TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS GENERAL AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

1994 to 2003 INCLUSIVE (Includes Tangible Property Taxes Only)

Year ¹	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percentage Current Tax Collected	Prior Years Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Collections to Current Tax Levy
1994	\$ 46,870,890	\$ 44,900,615	95.80%	\$ 1,408,243	\$ 46,308,858	98.80%
1995	47,839,850	44,721,966	93.48	1,548,661	46,270,627	96.72
1996	48,606,040	45,891,724	94.42	1,071,021	46,962,745	96.62
1997	50,127,520	48,453,454	96.66	1,059,780	49,513,234	98.77
1998	52,357,401	50,552,832	96.55	892,780	51,445,612	98.26
1999	54,978,750	52,894,709	96.21	1,118,586	54,013,295	98.24
2000	59,640,740	56,956,649	95.50	1,050,126	58,006,775	97.26
2001	65,180,140	61,319,251	94.08	1,138,608	62,457,859	95.82
2002	68,935,070	65,482,585	94.99	1,509,304	66,991,889	97.18
2003	72,658,900	68,607,004	94.42	1,579,345	70,186,349	96.60

### TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS TAX INCREMENT FINANCE DISTRICTS

1994 to 2003 INCLUSIVE (Includes Tangible Property Taxes Only)

								Ratio of Total
				Percentage	F	Prior Years		Collections to
	Total Tax	(	Current Tax	Current Tax	De	linquent Tax	Total Tax	Current Tax
Year 1	Levy		Collections	Collected	(	Collections	Collections	Levy
1994	\$ 450,000	\$	449,080	99.80%	\$	5,058	\$ 454,138	100.92%
1995	463,000		348,300	75.23		14,410	362,710	78.34
1996	472,000		419,174	88.81		10,118	429,292	90.95
1997	925,770		883,832	95.47		16,777	900,609	97.28
1998	800,000		750,460	93.81		21,604	772,064	96.51
1999	1,895,880		1,376,153	72.59		21,726	1,397,879	73.73
2000	2,655,850		2,148,679	80.90		33,870	2,182,549	82.18
2001	4,422,170		3,823,155	86.45		52,416	3,875,571	87.64
2002	4,467,370		3,851,044	86.20		94,646	3,945,690	88.32
2003	4,137,950		4,280,190	103.44		140,673	4,420,863	106.84

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENT LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

1994 to 2003 INCLUSIVE

Year ¹	Assessments Certified to County	Current Assessment Collections <sup>2</sup>	Percentage Current Assessments Collected	Prior Years Assessments Collected	Total Assessment Collections	Ratio of Total Collections to Current Assessment
1994	\$ 24.408.596	\$ 25.523.004	104.57%	\$ 1.236.376	\$ 26.759.380	109.63%
1995	25,351,548	24,017,851	94.74	1,098,876	25,116,727	99.07
1996	25,662,300	24,371,950	94.97	900,252	25,272,202	98.48
1997	25,263,304	24,094,281	95.37	900,990	24,995,271	98.94
1998	22,134,813	21,152,108	95.56	822,551	21,974,659	99.28
1999	21,625,243	20,758,882	95.99	989,461	21,748,343	100.57
2000	22,964,692	21,960,411	95.63	758,196	22,718,607	98.93
2001	24,537,934	23,275,284	94.85	751,457	24,026,741	97.92
2002	24,206,238	22,925,598	94.71	1,244,564	24,170,162	99.85
2003	23,787,996	22,607,207	95.04	1,083,634	23,690,841	99.59

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The year shown is the year in which collections were received. The levy or assessment is certified to the county the previous year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Special assessments to proprietary funds and any advance payments not included.

### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE TANGIBLE PROPERTY

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

	Real	Property	Tangible Per	rsonal Property
	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value
1994	\$ 1,190,205,786	\$ 7,661,038,390	\$ 215,289,469	\$ 859,795,357
1995	1,208,721,313	7,923,388,216	218,194,371	877,170,530
1996	1,260,063,412	8,689,848,424	226,437,965	914,773,380
1997	1,322,922,200	9,116,262,709	233,093,559	943,477,660
1998	1,398,595,181	9,660,784,011	240,784,909	987,508,010
1999	1,521,203,304	10,572,931,388	258,933,472	1,067,548,300
2000	1,666,014,499	11,620,282,660	291,867,085	1,214,677,550
2001	1,787,594,359	12,475,184,748	273,783,041	1,153,727,190
2002	1,888,529,721	13,132,042,982	277,106,015	1,154,746,660
2003	2,064,518,376	14,310,944,391	276,057,054	1,147,883,620

		Property A	ssessed by	State	To	otals		
Year	Assessed Value			Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	_	Estimated Actual Value	
1994	\$	115,520,302	\$	350,061,521	\$ 1,521,015,557	\$	8,870,895,268	
1995		123,423,836		374,011,624	1,550,339,520		9,174,570,370	
1996		118,913,895		360,345,136	1,605,415,272		9,964,966,940	
1997		117,722,543		356,734,979	1,673,738,302		10,416,475,348	
1998		120,750,610		365,910,939	1,760,130,700		11,014,202,960	
1999		119,767,969		362,933,239	1,899,904,745		12,003,412,927	
2000		118,859,506		360,180,322	2,076,741,090		13,195,140,532	
2001		120,686,046		365,715,291	2,182,063,446		13,994,627,229	
2002		128,885,519		390,562,179	2,294,521,255		14,677,351,821	
2003		118,371,640		358,701,939	2,458,947,070 1		15,817,529,950	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The total assessed valuation for 2001 times the tax rate for 2002 produces revenue for 2003 operations Source: Sedgwick County Clerk and Sedgwick County Appraiser.

# TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 ASSESSED VALUATION)

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

Year <sup>2</sup>	General	Debt and Interest	Total	State	Sedgwick County	Board of Education USD 259	Wichita State University	Totals
1994	21.932	9.358	31.290	1.500	26.622	52.508	1.500	113.420
1995	21.394	10.049	31.443	1.500	26.660	53.609	1.500	114.712
1996	21.261	9.986	31.247	1.500	26.561	51.874	1.500	112.682
1997	21.232	9.993	31.225	1.500	28.717	44.383	1.479	107.304
1998	21.251	10.002	31.253	1.500	28.138	37.636	1.500	100.027
1999	21.355	10.051	31.406	1.500	27.199	37.526	1.500	99.131
2000	21.323	10.036	31.359	1.500	27.057	46.163	1.543	107.622
2001	21.437	10.037	31.474	1.500	27.154	54.926	1.500	116.554
2002	21.727	10.118	31.845	1.500	27.276	51.839	1.500	113.960
2003	21.886	10.019	31.905	1.500	27.317	51.408	1.500	113.630

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Represents year taxes were levied to provide support for ensuing budget year.

# RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES 1994 to 2003 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal Year	 Principal	_	Interest	 Total Debt Service <sup>1</sup>	 Total General Government Expenditures <sup>2</sup>	· <u>-</u>	Ratio of Debt Service to General Government Expenditures
1994	\$ 35,113,362	\$	12,910,898	\$ 48,024,260	\$ 259,214,287		18.53%
1995	38,048,794		12,713,137	50,761,931	259,077,986		19.59
1996	40,824,242		12,562,333	53,386,575	294,480,352		18.13
1997	45,123,160		14,084,625	59,207,785	311,264,045		19.02
1998	30,964,711		12,624,084	43,588,795	313,043,584		13.92
1999	32,731,124		13,191,494	45,922,618	333,358,139		13.78
2000	35,299,048		14,103,933	49,402,981	326,480,002		15.13
2001	45,819,066		14,118,702	59,937,768	377,259,190		15.89
2002	37,999,607		13,925,542	51,925,149	434,423,539		11.95
2003	40,241,278		14,481,523	54,722,801	439,709,392		12.45

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes debt service related to Section 108 loan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes expenditures of all governmental fund types.

#### **SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT**

Year ended December 31, 2003

Equalized assessed valuation of taxable tangible property Estimated tangible valuation of motor vehicles				\$ 2,458,947,070 352,820,358	
Equalized tangible valuation for computation of bonded indebtedness limitations	\$ 2,811,767,428				
Debt limit (30.0% of equalized tangible valuation)					\$ 843,530,228
Total bonded indebtedness Temporary notes (1)					 744,211,240 73,310,000
Total debt					817,521,240
Less: Assets in Debt service fund available for payment for pr Water Utility revenue bonds Sewer Utility revenue bonds Airport facilities revenue bonds Public Building Commission revenue bonds Other deductions allowed by law (2) Airport (3) Sewer improvements (3) Park improvements (4) Local Sales Tax (5)  Total deductions	26,286,111 129,913,970 122,999,028 77,569,852 33,505,000 4,315,000 51,446,353 8,605,706 92,690,000	547,331,020			
Legal debt applicable to debt limit					 270,190,220
Legal debt margin					\$ 573,340,008
(1) G.O. series 208 dated 08/21/03, due 02/19/04	\$	73,310,000			
Total temporary notes	\$	73,310,000			
Amount reclassified as bond anticipation notes Remaining temporary notes	\$	22,968,952 50,341,048			
Total temporary notes	\$	73,310,000			

- (2) Kansas Statutes Annotated 79-5037
- (3) Bonds and notes issued for any improvement to airport and sewer system including those payable from special assessments.
- (4) Exempted from debt limitation as of July 1, 1975
- (5) Kansas Statutes Annotated 12-195b

# RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA 1994 to 2003 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal Year			Assessed Value		Gross Bonded Debt <sup>1</sup>		Debt Service Monies Available		Debt Payable From Local Sales Tax
1994	323,342	\$	1,813,383,741	\$	279,065,000	\$	9,150,868	\$	40,000,000
1995	323,192		1,803,873,557		271,645,000		8,758,360		35,000,000
1996	324,991		1,932,627,650		298,825,000		6,449,650		55,000,000
1997	328,576		2,015,713,886		279,215,000		2,525,891		47,500,000
1998	333,680		2,079,605,936		293,130,366		10,598,695		40,000,000
1999	335,562		2,213,539,119		305,885,369		15,490,109		32,500,000
2000	344,284		2,384,870,895		314,685,359		25,036,511		25,000,000
2001	345,474		2,514,971,481		279,827,300		6,393,033		17,500,000
2002	346,664		2,624,261,870		327,648,632		20,079,218		56,000,000
2003	346,505		2,811,767,428		380,223,390		26,286,111		92,690,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

Debt Payable From Transient Guest Tax		Debt Payable From Proprietary And Component Unit Revenues		_	Debt Payable From Special Net Bonded Assessments Debt		Во	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value			Net Bonded Debt Per Capita		
\$	8,305,000	\$	30,799,300	\$	134,508,288		\$ 56,301,544		3.10	\$	;	174.12	
	7,700,000		26,421,566		131,972,087		61,792,987		3.43			191.20	
	7,040,000		37,599,496		131,445,100		61,290,754		3.17			188.59	
	8,650,000		31,522,790		132,085,952		56,930,367		2.82			173.26	
	17,407,988		25,267,501		140,993,973		58,862,209		2.83			176.40	
	17,509,400		19,098,427		149,115,000		72,172,433		3.26			215.08	
	16,203,204		25,062,472		158,375,000		65,008,172		2.73			188.82	
	14,397,547		21,278,480		149,255,000		71,003,240		2.82			205.52	
	12,519,875		18,689,488		148,540,000		71,820,051		2.74			207.17	
	10,552,208		18,822,156		160,865,000		71,007,915		2.53			204.93	

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001, 2002 AND 2003

	December 31, 2001			
	Percentage of debt applicable to City	City of Wichita share of debt		
Direct Debt:				
General obligation bonded debt				
Payable from ad valorem taxes		\$ 77,396,273		
Temporary note debt		75,000,000		
Total direct debt		152,396,273		
Less - assets in debt service fund				
available for payment of principal		6,393,033		
Total net direct debt		146,003,240		
Overlapping debt:				
Sedgwick County	74.74	72,090,467		
USD 259	67.61	119,811,681		
Wichita Public Building Commission	100.00	20,295,000		
Total overlapping debt		212,197,148		
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$ 358,200,388		

Decem	ber 31, 2002	Decem	ber 31, 2003
Percentage of debt applicable to City	City of Wichita share of debt	Percentage of debt applicable to City	City of Wichita share of debt
	\$ 71,979,724		\$ 78,744,178
	94,640,000		73,310,000
	166,619,724		152,054,178
	20,079,218		26,286,111
	146,540,506		125,768,067
		=	0.4.00.4.7.40
75.05	80,228,450	74.68	84,664,716
66.86	176,741,067	65.94	166,633,677
100.00	18,785,000	100.00	18,025,000
	275,754,517		269,323,393
	\$ 422,295,023		\$ 395,091,460

#### SCHEDULE OF WATER UTILITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

Gross Opera		Net Revenue Available for	Annual Debt Service	Coverage		
Revenues <sup>1</sup>	Expenses <sup>2</sup>	Debt Service	Requirements <sup>3</sup>	Ratio		
\$ 27,095,326	\$ 12,652,703	\$ 14,442,623	\$ 5,296,933	2.73%		
24,806,078	12,880,976	11,925,102	5,259,342	2.27		
24,659,040	13,871,715	10,787,325	5,127,548	2.10		
25,418,775	13,532,744	11,886,031	6,519,080	1.82		
30,785,734	15,244,191	15,541,543	6,853,266	2.27		
27,341,518	15,425,735	11,915,783	7,254,413	1.64		
32,777,828	16,627,483	16,150,345	8,580,246	1.88		
39,639,003	17,479,825	22,159,178	9,067,078	2.44		
41,247,215	17,829,147	23,418,068	9,289,867	2.52		
40,431,959	17,911,055	22,520,904	10,892,117	2.07		
	Revenues <sup>1</sup> \$ 27,095,326 24,806,078 24,659,040 25,418,775 30,785,734 27,341,518 32,777,828 39,639,003 41,247,215	Revenues <sup>1</sup> Expenses <sup>2</sup> \$ 27,095,326         \$ 12,652,703           24,806,078         12,880,976           24,659,040         13,871,715           25,418,775         13,532,744           30,785,734         15,244,191           27,341,518         15,425,735           32,777,828         16,627,483           39,639,003         17,479,825           41,247,215         17,829,147	Gross         Operating         Available for Debt Service           \$ 27,095,326         \$ 12,652,703         \$ 14,442,623           24,806,078         12,880,976         11,925,102           24,659,040         13,871,715         10,787,325           25,418,775         13,532,744         11,886,031           30,785,734         15,244,191         15,541,543           27,341,518         15,425,735         11,915,783           32,777,828         16,627,483         16,150,345           39,639,003         17,479,825         22,159,178           41,247,215         17,829,147         23,418,068	Gross Revenues 1         Operating Expenses 2         Available for Debt Service         Debt Service         Requirements 3           \$ 27,095,326         \$ 12,652,703         \$ 14,442,623         \$ 5,296,933           24,806,078         12,880,976         11,925,102         5,259,342           24,659,040         13,871,715         10,787,325         5,127,548           25,418,775         13,532,744         11,886,031         6,519,080           30,785,734         15,244,191         15,541,543         6,853,266           27,341,518         15,425,735         11,915,783         7,254,413           32,777,828         16,627,483         16,150,345         8,580,246           39,639,003         17,479,825         22,159,178         9,067,078           41,247,215         17,829,147         23,418,068         9,289,867		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total revenues (including interest). Beginning in 2001, in accordance with GASB 33, amounts previously reported as contributed capital are now included in revenue, as capital contributions.

#### SCHEDULE OF SEWER UTILITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

_Year_	Gross Revenues <sup>1</sup>	Operating Expenses <sup>2</sup>	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirements	Coverage Ratio
1994	\$ 20,127,633	\$ 11,563,883	\$ 8,563,750	\$ 3,987,677	2.15%
1995	21,888,912	12,055,854	9,833,058	3,974,760	2.47
1996	22,390,856	12,671,220	9,719,636	3,958,638	2.46
1997	22,041,016	12,416,509	9,624,507	4,790,108	2.01
1998	23,776,072	12,744,377	11,031,695	5,890,201	1.87
1999	22,269,290	13,173,497	9,095,793	6,433,431	1.41
2000	25,015,390	13,494,073	11,521,317	6,778,935	1.70
2001	52,684,645	14,768,401	37,916,244	7,000,505	5.42
2002	30,205,785	15,938,358	14,267,427	6,506,508	2.19
2003	33,054,188	16,251,949	16,802,239	9,005,649	1.87

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total revenues (including interest). Beginning in 2001, in accordance with GASB 33, amounts previously reported as contributed capital are now included in revenue, as capital contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total operating expenses including payments required under the contract with Bureau of Reclamation and exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total debt service requirements excludes the unbonded payments required under the contract with Bureau of Reclamation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

#### PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

DECEMBER 31, 2003

Taxpayer	Type of Business	 2003 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation \$2,811,767,428
City of Wichita: Southwestern Bell Westar Energy Wesley Medical Center Simon Property Group Towne West Square Koch Real Estate Holdings Kansas Gas Service Builders, Inc. Bradley Fair One, LLC Boeing Military Airplane Co.	Communication Electric utility Health care services Shopping mall Shopping mall Oil and gas Gas utility Real estate Shopping mall Aircraft manufacturing	\$ 43,927,346 41,577,643 23,963,275 19,559,839 11,186,348 10,146,920 9,565,832 6,463,488 6,046,197 5,387,650	1.56 1.48 0.85 0.70 0.40 0.36 0.34 0.23 0.22 0.19
	•	\$ 177,824,538	6.33
		 2003 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation \$3,280,851,347
Sedgwick County: Westar Energy Southwestern Bell Boeing Military Airplane Co. Wesley Medical Center Raytheon Aircraft Co. Cessna Aircraft Simon Property Group, LP Vulcan Materials Co. Towne West Square, LLC Koch Real Estate Holdings	Electric utility Communication Aircraft manufacturing Health care services Aircraft manufacturing Aircraft manufacturing Shopping mall Chemical manufacturing Shopping mall Oil and gas	\$  74,543,245 54,305,584 50,254,148 24,000,975 21,461,800 21,086,769 19,559,839 13,108,800 11,186,348 10,157,873	2.27 1.66 1.53 0.73 0.65 0.64 0.60 0.40 0.34 0.31

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

Fiscal		Per Capita	Median	School	Percent
Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	Income <sup>2</sup>	Age <sup>3</sup>	Enrollment⁴	Unemployment <sup>5</sup>
1994	323,342	\$ 22,028	32.6	47,212	6.4%
1995	323,192	23,208	32.8	46,579	4.7
1996	324,991	24,554	32.9	47,423	4.3
1997	328,576	25,724	33.0	47,875	3.4
1998	333,680	27,273	33.1	48,454	3.3
1999	335,562	27,156	33.3	48,547	3.3
2000	344,284	28,165	33.4	49,100	4.2
2001	345,474	28,954	33.6	49,147	4.1
2002	346,664	29,417	33.7	48,962	6.3
2003	346.505	30.411	33.9	49.065	7.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>1993-2000. Bureau of the Census:

2001 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated)

2002 Claritas (Estimated)

2001-2002 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated)

#### **BANK DEPOSITS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY**

1994 TO 2003 INCLUSIVE

	Urban Residential				Commercial
	Real Estate	Buildi	Building Permits <sup>2</sup>		Bank
Year	 Valuation <sup>1</sup>	Number		Valuation	 Deposits <sup>3</sup>
1994	\$ 7,264,502,887	7,282	\$	265,529,931	\$ 3,473,045,000
1995	7,633,075,504	5,929		252,986,262	3,577,648,000
1996	7,864,025,661	5,744		292,963,801	3,609,795,000
1997	8,292,245,817	6,600		363,253,891	3,807,705,000
1998	8,809,701,983	6,566		385,392,078	3,966,725,000
1999	9,699,726,226	8,333		304,871,674	4,156,833,000
2000	10,683,463,157	7,349		324,796,525	3,491,000,000
2001	11,511,701,522	8,040		405,610,935	3,977,000,000
2002	12,083,753,826	8,441		415,663,000	4,317,000,000
2003	NA	7,366		485,037,000	4,547,000,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>State of Kansas, Department of Revenue, Division of Property Valuation for Sedgwick County.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>1993-2000 Bureau of Economic Analysis;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>1993-1999, 2001-2002 Center for Economic Development, Wichita State University (Estimated); 2000, Bureau of the Census

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Wichita School District, USD 259

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Kansas Department of Human Resources, Wichita MSA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>City of Wichita, Office of Central Inspection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Center for Economic Development and Business Research, Wichita State University. Commercial bank deposits in Sedgwick County as of June 30, 2003 as reported by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

### — SINGLE AUDIT SECTION —

The Single Audit Section contains Independent Auditors' Reports, schedules, and exhibits reflecting Federal, State and local matching participation in various projects and programs of the City.

Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Wichita, Kansas

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wichita, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wichita's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wichita's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

March 26, 2004 Wichita, Kansas Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON
COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM,
THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM,
AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND
THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Wichita, Kansas

#### **Compliance**

We have audited the compliance of the City of Wichita, Kansas, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide) for the year ended December 31, 2003. The City of Wichita's major federal programs are identified in the summary of independent auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and to its passenger facility charge program is the responsibility of the City of Wichita's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Wichita's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, OMB *Circular A-133*, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations," and the Guide. Those standards, OMB *Circular A-133*, and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Wichita's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Wichita's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Wichita complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and to its passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2003.

#### Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the City of Wichita is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs and the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wichita's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB *Circular A-133* and the Guide.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2003

	Federal		
Federal Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures
			<del></del>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 3,711,066	\$ 4,004,388
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	221.356	221,358
Shelter Plus Care	14.238	511,998	511,998
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	3,318,507	3,474,411
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	1,474,514	1,521,680
Public and Indian Housing Drug Elimination Program	14.854	56,212	56,212
Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.870	76,500	76,500
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	13,566,255	13,525,332
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	998,182	998,182
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		\$ 23,934,590	\$ 24,390,061
U. S. Department of the Interior			
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid (5)	15.904	\$ 52,626	\$ 32,881
Outdoor Recreation - Acquisition, Development		,	•
and Planning	15.916		37,476
Total U.S. Department of the Interior		\$ 52,626	\$ 70,357
U.S. Department of Justice			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	\$ 126,184	\$ 123,416
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law			
Enforcement Assistance Discretionary Grants Program	16.580	46,476	45,875
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	166,519	589,671
Executive Office for Weed and Seed	16.595	263,764	169,038
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	-	4,294
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	830,058	986,869
Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$ 1,433,001	\$ 1,919,163
U.S. Department of Labor			
Welfare-to-Work Grants to States and Localities (3)	17.253	\$ 160,297	\$ 160,259
WIA Adult Programs (3)	17.258	767,892	767,609
WIA Youth Programs (3)	17.259	1,114,307	1,114,108
Total U.S. Department of Labor		\$ 2,042,496	\$ 2,041,976
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	\$ 4,540,448	\$ 4,507,447
Highway Planning and Construction (4)	20.205	9,159,814	10,899,872
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	3,907,284	3,911,877
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$ 17,607,546	\$ 19,319,196

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2003

Federal Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures
Institute of Museum and Library Services State Library Program	45.310	\$ 33,450	\$ 70,108
otate Library i Togram	40.010	Ψ 00,400	Ψ 70,100
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Air Pollution Control Program Support (1)	66.001	\$ 176,915	\$ 156,507
Water Pollution Control Program Support (1)	66.419	244,455	157,318
Non-Point Source Implementation Grant (1)	66.460	80,000	80,000
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water (1)	66.468	-	54,270
Environmental Protection Consolidated Grant	66.600	76,577	85,014
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		\$ 577,947	\$ 533,109
Department of Education			
Twenty-First Century Community Learning	84.287	\$ 106,009	\$ 112,396
Total Department of Education		\$ 106,009	\$ 112,396
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Community Services Block Grant (2)	93.569	\$ 1,179,253	\$ 1,062,141
Child Care (1)	93.575	73,582	127,439
Child Care Facility License (1)	93.596	111,101	144,265
Offind Odic Facility Electrise (1)	33.330	111,101	144,200
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$ 1,363,936	\$ 1,333,845
Corporation for National and Community Service			
AmeriCorps	94.006	\$ -	\$ 455
, anone or po	3 1.000	<u>*</u>	<del>* 100</del>
Total revenue and expenditures of federal awards		\$ 47,151,601	\$ 49,790,666

#### Pass-through Agency

- (1) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Health and Environment
- (2) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Commerce and Housing
- (3) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Human Resources
- (4) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Transportation
- (5) Federal assistance is passed through from the Kansas Department of Administration

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2003

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Wichita and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### Note 2. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Wichita provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Amount Provided to Subrecipients	
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 4,254,203	
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	\$ 3,844,333	

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended December 31, 2003

### 3. COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT PASSED THROUGH THE KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND HOUSING

Grant Program Year Ended June 30, 2003										
		Budget		Actual				>	ariance	
				July 1, 2002	Jar	nuary 1, 2003		Total		
				Through		Through				
			De	ecember 31, 2002	Jι	ine 30, 2003				
Grant revenue	\$	1,066,870	\$	355,620	\$	711,250	\$	1,066,870	\$	-
Personnel	\$	277,068	\$	106,791	\$	173,431	\$	280,222	\$	(3,154)
Contractual		738,896		170,582		514,414		684,996		53,900
Commodities		28,559		13,416		13,308		26,724		1,835
Capital outlay		22,347		-		22,147		22,147		200
Total										
expenditures	\$	1,066,870	\$	290,789	\$	723,300	\$	1,014,089	\$	52,781

Grant Program Year Ending June 30, 2004						
		Budget	Actual			
			July 1, 2003			
			Through			
			December 31, 2003			
Grant revenue	\$	1,014,637	\$ 422,800	0		
Personnel	\$	261,540	\$ 111,754	4		
Contractual		615,897	163,605	5		
Commodities		38,200	4,515	5		
Capital outlay		99,000		-		
Total		•				
expenditures	\$	1,014,637	\$ 279,874	4		

### 4. EMERGENCY COMMUNITY SERVICES FOR THE HOMELESS GRANT PASSED THROUGH THE KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND HOUSING

Grant Program Year Ended June 30, 2003										
		Budget		Actual Vari					ariance	
				July 1, 2002	January 1, 2003			Total		
				Through	Through					
			De	ecember 31, 2002	Jui	ne 30, 2003				
Grant revenue	\$	65,684	\$	6,394	\$	59,112	\$	65,506	\$	(178)
Personnel	\$	25,139	\$	4,021	\$	21,118	\$	25,139	\$	-
Contractual		38,391		2,195		36,041		38,236		155
Commodities		2,154		178		1,934		2,112		42
Total										
expenditures	\$	65,684	\$	6,394	\$	59,093	\$	65,487	\$	197

Grant Program Year Ending June 30, 2004							
		Budget	Actual				
_			July 1, 2003				
			Through				
			December 31,	2003			
Grant revenue	\$	60,039	\$	12,076			
Personnel	\$	16,367	\$	4,266			
Contractual		37,570		7,344			
Commodities		6,102		486			
Total							
expenditures	\$	60,039	\$	12,096			

### Wichita Airport Authority SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Year ended December 31, 2003

Federal Agency/ Pass Through Agency Name	Application Approved Number	Beginning Balance Unliquidated PFC	PFC Collected		Expenditures (or expenses)		Ending Balance Unliquidated PFC	
Passenger Facility Charges								
PFC Projects	96-02-C-00	\$ 1,249,191	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,249,191
PFC Projects	98-03-C-00	3,166,697		1,893,841		518,308		4,542,230
PFC Projects	03-04-C-00	 		102,569		86,123		16,446
		\$ 4,415,888	\$	1,996,410	\$	604,431	\$	5,807,867

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Year ended December 31, 2003

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the of the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' RESULTS						
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS						
Type of auditors' report issued:	Un	qua	lified			
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weaknesses identified?	ye	es _	X	no		
<ul> <li>Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	ye	es _	X	none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	ye	es _	X	no		
FEDERAL AWARDS						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weaknesses identified?	ye	es _	X	no		
Reportable conditions identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	ye	es _	X	none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Un</u>	ıqua	lified_			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	ye	es _	X	no		

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Continued)

SECTION I – SUM	MARY OF INDEPENDEN	T AUDITORS' RESULTS (Continued)						
Identification of major pr	ograms:							
CFDA NUMBER								
17.258 / 17.259 14.239 20.205	HOME Investment Pa	Workforce Investment Act (WIA) HOME Investment Partnerships Program Highway Planning and Construction						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$1,493,720								
Auditee qualified as low-	-risk auditee?	_X_ yes no						
SE	CTION II – FINANCIAL ST	ATEMENT FINDINGS						
None were reported.								
SECTION III –	FEDERAL AWARD FINDI	NGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS						
None were reported.								

### — WATER AND SEWER SECTION —

The Water and Sewer Section contains schedules and exhibits that fulfill the requirements of the Water and Sewer bond covenants.

#### To Our Water and Sewer Bondholders:

On behalf of the City of Wichita and the Wichita Water and Sewer Utility, I am pleased to present our 2003 Annual Report.

Last year the City of Wichita began producing and distributing its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) on CD. This year the City decided to include the Water & Sewer Annual Report within the CAFR to reduce the cost of printing and mailing the Report. I believe this supports our goal of providing excellent water and sewer services at an extraordinary value. I hope that you find the new format as usable as the prior one.

The following represents highlights of our team's efforts to be more responsive to our customers and better guardians of their utility.

#### **Customer Services**

All calls to the Water and Sewer Department are now routed through the Call Center in City Hall. The result is centralized access, a tracking system for service requests and complaints, and a systematic follow-up process that has improved service and accountability.

An Interactive Voice Response (IVR) system implemented in September allows automated resolution of approximately 200 calls each work day, gives customers access to their account information 24 hours a day, and allows customers to pay their bills via credit card at any time. Telephone abandonment rates have plummeted from about 15% to about four percent since the implementation of the system. It avoids complex multiple-layered menus that often result in complaints following the implementation of similar types of systems.

The Department installed automated meter reading (AMR) devices on 5,000 new services added to the system. The devices transmit a radio signal to a receiver mounted in a van driving within several hundred feet of the device. This technology has allowed us to avoid adding more meter readers as the system expands. A number of hard-to-access industrial and commercial meters were also automated. The City will systematically retrofit routes that are geographically dispersed or difficult to access. There is also the added benefit of error free meter readings. Our team is closely monitoring the cost effectiveness of system-wide implementation as the technology improves and prices decrease.

#### Water Distribution

Water Distribution moved from a single facility to three new and renovated facilities. The water services crews moved to the Northeast and West sub-stations and the water mains crews, as well as administrative functions, moved to a redesigned and modified building that used to house the Transit Authority. The main facility won a Wichita Area Builder's Association Award for design.

Computer control of the water production pumping operations reduced water hammer stresses to the distribution system and contributed to a 23% decrease in leaks from 2002 to 2003. The decrease in leaks helped reduce overtime by 37% compared with 2002 levels.

The backflow prevention program relies on private plumbing companies to report the results of backflow prevention device testing. The companies used to fill out paper forms and mail them to the program administrator, who then entered them into the computer database. Less than 77% of devices in the Wichita water system were in the database, and there was a two-month backlog of reports to be entered. As of February, plumbing companies submit reports via the internet within a week of testing. Compliance is now greater than 98%, and the administrator has more time to do field inspections.

#### Sewer Maintenance

Our team began performing no-dig sewer repairs in November and quickly exhausted the initial supply of materials. If repairs proceed at the same rate, the number of repairs made per year will double, reducing the estimated time to recover the initial equipment cost.

Restructured crews accomplished more work with the same number of employees and less overtime (35%).

Stoppages decreased 20% compared with 2002. Stoppages per mile of sewer have declined by 32% in the last 6 years and by 60% in the last 12 years.

Footage of sewers cleaned almost tripled in the last 12 years. The team cleaned 10% less footage in 2003 than in 2002, a result of changes in cleaning methods that require crews to be more thorough. The decline in stoppages indicates that this change was successful. Our team cleans approximately 20% of the system each year. Utilities selected by EPA as benchmark performers clean between 9% and 29% of their systems each year.

The Sewer Maintenance team had no lost time injuries in 2003.

#### Sewage Treatment

The Cowskin Creek Water Quality Reclamation Facility began service in March 2003. This facility is considered to be the most advanced wastewater treatment plant in the region. Total cost for the plant construction was \$12.65 million. Change Orders on the project totaled \$32,131 representing 0.2% of the original contract cost.

Our team initiated the Four-Mile Creek Sewage Treatment Plant upgrade from 1.5 million gallons per day (mgd) to 3 mgd. We will complete the project in early 2004.

Work began at Sewage Treatment Plant #1 to relocate a majority of the treatment functions to Plant #2, reducing odor potential at Plant 1 and reducing operational overtime.

#### **Production & Pumping**

Microscopic algae caused several taste and odor events significant enough that the City Council approved a 4.5% rate increase to enable the Utility to feed powdered activated carbon (PAC), and to install ozonation equipment. The City will complete the ozonation project in late 2004.

The design for a water tower to increase pressure in northeast Wichita was completed. Construction should begin in February 2004.

Two projects to increase security at water facilities were also completed.

The Production & Pumping team completed 2,831 consecutive days without a lost time accident.

The Water & Sewer Department is dedicated to providing quality, reliable, customer-convenient water and sewer service that represents extraordinary value. Our team strives to be responsive to our customers through the continuous improvement of our water and sewer facilities and our business practices. Our team looks forward to meeting the challenges of 2004. On behalf of our team, I thank you for your confidence in our bonds and continued success.

David R. Warren, Director Water & Sewer Utility City of Wichita, Kansas

#### WATER AND SEWER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

For year ended December 31, 2003

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2003)

#### **UNAUDITED**

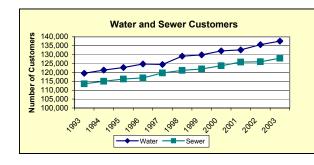
Water Consumed

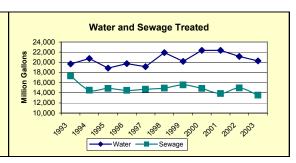
#### WATER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

	Number of Customers		Water R	evenues	(Million Gallons)		
CUSTOMER CLASS	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Residential	119,747	118,321	\$ 20,170,559	\$ 20,310,009	10,109	10,599	
Commercial	12,397	12,164	8,063,063	10,303,002	5,982	7,783	
Industrial	49	85	1,944,243	-	1,005	-	
Institutional	876	876	-	-	938	-	
Wholesale	11	11	771,112	1,050,692	732	783	
Lawn Services	2,855	2,820	-	-	-	-	
Fire Protection	1,281	1,007	97,106	96,933	-	-	
Contract	376	268	734,139	765,649	399	413	
Other Sales			197,755	257,586	40	51	
Estimated Leaks					9	27	
Water Utility Uses					200	362	
Unaccounted for Water					856	1,152	
	137,592	135,552	\$ 31,977,977	\$ 32,783,871	20,270	21,170	

#### SEWER UTILITY STATISTICS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

	Number of C	ustomers	Sewer Revenues				
CUSTOMER CLASS	2003	2002	2003	2002			
Residential	116,309	114,124	\$ 14,072,768	\$ 13,806,596			
Commercial	10,851	10,660	7,093,215	7,309,070			
Industrial	22	22	2,982,715	3,190,177			
Institutional	807	807	614,128	567,478			
Wholesale	1	2	-	-			
Other	-	-	37,806	34,190			
Extra Strength	26	26	913,391	582,432			
	128,016	125,641	\$ 25,714,023	\$ 25,489,943			





#### **REPORT IN BRIEF**

	2003	2002	CHANGE
Number of Water Customers	137,592	135,552	1.50%
Number of Sewer Customers	128,016	125,641	1.89%
Miles of Water Line	1,903	1,881	1.17%
Miles of Sanitary Sewer Line	1,816	1,792	1.34%
Water Produced (Million Gallons)	20,270	21,170	-4.25%
Wastewater Treated (Million Gallons)	13,534	14,954	-9.50%
Cost of Treated, Pressurized Water per 1000 gal.	\$0.33	\$0.31	6.45%
Cost of Treated Wastewater per 1000 gal.	\$0.57	\$0.52	9.62%

#### CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES

### NET REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES MADE FROM OPERATING REVENUES

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (Unaudited)

	 Water	 Sewer	 Combined
REVENUES			
Water Sales/Sewer Charges for Services	\$ 31,977,977	\$ 25,714,023	\$ 57,692,000
Investment Earnings	550,601	360,290	910,891
Capital Contributions	7,869,011	6,918,520	14,787,531
Other	34,370	61,355	95,725
Gross Earnings	40,431,959	33,054,188	73,486,147
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE			
Personal Services	7,288,557	8,248,033	15,536,590
Contractual Services	5,021,347	4,265,874	9,287,221
Materials & Supplies	2,568,441	1,995,052	4,563,493
Administrative Charges	787,760	187,540	975,300
Contributions to the City	1,960,050	1,555,450	3,515,500
Payment for Cheney Reservoir	284,900	_	284,900
Total Operations & Maintenance	17,911,055	16,251,949	34,163,004
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	22,520,904	16,802,239	39,323,143
Less: Investment Earnings	550,601	360,290	910,891
Operating Revenues	 21,970,303	16,441,949	38,412,252
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FROM OPERATING REVENUES	7,459,630	4,357,546	11,817,176
REVENUE BONDS DEBT SERVICE	\$ 10,892,117	\$ 9,005,649	\$ 19,897,766
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO	2.07	1.87	1.98

#### PROPERTY INSURANCE

Insurance	2003 Premium	Period covered	Detail of Coverage
Company			Ü
Allianz	\$161,940	1-03 to 1-04	* All risk coverage on real and personal property. \$100,000 deductible per occurrence.
Allianz	(included in property)	1-03 to 1-04	*Comprehensive coverage for steam boilers, air conditioning and electric motors. \$10,000 deductible per occurrence.

<sup>\*</sup>Property insurance for the Utility is included in the City's coverage. Limits shown are for the entire City. Premiums shown are the amounts paid by the Wichita Water & Sewer Department.

#### WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	2003	2002
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 6,525,281	\$ 6,275,423
Receivables, net	6,935,179	7,047,817
Inventories	1,223,624	1,042,866
Prepaid items	1,508	14 200 400
Total current assets	14,685,592	14,366,106
Restricted assets: Cash and temporary investments	79,411,877	29 629 061
Total restricted assets	79,411,877	38,628,061 38,628,061
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land	10,914,570	10,605,862
Buildings	131,310,005	130,917,864
Improvements other than buildings	522,423,559	487,334,522
Machinery, equipment and other assets	50,821,014	46,345,920
Construction in progress	102,484,321	94,029,160
Less accumulated depreciation	(175,478,443)	(162,329,948)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	642,475,026	606,903,380
Other assets	3,799,199	1,756,864
Total noncurrent assets	725,686,102	647,288,305
Total assets	\$ 740,371,694	\$ 661,654,411
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,581,871	\$ 1,773,546
Accrued interest payable	250,158	481,335
Temporary notes payable	-	50,000,000
Deposits	1,776,900	1,670,660
Current portion of long-term obligations:	070.507	202 502
Contracts payable	270,507	263,588
Compensated absences	652,042	615,301
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	2.096.045	1 744 111
Accrued interest payable	3,086,945	1,744,111
Revenue bonds payable  Total current liabilities	10,409,902 18,028,325	8,958,808 65,507,349
	10,020,023	00,007,040
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Revenue bonds	242,503,095	132,547,996
Unamortized deferred refunding	(914,291)	(1,023,071)
Unamortized revenue bond premium	5,514,633	289,558
Contracts payable	277,803	548,310
Compensated absences Total noncurrent liabilities	90,308 247,471,548	109,228 132,472,021
Total liabilities	265,499,873	197,979,370
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	392,668,990	422,238,974
Restricted for:	552,000,550	722,200,314
Debt service	2,978,169	1,629,945
Revenue bond reserves	65,389,333	28,663,786
Unrestricted	13,835,329	11,142,336
Total net assets	474,871,821	463,675,041
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 740,371,694	\$ 661,654,411

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2003

(with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

		2003		2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	57,867,457	\$	58,507,691
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(15,382,319)		(17,630,470)
Cash payments to employees for services		(15,518,769)		(14,872,442)
Payment in lieu of franchise fees		(3,515,500)		(3,400,730)
Other operating revenues		42,045		99,879
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		23,492,914	_	22,703,928
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Operating grant received		-		10,000
Transfers to other funds		(1,502,698)		(1,094,260)
Interfund loan		-		4,119,616
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(1,502,698)		3,035,356
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payment of temporary notes		(50,000,000)		-
Proceeds from capital debt		120,365,000		50,000,000
Premuims from the sale of bonds		5,467,418		-
Accrued interest from the sale of bonds		309,310		-
Bond issuance costs paid		(2,259,730)		-
Payment of inerfund loan		-		(4,119,616)
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(40,472,175)		(51,358,043)
Debt service - principal		(9,222,396)		(8,910,041)
Debt service-refunding		-		24,413
Debt service - interest		(10,960,270)		(7,171,234)
Proceeds from sale of assets		(1,317,644)		35,192
Capital contributions		6,223,054		5,044,343
Net cash provided by (used in)		-, -,		-,-,-,-
capital and related financing activities		18,132,567		(16,454,986)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments		910,891		1,222,251
Net cash provided by investing activities		910,891		1,222,251
Nist in success (decreases) in south and to success in southers at		44 000 074		10 500 510
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary investments  Cash and temporary investments - January 1		41,033,674 44,903,484		10,506,549 34,396,935
Cash and temporary investments - December 31	\$	85,937,158	\$	44,903,484
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	10,265,870	\$	12,846,541
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	<u>-</u>	,,	Ť	
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		13,592,411		12,048,122
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		112,638		202,321
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(180,758)		(60,415)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(1,508)		-
(Decrease) in accounts payable/accrued expenses		(374,039)		(2,379,009)
(Decrease) increase in deposits		60,479		27,981
Increase in compensated absences		17,821		18,387
Total adjustments		13,227,044		9,857,387
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	23,492,914	\$	22,703,928
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities				
Assets contributed by benefit districts	\$	8,438,129	\$	6,713,233
Contribution of capital assets	Ψ	126,348	Ψ	49,600
Transfer of assets between proprietary funds		127,556		-

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# WATER AND SEWER UTILITIES COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2002)

	2003	2002
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 57,692,000	\$ 58,273,814
Rentals	2,340	3,575
Other	42,045	99,879
Total operating revenues	57,736,385	58,377,268
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	15,536,590	14,890,829
Contractual services	9,287,221	9,550,621
Materials and supplies	4,563,493	4,747,385
Administrative charges	975,300	893,040
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	3,515,500	3,400,730
Depreciation	13,592,411	12,048,122
Total operating expenses	47,470,515	45,530,727
Operating income (loss)	10,265,870	12,846,541
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Operating grants	-	10,000
Interest on investments	910,891	1,222,251
Other revenues (expenses)	(182,364)	(291,212)
Interest expense	(6,771,891)	(3,148,827)
Gain (Loss) from sale of assets	(1,317,644)	35,192
Bond discount amortization	24,948	(92,664)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(7,336,060)	(2,265,260)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	2,929,810	10,581,281
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND OPERATING TRANSFERS		
Capital contributions	14,787,531	11,807,176
Transfers from other funds	195,652	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,570,794)	(1,094,260)
Change in net assets	16,342,199	21,294,197
Net assets - beginning, as previously reported	463,675,041	442,380,844
Prior period adjustment	(5,145,419)	=
Net assets - beginning, as restated	458,529,622	442,380,844
Total net assets - ending	\$ 474,871,821	\$ 463,675,041

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wichita is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying combined financial statements represent the proprietary Water and Sewer Utility Funds of the municipal government. The Water Utility Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water supply component of the combined utility. The Sewer Utility Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the sewer component of the combined utility, including wastewater treatment plants and the sewer mains and laterals.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All users, including other City Departments, are charged for services. Uncollected sales, billed or unbilled, are recorded in the financial statements net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible as of December 31, 2003.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services and the portion of tap fees intended for recovery of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses of the utilities include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Consistent with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 33, capital contributions resulting from nonexchange transactions are included in nonoperating revenues.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### C. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments, which is managed by the Director of Finance (except for investments of the pension trust funds). The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and also, effectively, may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities, carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Interest income earned is allocated to contributing funds based on average daily cash balances and in accordance with the adopted budget.

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Cash Flows, is defined as all cash and temporary investments, both restricted and unrestricted. Temporary investments generally have an original maturity of 90 days or less.

#### D. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method except for the Water Utility, which is valued using an average unit cost method.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost (if actual historical cost is not available). Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets, including the depreciation of capital leased assets, is charged as an expense against the utility operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheet. Property, plant, and equipment of the utilities are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets Classification	Year
Buildings and improvements	1-42
Improvements other than buildings	1-50
Equipment	1-33
Vehicles	1-20
Water/Sewer mains and drainage	75-85

#### F.Capitalized Interest

Interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets. During 2002 and 2003, total interest costs of the combined Water and Sewer Utility Fund were \$7,569,256 and \$11,811,894 of which \$4,420,429 and \$5,040,003, respectively, was capitalized.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### G. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

Annually, the Water Utility and Sewer Utility pay to the General Fund of the City, in lieu of franchise fees, an amount not to exceed five percent of gross revenues for the preceding year, which is included in the annual budget. The combined utility paid to the General Fund of the City \$3,400,730 in 2002 and paid to the General Fund of the City in 2003 a total of \$3,515,500. The payment in lieu of franchise fees is an operating expense passed through to the Utilities' customers.

#### H. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts to employees who separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the financial statements.

All permanent full-time and permanent part-time employees of the reporting entity within six months of continuous employment are eligible for vacation benefits in varying amounts. City policy provides that exempt employees may accumulate and carry forward each year, not more than 30 days of vacation leave. Non-exempt employees may accumulate and carry forward each year, not more than 240 hours of vacation leave.

Sick leave benefits accrue to full time employees at varying rates, depending on the employees length of service to the City. A limitation has not been placed on the amount of unused sick leave that may accumulate. Upon retirement, employees may apply unused sick leave benefits to increase the employee's retirement benefit.

#### I. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are being amortized using the straight-line method of amortization over the life of the bonds.

#### J. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 2. Cash and Investments

#### A. Cash

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the combined Utility's cash and temporary investments in the amount of \$85,937,158 and \$44,903,484 respectively are included in the City's pooled cash and temporary investments fund of \$289,803,805 and \$259,228,411 respectively.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reporting entity to categorize their cash deposits at year-end according to three credit risk categories. Category 1 includes cash deposits that are insured under a federal depository insurance fund or are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes cash deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes cash deposits that are uncollateralized or collateralized with securities which are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

As of December 31, 2003, the reporting entity's cash deposits were categorized as follows:

	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Total
Bank Deposits	\$24,029,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,029,769
Reconciling Items				(4,985,298)
Book Balance				\$ 19,044,471

Reconciling items primarily include outstanding checks and deposits that were in transit at year-end.

#### B. Investments

The City's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of credit risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker, dealer, or financial institution, or financial institution's trust department or safekeeping department, or agent but not in the City's name. Additional information on the investments including the year-end investment totals for the primary government are reported in the Notes to the Financial Statement for the City of Wichita, located in the Financial Section of this publication.

NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the of the Water and Sewer Utilities for the year ended December 31, 2003 was as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

	Balance January 1	 Additions	 Deletions	!	Balance December 31
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 10,606	\$ 394	\$ (85)	\$	10,915
Construction in progress	 94,029	48,186	(39,731)		102,484
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 104,635	 48,580	 (39,816)		113,399
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	130,918	392	0		131,310
Improvements other than buildings	487,334	39,082	(3,993)		522,423
Machinery, equipment and other assets	46,346	5,618	(1,143)		50,821
Total capital assets being depreciated	 664,598	 45,092	 (5,136)		704,554
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(44,698)	(2,874)	(166)		(47,738)
Improvements other than buildings	(96,040)	(7,375)	20		(103,395)
Machinery, equipment and other assets	(21,592)	 (3,343)	 590		(24,345)
Total accumulated depreciation	(162,330)	(13,592)	444		(175,478)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 606,903	\$ 80,080	\$ (44,508)	\$	642,475

#### 4. Retirement Funds

The reporting entity contributes to a defined single-employer retirement benefit plan, the Wichita Employees' Retirement System (WERS) and a single-employer defined contribution plan, the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Plan 3. Both plans are governed by the Wichita Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees. All full-time employees of the Utilities participate in one of the retirement plans. The payroll for the Utilities' employees covered by the systems for the years ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002 was \$12,839,146 and \$12,658,802 respectively, which was also the total payroll for the utilities.

Additional information on the retirement systems is reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements for the City of Wichita, located in the Financial Section of this publication. The Wichita Retirement System also issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for WERS and Wichita Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Wichita Retirement System, City Hall, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, 455 N. Main, Wichita, KS 67202 or by calling (316) 268-4544.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 4. Retirement Funds (continued)

The WERS was established to provide retirement and survivor annuities, disability benefits, death benefits, and other benefits for all regular full-time civilian employees of the reporting entity and their dependents. Plan 1 was established by City ordinance on January 1, 1948 and became closed to new entrants as of July 19, 1981. With the initiation of Plan 2, which was established by City ordinance on July 18, 1981, all covered employees of Plan 1 were given the option of converting to the new plan. Plan 2 was also closed to new entrants with the establishment of Plan 3, effective January 1, 1994. However, upon completion of seven years of service, employees participating in Plan 3 may convert to participation in Plan 2. Establishment of and amendments to the benefit provisions for the WERS are authorized by the City Council.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the reporting entity are established by City ordinance and may be amended by the governing body. Members of Plan 1 and 2 are required to contribute 6.4 and 4.7 percent of covered salaries, respectively. The Utility is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for 2003 was 4.7 percent of annual covered payroll for both Plans 1 and 2.

The net pension obligation (NPO) is defined as the cumulative difference between the employer's annual pension cost and the employer's annual required contributions to the plan. For 2003, the Utility's annual pension cost of \$524,369 was equal to the required and actual contributions.

The employer's annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial accrued liability, as determined by the individual entry age actuarial cost method, is the portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses not provided for by future normal costs. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the Expected Value (calculated using the actuarial assumed rate of 7.75 percent) plus 25 percent of the difference between the market and expected value. This is the second year this smoothing method has been used.

The actuarial value of the entire WERS assets as of December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002 were respectively \$446,794,000 and \$433,366,000 while the actuarially determined accrued liability was \$387,037,000 and \$370,399,000 respectively. Assets in excess of the actuarial accrued liability at the end of 2003 were \$59,757,000 and at the end of 2002 \$62,967,000.

For the year ending December 31, 2003, employee and employer contributions to all pension plans for the Utility totaled \$524,369 and \$524,369 respectively.

#### 5. Self-Insurance Fund

The Utility participates in self-insurance fund programs of workers' compensation, group life insurance, employee liability, property damage, auto liability and general liability.

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 5. Self-Insurance Fund (continued)

The workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the reporting entity. The annual requirements of the workers' compensation program are determined based on current claims outstanding and estimates of future liability based on pending claims, maintaining a 90 percent confidence level.

The City maintains a cost plus life insurance program administered by Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company, which provides life, accidental death and dismemberment, and conversion privileges to participants and life insurance to designated dependents. Benefit levels are based on employee compensation.

The City's general liability program provides for legal defense and claims against employees of the reporting entity when an incident occurs during the course of employment. The program also includes vehicle liability and building and content insurance.

#### 6. Long-Term Debt

#### A. Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are issued by the City of Wichita where income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2003 are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

		Final	
	Interest	Maturity	Amount
	Rates	<u>Date</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
1997-Water & Sewer	4.50 - 7.875%	2016	\$ 50,130
1998-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 4.70%	2012	22,125
1999-Water & Sewer	4.00 - 6.00%	2018	40,785
2000A-Water	4.69%	2021	2,472
2000B-Water	4.69%	2021	4,256
2001-Water & Sewer	3.00 - 5.00%	2009	12,780
2003-Water & Sewer	2.00 - 5.25%	2028	120,365
Total Water and Sewer Utility			<u>\$ 252,913</u>

Changes in the long-term liability for the year ended December 31, 2003 are summarized in the following table:

ū	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$141,507	\$120,365	\$ (8,959)	\$252,913	\$10,410
Unamortized premium	290	5,467	(242)	5,515	-
Deferred amount on refunding	(1,023)		109	(914)	<u>-</u>
Total bonds payable	140,774	125,832	(9,092)	257,514	10,410
Contract payable	812	-	(264)	548	270
Compensated absences	724	881	(863)	742	652
Total long-term liabilities –					

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

Water and Sewer Utility \$142,310 \$126,713 \$(10,219) \$258,804 \$11,332

#### 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### A. Revenue Bonds (continued)

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2004	\$ 10,410	\$ 12,069
2005	10,937	11,516
2006	11,424	11,051
2007	11,971	10,554
2008	11,750	10,016
2009 - 2013	66,418	41,444
2014 - 2018	65,945	24,920
2019 - 2023	42,118	11,698
2024 - 2028	21,940	3,222
Totals	\$252,91 <u>3</u>	\$ 136,490

#### B. Contract Payable

The Water Utility maintains a contract payable to the U.S. Department of Interior for construction of Cheney Reservoir, which was issued for \$5,754,025 in January, 1961. The liability is payable in annual installments on October 1. The remaining balance on December 31, 2003 is \$548,310 calling for two principal installments, \$270,507 in 2004 and to \$277,803 in 2005 plus interest at 2.625 percent. Debt service requirements to maturity for the Water Utility contract payable are as follows (expressed in thousands of dollars):

Year ending		
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2004	\$270	\$15
2005	<u>278</u>	7
Totals	\$548	\$22

#### C. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond ordinances related to the issuance of revenue bonds provide for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2003, the City was in compliance with all significant reserve requirements of the respective Water and Sewer Utility revenue bond ordinances.

Account	Amount	Expenses
Unrestricted revenue	Amount deemed reasonable and necessary to pay expense of operation and maintenance for the ensuing 60 days	Expenses for operation, repair and maintenance for the Utility
Principal and Interest	An equal prorate portion of the next semi- annual interest payment plus the semiannual principal maturity on the first day of each month which is sufficient to meet the	Payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### C. Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements (continued)

Account	Amount	Expenses
Bond Reserve	All Utility revenue bonds are guaranteed by an alternate credit facility. Therefore a bond reserve is not required.	
Depreciation and replacement	\$5,000 monthly, or the amount available after above allocations, until 15% of the operating revenues of the preceding year are accumulated.	To be used for the purpose of making extraordinary maintenance and repairs, capital improvements, and if other funds are not available, for the cost of operating and maintaining the Utility.
Improvement	Amount remaining in the Revenue Fund on each January 1, which shall not be required for the operation and maintenance of the Utility or for the transfers required to the above accounts for a period of 90 days shall be credited to the account.	May be used for (1) operational and maintenance expenses of the Utility, (2) increase amounts in any of the other accounts to cover potential deficiencies, (3) improvements, repairs or extensions of the utility, (4) redemption of bonds issued under provisions of the ordinance prior to maturity, or (5) to make transfers to the Revenue Fund.

At December 31, 2003 and 2002, cash determined in accordance with the revenue requirements was \$6,525,281 and \$6,275,423.

Assets segregated and restricted are as follows:

	2003	2002
Principal and Interest	\$14,022,544	\$ 9,964,276
Depreciation and Replacement	5,469,486	8,648,741
Improvement	59,919,847	20,015,044
	\$79,411,877	\$38,628,061

#### 7. Temporary Notes Payable

Kansas Statutes permit the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects that will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED WATER AND SEWER FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### 7. Temporary Notes Payable (continued)

governing body must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing, and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. As of December 31, 2003, the Utility did not have any temporary notes outstanding.

#### 8. Prior Period Adjustments

A selective system study of the Sewer Utility was completed and recorded in a sewer utility project, a component of construction in progress. The project was closed in 2003, however, the majority of the expenses were in the prior fiscal period and were not eligible for capitalization. Consequently, a prior period adjustment of \$5,145,419 was recorded for expenses of prior years, resulting in a decrease to the Sewer Utility Fund net assets.

#### 9. Segment Information

The Utility maintains separate funds for water and sewer services. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2003 is located in the Financial Section of this publication.